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SPAULDING'S PATENT FAIRE TE... serted in circular saws. RING, in all its branches, such as G... Toothing, Straightening, etc. LAR SAWS of all sizes; also Cross-cut s... ing, Buck, Butcher, and Hand-saws ... gether with a good assortment of Ea... lowest market rates. ...eel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOU... TERS always on hand, or made to o... ice. —Messrs. KNAPP, BURRELL & C... ion Merchants, Portland, Oreg... horized Agents for Oregon, Washing...

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MEDICAL.

THE UNFORTUNAT...

REMEDIES! NEW REMEDIES

Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary, 623 KEARNY ... COR. COM... San Francisco. Est... 1854, for the treatment ... and Seminal Diseases ... Gonorrhœa, Gle... Syphilis in all its ... Weakness, Impoten... Diseases of years s... Ulcerated Legs suc... ed.

GIBBON has the pleasure of announc... returned from visiting the prin... Europe, and has resumed p... 623 Kearny street, corn... ncisco, where his old patr... his services may find him. Doctor has spared neither th... out new remedies, and has returned ... fic's for the alleviation of human ...

Horrible Diseases.

many thousands of persons, both ma... are there who are suffering under a ... ce from the effects of s... us abused into the sy... maimed and disfigure... young constitutions, dri... pleasures of marriage of the... horrid situation thousand... the scene. Let parents ... those who are suffer...

Spinal Weakness

...ness, the com... ...ary vice, or deprived sexual ... ...d of the youth of both sexes ... ...ful external producing with un... ...following train of morbid sy... ...scientific medical rea... ...dark spots upon the ... ...ness of the limbs, confused ... ...ch, loss of confidence, ...strangers, a dislike to com... ...Gibbon's Dispensary, Kearny ... ...society is ... ...bushes, pimples and vario... ...face, furred tongue, fetid ... ...nightsweats, confusion ... ...in person, ...ness, ...ing of the disease ... ...ness of the ... ...ing of chario... ...ness of the limbs, confused ... ...ch, loss of confidence, ...strangers, a dislike to com... ...Gibbon's Dispensary, Kearny ... ...society is ... ...bushes, pimples and vario... ...face, turned tongue, fetid ... ...nightsweats, confusion ... ...in person, ...ness, ...ing of the disease ... ...ness of the ... ...ing of chario...

Married Men.

...who contemplate marriage, ...are aware of their ... ...ed requisites to happiness, ...is indispensable ... ...radical and permanent ... ...a distance may be ... ...dressing a letter to the ... ...ing inquiries of time ... ...ed, and a perfect ... ...and pain threatens ... ...ed to the Unfortunate ... ...Francisco, California.

Cured at Home

...ons suffering from the ... ...ful effects of Youthful ... ...Nervous Debility, Premature ... ...Impotency, Involuntary Seminal ... ...Impediments to Marriage, ...Organs, and the consequent ... ...Mind, Dimness of Sight, ...Memory, Pimples on the Face, ...Body, Aversion to Society, ...Confidence, Lassitude, Pains in ... ...Kidneys, and all those diseases ... ...Secret Habits of Youth, may ... ...cured at home by the most ... ...and speedy means ever known. ... ...Publications explaining our ... ...and containing the highest ... ...testimonials ever given, sent ... ...free of charge, in sealed ... ...envelopes, to any address. ... ...Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, ...Howard street, San Francisco, ...California.

...ONSULTATION FREE. ... ...Correspondents will please inform us ... ...that they read his advertisement in the ... ...ONIAN.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT ... District of Oregon.—Notice is ... matter of Gustave Kohlberg, ban... ...given that a petition has be... ...said Gustav Kohlberg, du... ...under the Act of Congress of ... ...charge and certificate th... ...and liabilities created by ... ...ed act, and that the twenty... ...assigned for the hearing ... ...Northup, Esq. Register in Ba... ...in Portland, in said District, wh... ...person may attend and show ca... ...why the prayer of said petition ... ...should not be granted. R. WILLOU... Clerk ... Dawst

THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT ... District of Oregon.—Notice is h... matter of C. H. Kellogg, bankrupt ... ...given that a petition has been filed ... ...by said C. H. Kellogg, duly declared ... ...under the Act of Congress of M... ...charge and certificate th... ...and liabilities and other c... ...ed act, and that the fifteenth da... ...assigned for the hearing of the ... ...Northup, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, ...in Portland, in said District, wh... ...person may attend and show ca... ...why the prayer of said petition ... ...should not be granted. R. WILLOU... Clerk of said ... Dawst

THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT ... District of Oregon.—Notice in Bank... matter of O. Kellogg, bankrupt. ... ...given that a petition has been filed ... ...O. Kellogg, duly declared bank... ...of Congress, of March 2, 186... ...certificate thereof, from all his ... ...and other claims provable under ... ...the fifteenth day of March, 1875, is ... ...hearing of the same before H. ... ...Registers in Bankruptcy, at his office ... ...said District, when and where any ... ...attend and show cause, if any they ... ...ayer of said petition should not be ... WILLOU... Clerk of said ... 11w3t

NOTICE.

PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGA... the Estate of ISAAC A. DAVENPORT, ...ed, are hereby required to present the ... ...undersigned at their office, No. 72 Fro... ...city of Portland, Oregon, within six ... ...the date hereof. HAMILTON FOYE... H. S. DAY, CHAS. E. SITTON, Executors. ...and, Feb. 4, 1875.

THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE U... ...TES for the District of Oregon. ... ...of his appointment, District of Or... ...city of Eugene on the 13th day of F... ...The undersigned hereby gives no... ...intment as Assignee of H. A. Gr... ...ty of Lane and State of Oregon, ...trict, who has been adjudged a ... ...by said District Court ... ...s' petition, by the District Court ... BYRON C. VAN HOUTEN, Assignee. ... 4w3t

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XV.—NO. 21. PORTLAND, OREGON: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1875. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Breaking up of Winter—Terrible Freshet.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 26.—The ice on the Schuylkill at Manayunk broke up yesterday afternoon. During the night the river rose rapidly 20 feet above the usual height, and only four feet below the high-water point ever reached, submerging all the houses in the lower part of town and forcing occupants to abandon them and their contents. The gas works are overflowed and the streets were in darkness. All the mills except one have suspended, throwing at least 2,000 persons out of employment.

The St. Andrew's Church Disaster.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—A great crowd linger in the neighborhood of St. Andrew's church the scene of the disaster last night, but only reporters and officers are allowed to enter the edifice. Shreds of clothing scattered through the church, bear testimony to the terrible nature of the panic which seized the congregation. Through holes in the roof brick and plaster continue to fall.

What it Costs to Put an Axe.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 26.—An Annapolis letter says Gordon-Claude, a naval cadet, was expelled from the Naval Academy Wednesday for refusing to fight with a colored cadet.

Death of a Prominent Citizen of Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 26.—Hudson E. Bridge, a wealthy and prominent citizen, senior member of the firm of Bridge, Beck & Co., died to day. He was formerly president of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, and has held many important offices.

Fires.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 26.—A fire at 1:30 A. M. partially destroyed building 116 and 118 Columbia street, and damaged the machinery and stock of John F. Jones & Co., sheet woodworkers. Loss estimated at from $12,000 to $15,000; insurance unknown.

Another Notable Death.

LAKE PARK, Feb. 26.—John A. Tracy, first president of the Erie and Northeast Railway Co., many years a director in the Lake Shore and the Chicago and Rock Island Railroads, and one of the most prominent business men in Western Pennsylvania, died here this forenoon.

Steamer from Panama to San Francisco.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—The steamship *Constitution* sailed from Panama for San Francisco, via Acapulco.

Gold and Stocks.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—Gold closed at 110; government dull but steady; money 2@3; State bonds quiet; stocks closed active and strong, except Erie, which was weak. Western Union, 90; Quicksilver, 36; Pacific, 86; Wells Fargo, 93½; New York Central, 101½; Erie, 20¾; Panama, 111½; Union Pacific, 40½; Roads, 2; Centennial bonds, 86¼.

Cotton Mill Burnt—Water Subsiding.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 26.—Woolstone's cotton mill burned last night.

Water is rapidly subsiding in Schuylkill.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Senator Nye Ion Overboard and Saved nearly Nude.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—On the arrival of the train from Richmond at Alexandria it was discovered that Senator James W. Nye, who, while last night seated himself to sleep in the sleeping car, was missing. His boots were still on his feet. He was on his way North from Jacksonville, Florida, with his daughter, Mrs. Vyse, and his servant. He related his previous evening's adventure. He said he had been awakened by finding himself in a dazed condition, and walked off, or fell off the car while in motion, as he had not been heard from at any of the stations where the train stopped. Some fears have lately been entertained that his mental faculties were wanting, and on this account he was induced to journey with his daughter in Florida, whither she had come for the benefit of her health.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Several friends of Senator Nye, at the capital, think that the person who found the coat and pantaloons is probably the one who met his death, and that the person to whom the society of Alexandria is another person of the same name, because his daughter's name is not Mrs. Walter; and when these friends last night read in the New York papers that Nye had lost his life in the Potomac they took no further steps to investigate. Moreover they have information of his having passed through Washington on his way south.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—A dispatch from Richmond says Mr. Nye's body has been found. No. all accounts, he was not drowned. It seems he slipped out of the car on the train slowed and concealed himself in the depot.

Going to Court on "Bill" Wing.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—It is stated that Bartlett, attorney of the U. S. Mail Co., left this morning for Illinois to attach the property of Wm. S. Wing, who is sued to recover the amounts received by him in connection with the subsidy.

Congressman Tyner Promoted.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The President nominated James N. Tyner, of Ind., Second Assistant Postmaster-General.

A Prosecutors Report.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—The announcement of the formal withdrawal of the Department of Justice from the *Virginia* case seems to be no matter of surprise, as it is known from the best authority that the final conclusion of the arrangement has to await the formal recognition of the new government of Alfonso by the United States. Corresponding instructions under this head are now on the way to Minister Cushing. The preliminary agreement stipulates the payment of $18,000 in full satisfaction of the *Virginia* claims of a personal character and the abandonment by Spain of all reclamations against the United States.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The committee on ways and means, this afternoon are contemplating a report on the Pacific Mail subsidy. It is intimated that it will recommend that measures be taken to prosecute for perjury two persons who received large sums.

The committee will also report a bill providing against the recognition of any but properly authenticated attorneys in business before Congress.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Morrill, of Vermont, from the committee on finance, reported back the House tea and coffee bill, and stated that the committee was equally divided upon the bill. He gave notice he would call it up as soon as the civil rights bill was disposed of. Placed on the calendar.

Thurman, from the same committee reported back the tax and tariff bill without amendment and without recommendation. The majority of the committee would have preferred to amend the bill in various particulars, but at least four members object to amend the bill at all would imperil its enactment, in consequence not only of conflicting views in the senate, but the difficulty of reaching a vote when returned to the speaker's table. Should any amendments which the Senate may and the House might be willing to agree to be offered by Senators, however, will move the amendments in the Senate, some with a view to improving the bill, and others with the purpose of killing it altogether.

Scott, from the committee on finance, reported favorably on the bill to secure depositors of the freedmen's savings bank from ultimate loss and it was indefinitely postponed.

Logan asking to take up the bill for the equalization of bounties, but objection was made.

At the expiration of the morning hour the consideration of the civil rights bill was resumed.

Thurman offered an amendment confining the operation of the clause in regard to the qualification of jurors to jurors in the United States courts. He argued that Congress had no power under the fourteenth amendment to prescribe the qualifications of jurors in State courts.

House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Immediately after the meeting of the House this A. M., Randall made a proposition that if the Republicans would agree to take up the sundry civil appropriation bill and dispose of it till five o'clock, then take a recess till 7:30 and vote on the force bill for debate, only, the opposition would not make upon the reading of the journal, which would consume several hours.

Coburn gave notice that he would to morrow at 2 P. M. call the previous question on the force bill.

Randall's proposition was then accepted and the House went into committee of the whole on the sundry civil appropriation bill.

When this change were reached appropriating $30,000 for the purchase of Miss Ammon's picture of Gen. Thomas, and $1,000 for Carpenter's painting of the Reading of the Emancipation Proclamation, objection was made that the appropriations were not authorized by existing laws.

Cason suggested the points were not well taken, but the chair ruled they were and the clauses were thrown out.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Casualty at Sea—Several Persons Lost.

LONDON, Feb. 26.—Intelligence has been received here that the steamer *Hungtung*, from this place for Japan, foundered off the island of Abdel Curia, Indian ocean. Nineteen persons are reported saved and six are known to have been drowned; 18 are missing.

A letter from Antelope Springs, Wasco county, in the *Statesman*, gives the following list of losses of stock in that vicinity: Jas. Elliott, cattle, loss 17, that he has found out of 125; Powell, cattle, loss 30; out of 300; Owens, sheep, loss 550 out of 800; Richardson, sheep, loss 175 out of 450; Smith, sheep, loss 14 out of 224; Hale, sheep, loss 30 out of 230; Dr. Rights, sheep, loss 150 out of 250; Luckey, sheep, loss reported very heavy.

A man calling himself J. J. Burton, tried to get a suit of clothes at Salem the other day on a forged order, but the storekeeper was rather too smart for him.

THE TILTON-BEECHER CASE.

It does not Draw so Well—Bowen Says some Things and Hints Some Other Things.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—There was not the usual crowd this morning at the Beecher-Tilton trial, but all immediately concerned in the suit were promptly in their places. The cause of this falling off in the attendance was doubtless owing to the fact that the newspapers published more of Tracy's address than he was able to deliver yesterday, and people having read it in advance of its delivery, were disposed to let Tracy catch up without their countenance.

The following card from Henry C. Bowen will be published this afternoon:

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.

The statements made by Mr. E. F. Tracy in his opening address to the court and jury in the Brooklyn scandal case, so far as said statements refer to me as having been engaged in any conspiracy whatever, are malignant falsifications from beginning to end, destitute even of one particle of truth, as said Tracy can learn if he will call me to the witness stand, in which event he will find that I do not believe in the doctrine said to be taught to him that lying is justifiable under certain circumstances.

(Signed) HENRY C. BOWEN.

After speaking nearly an hour Tracy reached the point where the report left him last night, and then proceeded to the consideration of Beecher's alleged confession to Moulton and wife. He first called attention to the fact that Tilton in his statement before the church committee said the confidence against Beecher was in writing. He did not pretend he had any oral confession. Moulton, in his statement of August 2d, said Beecher confessed to him, but gave this statement in general terms, and it was not until the second statement that he came out with it boldly. Tracy asserted that Moulton's alleged interview with Beecher on Jan. 28 was a fabrication. New Year's day came on Sunday and the next day Beecher received other eight hundred dollars; and the defense would show that Moulton had an interview with Beecher, they then referred to Bessie Turner and said she was sent out of Brooklyn by Moulton and Tilton after they had obtained a retraction of her stories of Tilton's treatment of her, in order that she might not interfere with their plans in reference to the hanging of the Woodhull correspondence. This was sent away by Beecher to prevent her repeating the stories she had told of him. Tracy called attention to the curious fact that Beecher did not try to get a retraction of these stories from her. He next referred to the action of Beecher in endeavoring to persuade Mrs. Tilton to return to her husband and all his expressions of friendship for Tilton, and asked if these were the actions of an adulterer.

The court here took a recess.

After recess Tracy resumed. He said Beecher's relations with Woodhull, claiming Tilton's intimacy with her was his own free choice and not in the interests of Beecher, that Tilton stimulated the publication of the scandals. While Tilton was prosperous he was quiet, but during his troubles he began to agitate the scandal. Beecher's refusal to preside at Steinway Hall was considered a sign of hostility. In the following year, returning from a lecture tour, and needing money for the *Golden Age*, he makes a statement and therein is a letter from Tilton, last and threatened to publish this in the *Golden Age* unless Beecher did him justice. Wilkeson, to whom he talked, advised him not to publish it. Tilton said Beecher never offered to help him in forgiving his wife, but when he found Beecher it appeared this was black mail. Wilkeson promised to help him get his money from Bowen. On the 4th of April Tilton had the $7,000. Tracy desired there to make a personal explanation.

Tilton was then called to the stand as a witness, to which Tracy said he had no objection.

Tracy continued and denied that he had prepared questions for plaintiff's wife when she appeared before the committee. He had seen her only forty minutes. He would submit publications by Woodhull, he knew, neither Beecher nor Moulton. He understood his services were not to be professional, but only as a friend of the firm of Woodruff & Robinson. He had no interview with Moulton during the afternoon on the 30th. Hungry, wet and weary as soon as possible they made their way to Skipanon Landing, from whence they were brought with as little delay as possible by Mr. John Wirt, the mail carrier, to this city, which they reached, as before stated, at 5 P. M. Capt. Howell immediately chartered the steam tug *Astoria*, and as soon as steam could be got up, proceeded with her to the assistance of the unfortunate steamer, and though the weather is thick and foggy—as there is no heavy wind blowing, it is confidently expected that on to morrow the good tug will bring the vessel, with her precious cargo of over 150 human souls, safely into port. So mote it be.

A PERILOUS SITUATION!

At the Mercy of the Waves!

The Steamer Los Angeles at Sea with a Broken Shaft and a Useless Rudder.

Last evening we received the following telegram from Victoria:

VICTORIA, Feb. 26.

Great anxiety is felt for the safety of the mail steamer *Los Angeles*, which left San Francisco for this port on the 20th with a large number of passengers. The *Gussie Telfair* has just arrived from Portland, and reports seeing nothing of her between the Columbia river bar and Cape Flattery. H. B. M. S. *Myrmidon* left Victoria to-day in search of the missing steamer. The wind has been blowing a gale the whole of this week.

The foregoing was sufficient to cause some excitement and suspense here, and was soon succeeded by the following dispatch from Kalama:

KALAMA, Feb. 26.

The news has just reached this place by steamer from Astoria that the steamship *Los Angeles* is lying off Tillamook Head in a disabled condition, having lost her propeller while on the way from San Francisco to Victoria. A tug went to her assistance last night, and she will be brought to Astoria to day. She has over 100 passengers aboard.

By mail our Astoria correspondent promptly sent us the particulars of the condition of the vessel and the arrival at Astoria of her captain:

ASTORIA, Feb. 25, 1875.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

At 5 P. M. to-day arrived in town from Skipanon Capt. Howell of the propeller *Los Angeles*, running between San Francisco and Victoria, B. C. Capt. Howell reports that on the night of the 23d, the *Los Angeles* being on her way up to Victoria with freight and about 150 passengers, broke her shaft and became disabled. Unable to utilize steam power they undertook to make sail but the position of the propeller made it impossible to steer the vessel on her course. Heaving the lead they found they were in fifty fathoms of water and the best thing they could do was to let go the anchor and wait for morning, which was accordingly done. At daylight on the 24th they found themselves about 30 miles from shore and Tillamook Head in sight. Capt. Howell called for volunteers to accompany him in the ship's boat to shore, in order that he might make his way to this place to procure assistance to bring the disabled vessel to a place of safety. Four men volunteered and at 8 o'clock A. M. they left the steamer and late in the afternoon they reached the breakers off shore and, favored by a kind providence, they brought their boat safely through a heavy surf which cast them, boat and all, high and dry on the weather beach.

They landed near the mouth of Elk creek, about 12 miles below Sea-Side, Ben Holladay's place. All that night they spent in climbing hills and wandering through the woods, making their way as best they could toward Clatsop plains, which they succeeded in finding about noon on the 26th. Hungry, wet and weary as soon as possible they made their way to Skipanon Landing, from whence they were brought with as little delay as possible by Mr. John Wirt, the mail carrier, to this city, which they reached, as before stated, at 5 P. M. Capt. Howell immediately chartered the steam tug *Astoria*, and as soon as steam could be got up, proceeded with her to the assistance of the unfortunate steamer, and though the weather is thick and foggy—as there is no heavy wind blowing, it is confidently expected that on to morrow the good tug will bring the vessel, with her precious cargo of over 150 human souls, safely into port. So mote it be.

CRITICISM—ARCADIA.

PEKIN, W. T., Feb. 20, 1875.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

I notice Arcadia's article on the "woman suffrage question" in the DAILY OREGONIAN of the 16th inst.

Without repeating her language, her argument is this: Woman should not think of rising to the responsibilities of freedom and equality with the other sex—a voice in the laws which govern her—equal privileges of education, and equal independence, for the following reasons:

First—Her constant services are needed in the kitchen and bed-room.

Second—Practically, our political system, as administered by the man alone, is one grand system of rottenness, peculation and scrambling for the crumbs that fall from Uncle Sam's table, and is too dirty work for women to engage in; and if she should attempt to reform and purify the rotten concern, she would only sink it so much deeper in corruption.

Third—Should woman suffrage prevail, the hardy gurdies would at once assume the control and manage the whole thing.

Fourth—Woman is liable to have her virtue questioned—man, never!

Five—A bad woman is infinitely worse than a bad man.

Sixth—Under suffrage, woman would only scramble for power and pelf!

This reminds me of the slaveholder's argument: "We have our barber, laundresses, teamsters, gardners, field-hands, etc., in the African race, which are naturally adapted to these places, under our oversight. They need no education, only just practical education enough to perform their duties. This is according to the divine order which gives us, the superior race, leisure to improve our minds and to attend to the concerns of the government, and for recreation and enjoyment."

Her argument is in effect slavery for woman; and she ought to know that this is degradation to the race. I claim that the feminine element is naturally refining and purifying, and is just what is wanted in our government. Let woman be equally qualified with man for any post in business or government. Let her, choose her own position the same as man chooses his, and not arbitrarily *assign* her to a position not her choice. If "Arcadia" chooses to be a slave, let her be a slave; but not attempt to impose it on others against their choice. If our present system of isolated homes cannot be maintained only by the slavery of woman, it is a system not fit to exist. If the education of the children depends on the ignorance of the daughters, abolish the system that imposes such conditions. Give us a system of equal education for both sexes: that "Arcadia" has got one progressive idea in her head which it is hoped may lead her on to others; she seems to acknowledge the common ignorance of mothers in regard to the principles of propagating the human species, and sees the need of their education in that direction. The living physical, mental, and moral abortions with which the world is at present swarming, are evidences of rottenness in this department.

The Salem *Mercury* thus synopsises the case of a rebellious Teuton who has before been alluded to: "On Wednesday Governor Grover remitted nine of the fines imposed by the justice of the peace of Lincoln precinct, Marion county, against Mr. Haupert. There were twelve fines in all, amounting to $930. The facts in the case are as follows: Haupert is a German, and not being familiar with our laws and customs, kept an open house on Sunday and sold intoxicating liquors to several minors under the age of eighteen years. He also had no license from the county to vend spirituous liquors. Three of these fines were for violating the law by selling liquor on the Sabbath day, and amounted to $30, and nine of them of $100 each for selling intoxicating liquors to minors under 18 years of age.

THE FREMONT BONDS.

WHAT MINISTER WASHBURNE SAID—THE ENTIRE HISTORY OF THE MATTER.

A short time since telegraphic mention was made of the indignant denial by Minister Washburne of the charge that he had received a sum of money for his official influence in helping Fremont to place his Memphis and El Paso bonds. We find in the N. Y. *Herald*, in which paper the denial appeared in the form of a letter, the full text of the paper, followed by copies of official documents substantiating Mr. Washburne's statement. The letter reads:

PARIS, Feb. 11, 1875.

To the Editor of the N. Y. Herald:—Regarding the charge of the New York *Sun* that I received $10,000 for my official influence in getting the Fremont bonds placed on the Paris Bourse, it is, to the last degree, false and ridiculous.

I never received a dollar and was never offered a dollar in my life for my official influence in this or any other matter.

These bonds were placed on the Paris Bourse a month before I arrived in France.

In the spring of 1869 I exposed their fraudulent character and advised the State Department about them.

My correspondence was called for by Congress and printed.

The parties who put the bonds on the market were furious with me for giving information as to their true character, and Fremont published a pamphlet on the subject arraigning me for discrediting a great American enterprise.

E. B. WASHBURNE.

The following are the documents alluded to showing Mr. Washburne's agency in exposing the fraud:

PRESIDENT GRANT'S REPLY TO THE RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE.

TO THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES:—

In answer to the resolution of the Senate of the 4th inst. in relation to the Transcontinental Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad Company, I transmit reports from the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Interior, with accompanying papers.

U. S. GRANT.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, March 10, 1870.

MR. WASHBURNE TO MR. FISH.

LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES,
PARIS, June 3, 1869.

SIR—I take the liberty to send you, enclosed herewith, certain advertisements, documents, &c., in connection with what is called "The Transcontinental Memphis Pacific Railway." The advertisement has appeared in nearly all the newspapers of Paris, besides being placarded all over the city. The bonds of this company have been put on the Paris Bourse, and I am advised have been sold to the amount of 10,000,000 francs. Many inquiries have been made of me by persons who have invested in these bonds, but I am unable to answer them with the explicitude I could wish. I have my own opinions touching this whole business, but I shall guard myself in expressing them until I have correct information, as I do not wish to do any injustice to the company.

I have thought proper to address you on this subject to the end that you might have it investigated at the Interior Department, if it should be conformable to your views of propriety, and have you transmit me the result of such investigation.

I send you a copy of a letter I have just received from M. Malespine, a leading liberal editor in Paris and a devoted friend of the United States. I also enclose a translation of some articles in his paper on the same subject. You will see that the affair is making a great talk here. I should be glad to have this information at as early a period as practicable. I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

E. B. WASHBURNE.

HON. HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

M. MALESPINE TO MR. WASHBURNE.

OFFICE OF EDITOR-IN-CHIEF OF
LA PRESSE LIBRE, PARIS, June 1, 1869.

SIR—A company calling itself the "Transcontinental Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad Company" has recently issued 38,000 mortgage bonds of $500 under the form of public subscription. From personal information—for I lived a long time in the United States—and on the strength of the information given by American residents in Paris I have earnestly opposed the subscription.

The company of the Transcontinental pretends:—

1. That Congress has voted a bill authorizing its fusion with all the railroad companies which, starting at the Atlantic, meet at Chattanooga.

2. It pretends to have received great concessions of lands, which it offers as security.

3. It pretends that the government of the United States has guaranteed to the subscribers an interest of six per cent.

4. It pretends that some of the bonds are issued by the Secretary of the Treasury, and that the President of the United States himself is obliged to interfere in case a delay of a single day should happen to delay the payment of the interest coupons.

Is it possible for you to inform me, Monsieur le Ministre, whether Congress has engaged itself in this affair, and if it has voted on this head one or several bills sanctioned by the President?

I have defended the United States constantly for the last ten years; the United States are more for me than a second native land. I admire and love their political institutions. I am proud of their successes and their prosperity. I do not wish, therefore, that speculators, without conscience, should any longer be able to injure their credit. I would not, above all, wish to see the moral influence exercised everywhere in Europe by the great American Republic lessened.

Accept, Monsieur le Ministre, I beg, the assurance of my most respectful and most devoted sentiment.

M. MALESPINE.

His Excellency Mr. WASHBURNE, Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States.

MR. FISH TO MR. COX.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, June 17, 1869.

SIR—I have the honor to submit for your perusal a dispatch of the 4th inst., No. 5, from Mr. Washburne, the Minister of the United States to France, and the papers which accompanied it, in relation to suspected fraudulent transactions in connection with what is advertised as the "Transcontinental Memphis Pacific Railway."

I commend to your favorable attention Mr. Washburne's suggestion that an early investigation of the matter be made under your direction, with a view to enabling him to put an end to any uncertainty which may exist in Paris in regard to the character of the scheme referred to.

I will thank you to return the enclosed papers when you shall have done with them. I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

HAMILTON FISH.

Hon. J. D. COX, Secretary of the Interior.

MR. COX TO MR. FISH.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 19, 1869.

SIR—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 17th inst. transmitting a letter and accompanying papers received by the Department of State from Mr. Washburn, Minister of the United States to France, in relation to the "Transcontinental Memphis Pacific Railway Company."

I believe that a project was formed to construct a railroad through Arkansas and Texas to the Rio Grande opposite El Paso, and from thence to the Pacific coast through the southern portions of New Mexico, Arizona and California. The records of the department, however, furnish no evidence on the subject. The United States have granted no subsidies, either in land or money, to aid the construction of that railroad, nor have they, in any instance, guaranteed the payment of interest on bonds or debentures issued by any railroad company.

The papers are herewith returned. I am, sir, very respectfully your obedient servant,

W. T. OTTO, Acting Secretary.

Hon. HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

GENERAL FREMONT TO SENATOR HOWARD.

In a letter addressed to Senator Howard, chairman of the Pacific Railroad committee, General Fremont makes the following statement: "So lately as October last Mr. Washburne informed Mr. John A. C. Gray, of New York, then in Paris, but now in this city, that, in response to an inquiry respecting the value of the Memphis-El Paso bonds made by a person of rank and position, who was the holder of some sixty of them, he had told him they were not worth the paper they were written on."

"The public have in this connection a right to know how far a Minister of the United States, in the gratification of personal hostilities and interests, shall be allowed to use the authority of his official position and the weight of the government to break down individual American enterprises."

MR. FISH TO MR. WASHBURNE.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, Jan. 7, 1870.

SIR—Referring to your No. 123 of the 24th ult., in relation to the complaint of Captain Sabiani, in connection with the Transcontinental Memphis Pacific Railroad, I have to inform you in reply that your proceedings as therein explained are approved. I am, sir, your obedient servant,

HAMILTON FISH.

E. B. WASHBURNE, Esq., &c.

LETTER FROM LAPWAI.

FORT LAPWAI, I. T., Feb. 10, 1875.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

As the weather has moderated to such a degree as to thaw out my ink, I improve the spell of weather, and, seizing my swan quill, scrape off a few lines to you and send you a few items from this frozen region. I am sure weather items are getting to be very stale to your readers by this time, as our winter to one here, like "lingering sweetness long drawn out," is becoming very monotonous. The fall weather throughout this entire upper country was so charmingly delightful that no one dreamed we were to have 26 inches of snow to remain upon the ground 47 days (and I see no probability of its leaving us for the next 20 days) and the thermometer down to 30° below zero. Yet such are the facts. At this present writing a few bare spots of earth are discernible upon some of the surrounding hills facing southward, just enough to break the broad expanse of the glittering, blinding sheet of snow that has for so many long, weary days enveloped the hills and prairies as with a shroud. With what unbounded interest we watch the slowly disappearing element, and hail with pleasure the reappearance of some new spot of earth as we would a long absent friend, with "the mark of a strawberry on his arm." The approach of the traveler, even if it be but a solitary pedestrian, is quite a relief, and with noses flattened against the window panes (previously warmed to prevent that nasal protuberance from being frozen), we watch the approach and disappearance of all who come or go; and have become such experts at watching, we can *almost* see around a corner, and I am credibly informed several cases of strabismus have arisen from endeavoring to look up the canyon from the garrison.

The snow is now fully one foot deep and you can imagine how long it will take that depth of snow to disappear from the warmth of the sun, when that glorious orb only does not get up until 8 o'clock and even then takes a nap in the afternoon, and the famous "Chinook" fails to put in an appearance.

Stock of all kinds have suffered terribly, and quite a number have already died and many more must die before spring, as no kind of feed can be procured at any price. This has been the severest winter ever known in Idaho, and many cattle have actually frozen to death, and to see the freezing, starving cattle staggering through the brush seeking shelter from the piercing, icy winds, and to hear their piteous moans, is truly heart-rending, and not only cattle have suffered but many Indian ponies have also perished from the intense cold and want of food. Heretofore the farmers and stock-raisers have supplied themselves with a sufficiency of hay and straw to winter their stock without losing any, but this winter has been such a long and severe one their feed is all or nearly exhausted, hence so much suffering.

The soup of our "monotony," however, has been seasoned with a little "pepper of excitement," in the shape of a row upon the military of this post, to prevent Mr. Langford from ejecting the employes of the Indian department from the premises they were occupying, which they had rented from Mr. Langford for a certain length of time, and for a certain consideration. It appears Mr. L. had purchased from some religious denomination their right and title to a certain piece of land (640 acres), upon which the Lapwai agency buildings now stand. I had been to Washington for the past two or three years endeavoring to get the matter into "ship shape." The subject was referred from Washington to the courts of Idaho, who gave to Mr. Langford the property, upon the decision of which Mr. L. was put in possession and removed the Indian agent off his land, and put him, upon the Indian reservation, and rented the buildings for a certain consideration to the employes under certain restrictions. At the expiration of their lease they refused payment of rent to Mr. L., and so Mr. L. takes the sheriff to evict them. In the mean time, the agent had written or telegraphed to the Secretary of the Interior, *that the Indians had threatened (?) to burn the agency buildings in case Mr. L. should take possession of them.*" Then comes orders for the military to preserve the peace between all parties concerned, so on the morning of the 7th inst. Captain H. M. Smith, commanding this post, detailed 18 men under Lieutenant Shelton, to go to the agency and see that no one got "hurted." On the morning of the 8th Mr. Langford, with the sheriff and his deputy, drove from Lewiston to Lapwai and demanded of each tenant of vacated premises, and they refused to go, and Mr. L., having no desire to come in conflict with the military, said, "All right; I shall see what redress I can get by law." And thus the matter stands at present. Having a desire to witness the "modus operandi" of the above proceedings and expecting to find a large concourse of excited Indians, I went to the agency to see what I could see.

During my entire stay at the agency, which was until that "cruel war was over," there must have been at least as many as 20 Indians gathered there, consisting of bucks, squaws and pappooses, who were quietly meandering around, sitting on sawlogs and "pulverizing" about generally. Arson flashed not from their eagle eyes, nor was murder depicted upon their noble features. No sir "nary time." With what a noble air they "slashed around" in the snow or, gracefully folding their blankets, around them, sat like a bump on a log. How forcibly that old familiar song came back to me in all its gushing melody, of

"Nice little Injun sat on a log."

It was too much for my feelings, and casting one long lingering look behind I left the scene.

The Lewiston *Northwester* tells this on the marshal of that city: That horrible nuisance and drunken beast, Tattoo Jenny, has been on another of her periodical jamborets, and made Rome howl in her neighborhood last night. If our metropolitan sexagenarian guardian of the peace had been asleep within half a mile of town, his slumbers would have been rifled from the noise she made. As the annual election is near at hand, it is suggested that he find a place for his naps near the heart of town.

Governor Grover has appointed W. B. Carter, of Corvallis, Benton county, and W. J. Graham, of Clackamas county, notaries public for Oregon.

OREGON.

Two young men, who tried to break up a ball at Bethel, were fined $10 and costs.

There are in Independence six warehouses, which hold in the aggregate 400,000 bushels of grain.

Nelson Wilcox, who lives near Cornelius, raised 20 tons of carrots on one acre of ground the past year.

The wheat in Patton's valley, Washington county, is not so badly killed but what it will make a stand.

If any one wants to know who we mean by "Democrat," in this column, it is Mart Brownell's index no that the other is.

W. Reed & Co., of Dallas, are carrying on a large wagon manufactory, turning out about $3,000 worth of work a year.

Ben. Cornelius is plowing up his large field of fall wheat near the Grove, it having been winter killed, and will sow it in spring wheat.

Monmouth College, under the auspices of the Christian denomination, with Prof. T. F. Campbell as principal, is one of the best schools in the valley.

One Wm. Rogers pleaded guilty to something in the circuit court for Marion county, the other day, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for one year.

Two large sawmills at Independence are kept running all the time, turning out about 6,000 feet per day, and still the demand is greater than the supply.

There is a Borgia among the canines of Salem. Seven dogs were poisoned there a few nights ago. Some of them valuable, but mostly "curs of low degree."

Alfred Tozier tried to mount a raging cayuse in Hillsboro on Monday, and his boots dangled in the air for a few seconds when he came down feeling up for the ground.

H. C. Averill, of Brownsville, reports farmers in his vicinity plowing and sowing with much alacrity, and a greater breadth of ground being put in than ever before.

A teachers' institute will be held in Albany, commencing the 1st day of April and continuing during the remainder of the week to which all teachers are urged to attend.

The Methodists of Albany have been holding a series of interesting revival meetings for the past two weeks,

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 27, 1875.

"AT A PROPER TIME"

The Portland *Bulletin*, ring organ, says the Chicago *Tribune*, straight Republican, has "taken six sides" of the Arkansas matter. We have been a pretty close reader of the *Tribune*, and we have never found it on any but one side. It has been on the side of law, order and peace, which is the true Republican side, and the side on which are ranged all the leading journals of the party. In order to be on that side the *Tribune* has found it necessary to criticise the recommendation of the President in rather plain terms, and it has not hesitated to do so.

We spoke of the Chicago *Tribune* as a straight Republican paper. Perhaps that is subject to qualification. We had supposed it to be straight Republican for some time, till the Portland *Bulletin* a few days since read the New York *Times* out of the party for [illegible] offense which the *Tribune* is committing daily; that is, the offense of differing from the President, and criticising his public conduct. Last fall Mr. Horace White had to resign his seat as editor of the *Tribune* to Mr. Joseph Medill, who had purchased a sufficient amount of the stock to give him the control of the concern. Mr. Medill immediately hauled down the Independent flag, and hoisted the Republican colors; but it turned out that the change was little more than a mere change of flags, the paper being just about as independent as before. Still we supposed it was a Republican organ, and that its independence was simply an unavoidable consequence of an endeavor on the part of the editor to conduct it on honest principles. But we must have been in error, the ring organ here having decided that no paper is Republican which is truthful and conscientious. It is just possible that the Republican party, or that portion of it which is located in Oregon, will decline to accept as final the decision of the Andy Johnsou apostate who, in order to restore himself to the confidence of the party, out-herods Herod. His attempt to fasten the great papers of the East into adopting his peculiar views of party journalism are the efforts of a very small tail to wag several very large dogs. No wonder the tail looks tired!

But it may be worth while to know what are the ring organ's ideas of the duty of a political newspaper, and of the proper relations of a paper to its party. At any rate, an inquiry into that subject will show the difference between the ring paper and the papers it donounces for telling the truth about their party's leaders. A paragraph from the leading editorial in last Thursday's *Bulletin* will serve to explain the position of that paper in full:

> We know that wrongs have been committed in the name of Republicanism. Men have received offices and appointments who did not deserve them, and whose conduct in office has given the party no credit. And at the proper time we shall do what we may be able to correct all such wrongs.

Here is a confession, not to be misunderstood, though couched in vague and general terms, that the wrongs charged against the party leaders by the independent Republican papers have been committed. "Wrongs have been committed in the name of Republicanism." Who commits wrongs—or any other acts—"in the name of Republicanism," besides the leaders of the party? Indeed, who *could* do it? Nobody else has the using of the "name of Republicanism." They have the control of the organization—the possession of its corporate seal. When we see the seal of a certain corporation attached to a document we take it for granted that the affixing it was the work of the corporation, as no one else could do it without stealing the seal—which we have never known to be done but in one instance. So the work of the party leaders, who have possession of its organization, is accounted the work of the party.

"And at a proper time we shall do what we may be able to correct such wrongs." How can a newspaper do anything toward the correction of wrongs? Only in one way: *by exposing them*. And this the ring organ will do "at a proper time!" When is the proper time, if not when the wrongs are done? The *Bulletin* confesses that it is cognizant of wrongs of such grave character as to call for its condemnation, but chooses to conceal the facts from its readers, and thus be an abettor of the wrongs till "a proper time." Had not the acknowledged organs of the Republican party in years past withheld, or postponed till "a proper time" all criticism of the conduct of their leaders, the party would to-day be as pure and as strong as when it first came into power. But all admit it is not. The exposure of the wrongs done "in the name of Republicanism" has already done much to drive out the corruptions, and has forced the party to take higher ground. The men and the papers that have contributed to bring about this result have been the best friends of the party, and those who continue, with fairness and moderation, to expose the short-comings of the party leaders, *and that promptly and without waiting for "a proper time,"* will prove its truest supporters. When the time comes, or, if the time shall ever come when political rascality will in all cases be followed by quick and thorough exposure and its perpetrators be at once held up to public scorn by a free and vigilant press, the political atmosphere will be healthier, and the party of correct principles stronger, than it can be under any other circumstances.

The way to keep a party united and strong is to keep it pure, and the only way in which a newspaper can assist in keeping it pure is to expose its impurities; and the proper time for that is *now, to-day—all the time*.

A LAWYER IN A FIX.

A certain distinguished courtier being appointed to compliment Louis XIV., and distrusting his ability to compose so brandsome a panegyric as the occasion demanded, availed himself of the friendship of Voltaire, who undertook the perorition of the address, under bonds of secrecy, of course. It was during the time of his residence at Cirey, and, as his friend might have expected, the talented and witty Frenchman could not keep the secret from Madame Du Chatelet, but submitted the first draught of it to her, as he was wont to do with all his literary efforts before he would venture to consider it published. She was so pleased with it that she must needs make a copy, and show it under the strongest injunctions of secrecy, to another friend. The original was returned to Voltaire, with expressions of the most unqualified admiration of it by Madame Du Chatelet, and soon was in the hands of the nobleman who was to deliver it. He was greatly pleased with it, but imagine his chagrin at finding his address, with the name of its real author, in the hands of various persons about the court, before he had delivered it. No wonder he was so angry as to refuse to hear an explanation, and no wonder that it was years afterwards before he and his friend spoke together again.

Whether Gen. Tracy was equally mortified yesterday morning to find his entire opening address in the Brooklyn *Eagle* published in the morning papers, while only a small portion of it had been delivered, must remain a matter of conjecture. Tracy's case wanted the most annoying feature in the other: the work was his own. But just think of the ridiculousness of the situation. An eminent barrister stands up before an eminent judge, a dozen or so of equally eminent barristers, a jury and a court room full of ladies and gentlemen, and speaks a "piece" which all have read in the morning papers and which was intended to be turned off as an extemporaneous effort! We should think he would have read it by title!

It happened in this way: A reporter of the Brooklyn *Eagle* had been furnished with a copy of the address, which he proceeded to put into type ready to be published as soon as it was delivered. As the address was to be delivered Thursday evening, the publication was, of course, to follow next morning. Accordingly proof sheets were furnished by the Brooklyn *Eagle* to the Associated Press and sent all over the Union. Yesterday it was read by a few millions of people; but affairs had not gone along so rapidly in court as was expected, and only the introduction of the speech had been delivered. It must have been pleasant to Tracy to see the crowd at court sensibly smaller yesterday morning than usual, and to reflect that this was caused, as the dispatch suggests, by a disposition to wait and let him "catch up." It would be a safe wager that Gen. Tracy will not furnish his extempore speeches to press reporters hereafter till after he has made them.

A SUGAR MONOPOLY.

It has been known in this city for some time efforts were being made by an agent of the sugar refiners in San Francisco to consummate a contract with the sugar planters in the Sandwich Islands, which would give those refineries an entire monopoly of the sugar trade of this coast with the Hawaiian Kingdom. A hope was entertained, however, that the contract could not be made so complete as to rule out all importations direct to this port, and that Oregon would be saved with her comparatively small trade, from the burdens which are very likely to follow the complete fulfillment of the terms of the agreement, which latest advices say has been entered into by the refineries and the sugar plantations. This contract is in substance that the refineries will take five-sixths of the entire sugar crop of the Islands for the year 1875, at 41 cents per pound, delivered in Honolulu, or 5 cents in San Francisco, if not over No. 10 in color, and not less than 93 degrees of saccharine standard, as determined by polarization—to be paid by drafts at five days' sight. In case the Reciprocity Treaty becomes a law, the planters are to be credited with two-thirds of the abolished duties, and the refinery with one-third.

One of the conditions of the contract is that no sugar is to be sent to California or Oregon, except to the contracting parties. Advices as to the nature of the contract were received by letter, and we also have before us the *Commercial Herald*, of Feb. 10th, which also notes the arrangement and says:

> Pro forma account sales are given, showing that it will be to the advantage of sugar growers to enter into the contract system, and that they will realize more in doing so. The impression prevails among the planters that the proposition is one favorable to their interests. Of course our commission merchants engaged in the Island business do not look with favor upon the proposition, as it takes off from them a large slice of their commissions, and now looks as though, through their influence, several institutions in which they are part owners or otherwise peculiarly interested, will not enter into the contract arrangement at all, and thus prevent the full consummation of the matter. Of course it will do away with the distinctive trade in Hawaiian sugars.

The inquiry is pertinent as to what effect that will have upon the trade of Portland in that direction, and while there are some who seem to think that it will not materially affect us, the prevailing opinion is that unless some saving clause was inserted in the contract at the solicitation of the Honolulu correspondents of Oregon merchants, by which the interests of our trade were exempted from the operation of the monopoly, the effect will be to greatly enhance the price of this commodity, and in a measure place us at the mercy of the San Francisco refineries, who will have sole control of the business, and can put such terms upon consumers as they see fit. That such a saving clause was put in the contract there is some hope but nothing definite.

During 1874, about eight cargoes of Sandwich Island products were received here direct, consisting in great part of sugars, which formed a large proportion of the quality of that article which our people consumed. Let this go through the hands of the San Francisco refineries and it will reach us greatly enhanced in price but not in intrinsic value. As cargoes for the vessels now plying between the Islands and Portland, cannot be obtained when the sugar trade is thus suppressed by the sharp practice of the refineries, there will be no inducements to these vessels to remain in the trade, and they will naturally take to other routes for business. Taken altogether, the movement is a monopoly secured by the San Francisco refineries regardless of the interests of the people either there or in Oregon, and which we apprehend will not meet with favor anywhere on the coast. We may have more of this at another time.

THE OVERLAND MONTHLY for MARCH.—This number of the excellent Pacific coast magazine presents an unusually varied and attractive table of contents. The articles are: "The Policy that built up the West;" "Thorpe, Outsider;" "Glimpse at a Central American Republic;" "To the Lion of Saint Mark," by Joaquin Miller; "The Richard Murray Mystification;" "Communism;" "Chambers in Charlotte Street," by Charles Warren Stoddard; "Discipline" by Ina D. Coolbrith; "Modern Civilization a Teutonic Product," by John S. Hittell; "That Valentine;" "Tobacco and Sugar;" "Pioneer Nig Saul," by Capt. Seammon; "Autobiography of a Philosopher," third chapter; "The Friendships of Men and Women," by Sarah B. Cooper "Pan Avenged," by T. A. Harcourt; "Toby Rosenthal—How he became a Painter," by Walt. M. Fisher. "Etc." and "Current Literature" departments are filled with instructive matter. This magazine is sent to subscribers for $4 per year, postage paid. John H. Carmany & Co., publishers, 409 Washington street, San Francisco, Cal.

One could not read without feelings of unusual sadness the first of the dispatches in regard to the supposed accident to ex-Senator Nye. For anybody, no matter who, to walk off the platform of a car, "in a dazed condition," while the train is running at its ordinary speed, is no pleasant thing to think of; but when the "dazed" individual is an ex-Senator of the United States, the matter is still more deplorable. The end of it all, however, is ludicrous enough to make up for all the pain occasioned by the first intelligence. The "dazed" ex-Senator is found in a state of almost complete nudity in a Richmond depot, where he has been hiding since the train passed. The relief coming with the announcement that he is safe, enables one to see the comic side of the case all the better.

Quite a large party assembled at the residence of Mayor McCown, at Oregon City, Thursday evening, to celebrate the anniversary of the tenth year of married life of Mr. and Mrs. McCown. The parlors were crowded till a late hour with a large party of ladies and gentlemen, and the evening was passed in games and pleasant conversation. Many presents—of tin—ornamental, useful and ridiculous, were made to the happy couple. We hope the Mayor and his worthy spouse may live to enjoy many happy returns of the anniversary of their wedding.

And now comes Henry C. Bowen and pronounces Gen. Tracy's statements concerning him malignantly false, accompanying this declaration with a pretty broad hint that if Tracy will call him to the witness stand he will have a chance to hear some truths that have not yet come out in this miserable case. We predict that neither Tracy nor any other of Beecher's counsel will call Bowen on the stand.

MARRIED:

In Clarke county, W. T., Feb. 17, John C. Dodd, Sr., and Mrs. Elizabeth Manwich.

In Seattle, Feb. 18, C. Gaffney and Mrs Mary Ann Robertson, of Port Blakeley.

DIED:

In Murfreesboro, Tenn., Feb. 10, 1875, after a short illness with pneumonia, Mrs. Mattie Booth, wife of Wm. M. Booth, and only sister of Mrs. Eph. H. Day, of this city.

Walla Walla and Salem papers please copy.

In Clackamas county, Feb. 26, Mrs. Jas. Larkins.

NEW TO-DAY.

SASH-RIBBONS. Col'd Gro. Grain Ribbons and Ladies' Silk Ties, for sale by JOHN WILSON.

Juvenile Singing Class.

MRS. HOLBROOK'S JUVENILE SINGING Class will be resumed Saturday, March 6th, at 1 P. M. fe27dtf

JUST ARRIVED!

Yaquina Bay Oysters

AT THE

OXFORD OYSTER SALOON.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY OF OREGON.

THE FIRST REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of this Society will be held in their Rooms in Ankeny's Building on Monday evening at 8 o'clock, March 1st, 1875.

A full attendance is requested.

fe27d2t KEITH WILSON, Secretary.

TO IMMIGRANTS.

PLEASE CALL AT STATE BOARD OF IMMIgration Rooms, Ankeny's Market, and procure tickets entitling you to travel by railroads and steamers all over the State at half fares. Also, where employment is obtainable, farms for sale and to rent, and other information as to Oregon, free of charge. fe27tf

REMOVED.

WAGNER BROS. HAVE REMOVED THE Washington Baths from the old stand, No. 9 Washington st., to their new quarters, Front street, opposite American Exchange, and keep up-to-date prices:

Warm Baths 25c; Hair Cutting 25c; Shampooing 25c. fe27new6t

REOPENING OF THE MAISON DOREE RESTAURANT.

HAVING PURCHASED AND REFITTED THE above Maison Doree throughout, I will reopen it as a First Class Restaurant, on MONDAY March 1st, 1875.

The well known reputation of the Maison Doree will be kept up, and a liberal share of the public patronage is solicited.

C. OPITZ.

Chief of Police Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRtue of a Warrant issued by the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland, dated Feb. 20th, 1875 commanding me to levy upon lots Number 3, 4 and 5 in Block 250, in the city of Portland, and the said assessment thereon amounting to seventy eight 86-100 dollars ($78 86) for the improvement of Jefferson street, between West Park and Eighth streets, I have this day levied upon said lots of land as the property of said, and on MONDAY, the 22d day of March, 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, in front of the court House door, in said city of Portland, Multnomah county, State of Oregon, will sell said lots to the highest bidder therefor, to pay said assessments, costs and expenses of sale. Said sale to be for U. S. gold and silver coin

J. H. LAPPEUS Chief of Police.

Portland, Feb. 20, 1875. fe27law4t

Ordinance No. 1600.

AN ORDINANCE TO REPEAL ORDINANCE No. 1446, entitled "An Ordinance fixing the pay of Police Commissioners."

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That Ordinance No. 1446, entitled "An Ordinance fixing the pay of Police Commissioners," be and is hereby repealed.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING, Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1603.

AN ORDINANCE TRANSFERRING A PORTION of the tax levied by Ordinance No. 1567, entitled "An Ordinance levying a tax for General Municipal Purposes," to certain Special Funds.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. In order that the accounts of expenditures for Municipal purposes may be classified and kept under their appropriate heads, and that such expenditures be as nearly as practicable limited to the several objects and amounts hereinbefore estimated, apportion of the tax levied by Ordinance No. 1567, entitled "An Ordinance levying a tax for General Municipal purposes," is hereby transferred and set apart to the certain special funds in the Treasury, as follows:

To the Fund for Interest on Bonds, fifteen per cent; to the Street Fund, thirty-one per cent; and to the Police Fund, twenty four per cent.

Such transfer to be made from time to time as the tax is collected.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved, February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING, Mayor.

AMUSEMENTS.

ENTERTAINMENT

AT

MASONIC HALL,

ON

Saturday Evening, February 27, 1875,

The members of

MULTNOMAH LODGE NO. 12, I. O. O. F.,

Assisted by prominent Amateurs, Talent, will present the grand Moral Drama in Quarto of

THE DRUNKARD!

EDWARD MIDDLETON	C. A. BALL.
William Dawton	E. R. Bow
Cribbs	W. Lockwood
Mary Wilson	Miss Lucy E. Hay
Angus Dawton	Mrs. C. H. Kellogg
Miss Spindle	Miss Annie Hayden
Mrs. Wilson	Miss N. Sutherland
Julia Middleton	Miss E. Smith

The proceeds of the Entertainment will be devoted to paying the indebtedness of Multnomah Lodge.

Tickets, 50 Cents. Reserved Seats, 75 Cents.

Tickets can be had at J. K. Gill & Co.'s Bookstore, First street or from the Committee.

NEW Adelphi Vaudeville Theater.

Oro Fino Block.

BRIGGS & BLISS ..... Sole Proprietors
CAL. MANDEVILLE ..... Stage and Bus. Manager.

Open Every Evening with a full

VAUDEVILLE COMPANY

Of Talented Lady and Gentlemen Artists.

SINGING, DANCING, NEGRO FARCES, FUNNY SAYINGS, &c., &c.

FUN! FUN! FUN! NIGHTLY.

Admission, 50 Cents.

GRAND Vocal and Instrumental CONCERT!

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

Beth Israel Synagogue,

AT

MASONIC HALL!

Tuesday Evening, March 2, '75.

On which occasion a

CHOICE PROGRAMME

Will be offered. The

AMATEUR MUSICAL SOCIETY,

Numbering 14 performers, and several other

WELL-KNOWN AMATEURS

Have kindly volunteered.

Tickets $1 00. Reserved seats without extra charge can be secured at S. Harris' Odd Fellows' Building, on Thursday, Feb. 25, at 9 o'clock A. M.

Programme will be published on Monday, March 1st.

SKATING RINK.

Children's Grand Masquerade,

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, FEB. 27, 1875.

Admission 25 cents.

GRAND MASQUERADE!

Saturday Evening, March 6. Admission 50c. Reserved seats 75c.

Hereafter the Rink will be open every afternoon from 2 to 5. Ladies will be furnished skates free. Gentlemen 25c.

Saturday night: from 8 to 10, MUSIC. Admission 25c, (Ladies free.) 10 to 12, Skates 25c.

H. C. MORRICE, Lessee.

FOURTH

ANNUAL BALL!

OF

Baker-Canby Post No. 1, G. A. R.,

AT

MASONIC TEMPLE,

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 4, 1875.

Committee of Arrangements.

CHARLES

Geo. C. Sears, Theo. Barker, C. P. DuBois,
Geo. W. Johnson, C. P. Ives.

Reception Committee.

CHARLES

J. H. Woodward, Wm. Newberry, Hon. Kopus,
A. A. Franklin, W. V. Spencer.

Floor Committee.

CHARLES

Geo. C. Sears, Theo. Barker, Frank Beardsley,
C. E. DuBois, Jos. LeGrande.

Tickets (admitting gentleman and ladies), $2 00

The proceeds to be devoted to defraying expenses of MEMORIAL DAY, 30th May, 1875.

THE German Aid Society

OF THIS CITY

WILL GIVE A

Bazar and Grand Ball!

ON

APRIL 5, 6, 7 and 8, 1875,

AT THE

SKATING RINK!

The Proceeds will be applied to the Erection of a German Hospital.

NEW TO-DAY.

Counting-House Desks.

LOW, STANDING AND DROP LEAF, SWIVEL and Library and Arm Chairs. We have the Agency for Pearce's "Folding School Desks." Also, the Gem Desk. Pearce's Folding Desk is the best School Desk made in the United States.

OREGON FURNITURE MANUFACTURING COMP'Y, PORTLAND.

WINDOW GLASS.

1,000 BOXES ASSORTED SIZES, from 7x9 to 30x50,

At the Lowest Market Rates.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

L. H. WAKEFIELD JOHN BARROWS.

WAKEFIELD & CO.,

DEALERS IN

CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH,

And all kinds of

COAL.

ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS OF Produce, and personal attention given to the purchase and shipment of Merchandise and, the sale of Oregon Produce.

San Francisco, Oct. 1, 1874.

Ordinance No. 1604.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING AN APPROPRIation out of the Fund for Interest on Bonds.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That out of the Special Fund known as the "Fund for Interest on Bonds" there be and is hereby appropriated the sum of seven thousand six hundred and fifty dollars, for payment of Interest to become due during the year 1875, on certain Bonds issued under the provisions of Ordinances Nos. 950 and 1150.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING, Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1602.

AN ORDINANCE EXTENDING THE TIME IN which Interments in the Hebrew Cemetery may be made.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Cemetery in the southern portion of the city, known as the Hebrew Cemetery is hereby exempted from the operation of Ordinance No. 934, entitled "An Ordinance to prohibit Interments within the city limits," until the 17th day of February, 1876.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING, Mayor.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer

AJAX,

FRED. BOLLES ..... Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at Foot of F street, for the above port

FRIDAY, MARCH 5, 1875,

At 12 o'clock, Noon.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, PORT WRANGLE and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES ..... Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above ports,

MONDAY, MARCH 8, 1875,

At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

From Coos Bay & San Francisco

REGULAR STEAMSHIP LINE.

THE FAVORITE STEAMERS

EASTPORT,

W. F. WHITNEY ..... Master.

EMPIRE,

C. H. BUTLER ..... Master.

Make regular trips. Stages from Roseburg connecting with steamers at Coos Bay.

F. SCHETTER, Agent, Coos Bay. D. BEADLE, Agent, San Francisco. 106 Davis street, near California.

RIVER STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE the Str. SENATOR will leave her dock foot of F street, every day (Sundays excepted), at 2:30 P. M. for Oregon City.

Passengers for Dayton and intermediate points will take stage at 7:30, connecting at Canemah on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.

Rates of Freight:

Corvallis to Portland	$2 50
Albany and Salem	2 00
Harrisburg	1 50

All freights delivered in Portland free of drayage.

Up Freight, 01 60 per Ton.

Freight forwarded to Astoria with dispatch.

J. D. BIGGS, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 7 o'clock A. M.

FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A. M.

For Cathlamet, Bay View, and Skamokawa—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Westport, Hunter's and Clifton—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

For KNAPPA—Tuesday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

The Willamette River Transportation Co.'s Steamers

Will leave the Central Wharf between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR HARRISBURG and intermediate points on the Willamette River, on Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Steamer BEAVER—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

OHIO!

INDEPENDENT LINE!

THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER,

OHIO,

Leaves Pacific Wharf, foot of Salmon street, FRIDAY, Feb. 26, for Harrisburg, and all intermediate points on the Willamette river.

C. E. SCOTT, Master.

M. O. LOWNSDALE, Agent, on the Wharf.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

J. S. W. TROUPE, Master,

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM FOOT OF Alder Street for Vancouver at 2:30 P. M.

Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

CITY TAXES.

The TAX ROLL for 1875 is now in my hands for collection, and all Taxes assessed thereon must be paid at my office, No. 87 First St., within Thirty Days from this date or the same will be returned as delinquent.

L. H. LEWIS,

Treasurer City of Portland.

Portland, Feb. 11, 1875.

Don't Overlook This!

FOR $7,000; ORIGINAL COST, $11,300

Title Perfect. Terms Easy.

MY ELEGANT RESIDENCE, ON THE NORTHeast corner Taylor and Twelfth streets, Lot 1 and Block 306, is for Sale.

J. M. G. FALLICE.

REMOVED.

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,

Dentist,

Has removed to Room No. 4 Dekum's Building, cor. First and Washington streets.

FROM HONOLULU.

THE CARGO OF THE JANE A. FALKINBURG consisting of Assorted Grades of

SUGARS, COFFEE, PULU AND RICE,

is offered to the Trade at low rates, by

ALLEN & LEWIS.

SINGING CLASS.

MRS. HOLBROOK'S JUVENILE CLASS in VOCAL MUSIC will be held at the Vestry of the Presbyterian Church, on SATURDAYS, at 1 P. M. Terms, $3 for twelve lessons.

The Adult Class on Wednesday evenings at the same place, 7½ P. M. Terms, $5.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

A. B. RICHARDSON, AUCTIONEER

COR. OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL CHANDISE AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

At Private Sale.

Large assortment of GROCERIES and Liberal advances made.

To parties declining Rooms, I will purchase Stock, Fixtures, &c.

A. B. RICHARDSON.

Regular and Peremptory Sale

Furniture, Groceries, General Merchandise, Etc.,

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, At 10 o'clock,

GROCERIES.

50 bxs Navy TOBACCO.
8,500 La Matilda CIGARS.
275 bxs C. O. SOAP.
300 bxs Pearce SOAP.
50 chests Japan TEA.
50 bxs WASHING POWDER.

AL

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING.

20 reels Steel FIRE
8 doz GALVANIZE
5 doz Eng. FEY-PAN

PICTURES and FR
HAT RACKS, &c.

BEDROOM, DIN ROOM AND K FURNITURE.

A. B. RICHARDSON.

INSURANCE.

THE STATE Investment & Insurance COMPANY.

INCORPORATED 1869.

FIRE AND MARINE

Incorporated in 18

Cash Assets, .

OFFICERS:

PETER DONAL BRYANT,
CHAPLI ING &c.

This Company in connection with its
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Agents for the
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Furniture, Groceries, General Merchandise, Etc.,

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Fireman's Fund Insurance

OF CALIFORNIA.

FIRE AND MARINE

Assets Exceed - $627,

OREGON BRANCH

No. 8 Front street, corner of Alder

EDWARD HALL, Agent.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

MADE TO ORDER.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF BOOTS, CALL ON

J. BIGELOW,

Repairing promptly attended to.

E. CORBETT,

Livery, Hack & Feed Stable

(FIRE PROOF)

COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR STS.

Reasonable Charges. Fine Horses.
Attention paid to Boarding Stock.

OBSERVATORY.

Riding, $1 50 per hour.
Calling, $1 50 first hour, each additional hour, $1 00.
To boats, 50 cents each way.
Funerals, $5 per Hack.
To and from Sails and Plays, $2 each.

Orders left at STABLE promptly attended to.

PROPOSALS for BRICK

AT

STATE CAPITOL BUILDING.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED FOR LAYING 2,000,000 bricks necessary to complete the building according to plans and specifications on file with the Architect's office. Said bids must be accompanied with two or more sureties in the sum of 50 per cent. of the amount of the bid, for the faithful performance of the contract by the bidder, who will enter into bond in the sum of 100 per cent. of the amount of said contract.

The bids received by the undersigned will be opened by the Board of Commissioners at Salem on the 15th day of March, 1875, at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board.

R. A. WILLIS, Secretary.

Salem, Feb. 10, 1875.

HALL, BRADLEY & CO.

WARRANTED

PURE WHITE LEAD

NEW YORK.

50 Tons White Lead Pure

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 27, 1875.

CITY.

LIST OF PASSENGERS.—The steamship *Oriflamme*, which sailed for San Francisco yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, carried away the following passengers: Jas. Foster, Miss Staples, M. P. R. Cheadle, A. R. McCall, Dayton, Stump, J. B. Stump, H. Bertrand, J. H. Lazenby, Lester, G. B. Wright and wife, Mrs. L. Lewis, Mrs. Capt. A. D. Wass, J. Strouse, Ditterhoeffer, E. H. Sanford, Uriah Nelson and wife, Joe Meyer, C. Hirstel, H. Ackerman, M. Jacobs, Wallace Baldwin, C. H. Mendell, Jeweler, J. F. Miller, Frank Gregg, J. H. Ritchie, M. Pearson and wife, Mrs. H. Hailes, A. Schlin, Sol. J. Kraemer, G. Gerst, Wm. Kerr, Capt. P. Joselyn, C. H. Gross, C. H. Lewis and wife, Miss M. Couch, Miss M. C. Wilson, Mrs. Geo. H. Clark, Miss MacNamara, A. Roberts, Ankeny, A. D. Fitch, Mrs. C. Goodell and children, J. N. Williamson, wife and child, Dr. Schloss, H. G. Kline, A. F. Nuber, W. T. Showers, E. S. Baldridge, L. Richvald, Mr. Hampton, Wells, Fargo & Co.'s messenger and 20 in the steerage.

SUNDAY SCHOOL FESTIVAL.—We were very agreeably interrupted in our labors last night by the entrance of a gentleman into our sanctum bearing a beautiful cake and the compliments of the ladies of the East Portland Baptist Sunday school. The gentleman had just come from a festival and oyster supper given by that school at O. U. Fellows' hall, East Portland, and which was reported as a very successful affair, open handed and fifty persons being present, and all were in their happiest mood, making it a real pleasure to be there. The festival was given to secure funds to purchase an organ for the school, and about $60 were received. This school is flourishing and meets every Sabbath at 2 P. M. at the Livermore school house, Stephens' Addition. We thank the ladies for their kind remembrance.

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CERTIFICATES OF MEMBERSHIP.—Mr. James A. Smith, Grand Secretary of I. O. O. F., has received from the right worthy grand secretary a handsome certificate of membership of the order. The temple of honor is beautifully represented in the design, surmounted by the figures faith, hope and charity. A sturdy Knight Templar, with battle-ax and spear, stands on either side the entrance, jealously guarding the portals to the temple, and at the bottom is a good representation of the Good Samaritan coming to the relief of a needy and suffering. The whole is executed in colors and presents a neat appearance.

RETURNED TO PORTLAND.—We are pleased to note the arrival of Mr. George F. Grant, who is well known to the people of Oregon for many years as an insurance manager. Mr. Grant visits the State for the purpose of introducing the North British and Mercantile Insurance Company, of London and Edinburgh. After depositing $50,000 with the State treasurer, the company will be prepared, in a few days, to actively enter the field. Rumor does not state who the agent will be, generous share of the business, whoever he is, as the "North British" is an old favorite with the Oregon people.

A FALSE RUMOR.—Yesterday morning, while the steamer *Senator* was on the way down to this city, with a full load of flour, she ran aground opposite the mouth of the Clackamas. A telegram was sent to this city and the steamer *Welcome* was dispatched to her assistance. Before the latter boat reached the *Senator* got off and came down the river. She sustained no damage worthy of mention. A report was put on the streets yesterday that the *Senator* had struck a rock and sunk, but the report had no foundation in fact.

MINING EXCITEMENT.—A gentleman just in from Tillamook states that there is quite a mining fever near Nestocton. Mr. Tomlinson, a young man who once lived in East Portland, and two other gentlemen, two or three weeks ago discovered a vein of metal in a gray and black gravel, which is supposed to be silver. The seam in which the metal was found is about eight feet wide and is very rich. Some of it was sent to a friend in

...ION AND COMMISSION.

...B. RICHARDSON,
...CTIONEER
...OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales
...ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MER...
...CHANDISE AND HORSES,
...s---Wednesday and Saturday
At Private Sale.
...rtment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS.
...d advances made on Consignments.
...declining Housekeeping, I will manage
...purchase Second-Hand Furniture.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

...ular and Peremptory Sale
OF
...ure, Groceries, General
...Merchandise, Etc.,
...RDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1875,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
GROCERIES.
...uy TOBACCO.
...tellan CIGARS,
...O. SOAP.
...nney SOAP.
Japan TEA.
...ASHING POWDER.
ALSO,
...ODS AND CLOTHING.
ALSO,
...el FIRE IRONS.
...LVANIZED BUCKETS.
...FRY PANS.
ALSO,
...ES and FRAMES,
...CKS, &c.,
ALSO,
...M, DINING ROOM AND KITCHEN
...RK.
A. B. RICHARDSON,
Auctioneer.

INSURANCE.

THE STATE
...stment & Insurance
COMPANY.
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
...E AND MARINE.
...ncorporated in 1871.
...ssets, - - $420,00...
OFFICERS:
...ONAHUE, A. J. BRYANT,
President. Vice President.
...HARLES H. CUSHING, Secretary.
...mpany has no connection with any
...combination; its business is transacted
...on Purely Mutual each risk being ma...
...to its own merits.
...ersigned, having been appointed Gener...
...the above Company, are now prepared
...applications and issue Policies for Fa...
...no risks at equitable rates.
A. B. HOTALING & CO.,
Office—25 Front Street, Portland.
...gents for Oregon and Washington Terri...
...gents wanted throughout the State o...

...an's Fund Insurance C...
OF CALIFORNIA.
...IRE AND MARINE.
...Exceed - $627,003 0...
OREGON BRANCH
Front St., corner of Alder.
EDWARD HALL, Manager.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

...ADE TO ORDER.
IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF BOOTS, made to order, go to
J. READY,
No. 6 Washington St...
...ring promptly attended to.

E. CORBETT'S
..., Hack & Feed Stables,
(FIRE PROOF),
...COND AND TAYLOR STREETS.
...ble Charges for Hire. Particular
...tion paid to Boarding Horses.
OBSERVE PRICES:
...-50 per hour.
...50 first hour, $1 each additional hour.
...50 cents each passenger.
...$5 per Hack.
...om Balls and Parties, $2 a couple.
...TABLE or FISHEL & ROBERTS
...ttended to at any hour.

...SALS for BRICK WORK
FOR THE
...TE CAPITOL BUILDING
AT SALEM.
...LL BE RECEIVED FOR LAYING All
...necessary to enclose said building
...plans and specifications, which can be
...Architect's office in Salem.
...must be accompanied by an undersig...
...o or more sureties of, not less than 5...
...of the amount of said bid, conditio...
...contract be awarded to the said bidde...
...r into bonds for the faithful perform...
...contract.
...received by the Board for said Bric...
...e opened by said Board at their office...
...16th day of March, 1875, at one o'clock
...day. The Board reserve the right...
...and all bids
...will be paid as the work progresses...
...f the Board.
H. STAPLETON, Pres't.
...n, Secretary. feb22d3w
...o. 10, 1875.

..., BRADLEY & CO.
...WARRANTED
...E WHITE LEAD
NEW YORK.
...White Lead Packed
IN
...s, of 25 pounds each
...egs of 250 lbs and 100 lbs;
...egs of 50 lbs and 25 lbs.
...TED OF ADULTERATES
...to the Trade in Lots to Suit Pur...
...A. HAYWARD, Sole Agent,
224 CALIFORNIA STREET.

...M. PFUNDER,
...ECARY AND CHEMIST,
...TSCHE APOTHEKE,
First and Oak Streets, (Portland.
...CRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

WANTED!
...S OF RAW FURS FOR SHIPPING
...hoice qualities for Home Consumption.
...will pay the HIGHEST PRICES.
...UMMELIS & GUTHANS,
...ing Furriers, 56 First street, between
feb24-1m
...rque "Spirit of the Dawn"
...MS AGAINST THE BARQUE
...the Dawn" must be presented to
...e office of the undersigned on or be...
...ebruary 26th.
HENRY HEWETT & CO.
No. 28 North Front street.
...eb. 24.

The Daily Oregonian.

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A PLEASANT SURPRISE.—The employees connected with the Asylum presented to Mr. J. Kenworthy and lady on Monday evening last, an elegant easy chair. Dr. A. M. Dallard, resident physician, made the presentation speech as follows: Mr. and Mrs. Kenworthy: In behalf of the employees of this institution, I have the pleasure of presenting to you this beautiful chair, which we beg you to accept as a sincere expression of our esteem for you, and unite in wishing that you may live long to occupy a seat in it as you will live in the hearts and memories of your friends." The response was made by the recipients in fitting words.

CERTIFICATES OF MEMBERSHIP.—Mr. James A. Smith, Grand Secretary of I. O. G. T., has received from the right worthy grand secretary, a handsome certificate of membership of the order. The temple of honor is beautifully represented in the design, surmounted by the figures faith, hope and charity. A sturdy knight Templar, with battle-ax and spear, stands on either side the entrance jealously guarding the portals to the temple, and at the bottom is a gold representation of the Good Samaritan coming to the relief of the needy and suffering. The whole is executed in colors and presents a neat appearance.

RETURNED TO PORTLAND.—We are pleased to note the arrival of Mr. George F. Grant, who is well known to the people of Oregon for many years, as an insurance manager. Mr. Grant visits the State for the purpose of introducing the North British and Mercantile Insurance Company, of London and Edinburg. After depositing $50,000, with the State treasurer, the company will be prepared, in a few days, to natively enter the field. Rumor does not state who the agent will be. We predict a generous share of the business, whoever he is as the "North British" is an old favorite with the Oregon people.

A FALSE REPORT.—Yesterday morning while the steamer *Senator* was on the way down to this city, with a full load of flour, she ran aground opposite the mouth of the Clackamas. A telegram was sent to this city and the steamer *Welcome* was dispatched to her assistance. Before the latter boat reached the spot the *Senator* got off and came down the river. She sustained no damage worthy of mention. A report was rife on the streets yesterday that the *Senator* had struck a rock and sunk, but the report had no foundation in fact.

MINING EXCITEMENT.—A gentleman just in from Tillamook states that there is quite a mining fever near Nestocton. Mr. Tomlinson, a young man who once lived in East Portland, and two other gentlemen, two or three weeks ago discovered a vein of metal in a gray and black gravel, which is supposed to be silver. The seam in which the metal was found is about eight feet wide and is very rich. Some of it was sent to a friend in Oregon City who pronounced it silver, and the result is, claims are being taken up very fast.

FILING UP.—The bark *Corsican* is now discharging ballast at the Greenwich dock. Her ballast consists of large coarse rock, which Capt. Flanders is using to the best possible advantage in having scattered about under his wharf. He proposed to cover all the mud sills of the dock with stone to the depth of about two feet. This will add greatly to the steadiness of the wharf, and in the event of very high water, will prevent the action of the current from washing away the sand and tearing the sills bare.

KEEL LAID.—On Thursday morning a large force of carpenters under the personal superintendence of Mr. Steffen, the contractor and builder, began laying the keel for the second boat which is to be constructed by the O. S. N. Co., the present season. The keel of this craft is laid parallel with the new one which is rapidly approaching completion, but farther up on the bank. Work is going forward as expeditiously as possible, and already all the timbs for the hull is up.

SEVERE FALL.—A few days since a painter named Smith, employed on the O. S. N. Co.'s new steamboat, met with a severe fall. While engaged in painting, he lost his balance and fell from the cabin guards to the ground, a distance of nearly 25 feet. He was picked up, partially insensible, and conveyed to his home in the city. Medical assistance was called and the injured man will soon be able to resume labor.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland, Oregon, February 26, 1875:

	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.
Thermometer	42°	50°	46°
Wind, direction	N.	Calm.	Calm.
Wind, velocity	0	0	0
Weather	Cloudy.	Cloudy.	Cloudy.

Minimum temperature 40

VERY ILL.—The many friends of Mr. Jos. Buchtel will be pained to learn of the illness of that estimable gentleman. He now lies dangerously ill of pneumonia at his residence in East Portland. Although very low yesterday, his condition last evening was more hopeful. All will be happy to learn of his early convalescence.

WILL SPEAK.—Rev. Clinton Kelly will speak at the Zion (colored) church on Third street, between B and C, on next Wednesday evening. Subject: Improvement and Immigration of the colored people of the South.

FOR THE LADIES.

Vienna Bell" is the new cologne.

Ball dresses have now the corset waist.

Evening dress trains grow longer and longer.

The newest perfume is called "Heavenly Dew."

Beaded lace fichus are handsome and fashionable.

The prettiest party dresses are of figured gauzes.

There is a mania for trimming ball dresses with lace.

Aigrettes are now generally fashionable for hair ornaments.

The newest kind of gloves are handsomely embroidered on the back.

Jet is extensively used in trimming ball and party dresses of almost all kinds this season.

One must necessarily have a good figure to be able to wear the new corset waist with success.

Some of the handsomest silk evening dresses are trimmed exclusively with feather trimming.

Black silk suits, the waist and skirt striped with narrow black velvet, are very elegant and very fashionable.

A new head-dress is a small bouquet of French flowers in which a bird (possibly a crow) is nicely nestled.

Half-moon fans are new. They are of satin and lace, and have a Vienna reputation, which make them expensive.

Combination reception robes have not decreased at all in popularity. Pink and black is a fashionable blending.

March winds will soon embarrass young ladies on promenade who wear *faced* dresses. A word to the wise," etc.

Lace barbes are in vogue once more to the hair. This season they have ends sufficiently long to fall below the neck.

Pretty necklaces are formed by sewing Marguerites on a wide band of black velvet and wearing it close around the throat.

RELIGIOUS.

Rev. D. J. Pierce will preach at the Livermore school house, East Portland, at 3 o'clock.

The usual monthly children's services will be held at the First Congregational Church, to-morrow evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Religious service every Sunday in the Young Men's Christian Association room, over Ladds' bank, corner First and Stark streets, at 3:30 P. M. All are invited.

Preaching at the Baptist Church by the pastor, morning and evening. The second of a series of lectures on Paul's life, at 11 o'clock, on choice of a life work. Baptism at the close of the evening service. Prayer meeting at 6:30 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Taylor and Third streets. Services both morning and evening, conducted by the pastor. Sunday school at 1:45 P. M. Subject of the evening's discourse, "The last martyrdom at Acapulco."

Services at the M. E. church, corner Sixth and Hall streets, on to-morrow as follows: Preaching at 11 A. M. by the presiding elder, Rev. Wm. Roberts. Sunday school at 2 P. M. and love feast at 7 in the evening. W. C. Chatten, pastor.

The subject of the discourse to-morrow evening, at the Unitarian Church, will be the 9th commandment, and will embrace a consideration of the origin and laws of accumulation, and the office of those laws in society; and will answer the question, who are the covetous? The public is cordially invited.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE PRODIGAL."—A good audience was present last evening at Masonic Hall, to witness the presentation of this familiar drama. Considering the fact that, with the exception of three persons included in the cast, none of the company ever appeared before in front of the footlights, the play was produced remarkably well in all its details. Mr. Ball, as "Edward Middleton," distinguished himself in the fitting and effective personation of that difficult character. Especially in the delirium tremens scene, his acting was intensely tragic, and sustained with truly dramatic ability. It is needless to say he won rounds of applause, and was honored with a call before the curtain. Mr. T. W. Lockwood, as "Lawyer Cribbs," although a perfect novice in the *art dramatique*, acquitted himself in a manner which ought to flatter his genius. Mr. E. R. Bow, as "William Dowton," the true friend of "Middleton," played the part assigned him in a very acceptable manner. The remainder of the cast was very passably sustained. This evening this great moral drama will be repeated, doubtless to a crowded house.

This afternoon there will be a grand children's masquerade at the Skating Rink. Music will be in attendance. This evening the Rink will be thrown open to the public as usual. A band will be in attendance.

The Adelphi Theater continues to draw crowded houses. An attractive bill will be presented this evening.

THE COURTS.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—STATTUCK, J.

FRIDAY, Feb. 26, 1875.

H. Howe vs Wm. Connell & Co.; judgment for plaintiff in the sum of $77.33.

M. J. Gleason vs Patrick Fay; motion to set aside default overruled.

State vs O. S. Phelps; demurrer to indictment sustained; defendant discharged and bonds exonerated.

Mary Wetmore vs W. C. Wetmore et al; referred to J. A. Stratton to take testimony and to report the same at the earliest day practicable.

F. M. Warren vs J. P. O. Lowndsale et al; cause continued for the term.

F. M. Warren et al vs J. P. O. Lowndsale et al; same order entered.

Thos. H. Cox vs W. H. Newark; cause continued.

Mary Quint vs Geo. Quint; stricken from the docket with leave to make application to reinstate.

W. G. Jean vs Jos. Simon; continued for the term with leave to amend complaint on or before May 1st, and that defendant have 20 days further time to file answer.

Geo. W. Taylor vs J. P. O. Lowndsale; cause continued for the term.

R. J. Ladd vs Medorem Crawford; order allowing decree to be entered *nunc pro tunc*.

Wm. Steel vs McLerun Bros.; demurrer argued and taken under advisement.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Fresh oysters, just arrived from Yaquina Bay, at the Oxford Oyster Saloon.

The Maison Doree Restaurant is to be reopened. See the advertisement.

Wagner Bros. have just moved into their new and elegantly fitted barber shop on Front street. Read their card.

Mrs. Holbrook's juvenile singing class will be resumed on Saturday, March 6th. The adult class has been given up.

PERSONAL.

The junior partner of the firm of Lewis & Strauss left for San Francisco per steamer yesterday, on business, but a rumor, the truth, not altogether business of a mercantile nature. He may have another partner in another line when he reaches the Webfoot country again. Abundant luck to you, Jacob.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

The very finest photographs are now taken at the new firm of Shuster & Dennie, who have just refitted their rooms, corner of First and Yamhill.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

REPORTS OF JOHN C. W. ING, CITY SUPERINTENDENT OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS, AND DR. GEO. H. ATKINSON.

PORTLAND, Feb. 22, 1875.

To the Honorable Board of Directors of the Public Schools of Portland—GENTLEMEN: I beg leave to submit a few statistics and a statement of the condition of the schools under your charge—giving a full report at the close of the school year unless otherwise ordered to do so at an earlier date.

Results of the examinations of last year compared with those of the present year:

Table 1.

FEBRUARY, 1874.

Number enrolled	1,165	Number promoted	829
" examined	912	Per cent. promoted	73

JUNE, 1874.

Number enrolled	1,102	Number promoted	969
" examined	810	Per cent. promoted	79

FEBRUARY, 1875.

Number enrolled	1,041	Number promoted	692
" examined	936	Per cent. promoted	76.35

Number pupils promoted *twice*, or those who performed a year's work in five months (last examination)..... 11

Number of pupils whose average standing is 80 per cent. and upward (last examination)..... 431

Per cent of the number promoted whose average standing is 80 per cent. and upwards..... 62

Whole number pupils enrolled (excepting high school)..... 1,041

Whole number pupils examined..... 936

Whole number pupils promoted..... 692

Per cent. promoted of the number examined..... 76.35

The High School is not included in the preceding table. The number enrolled in February and June of last year was reported to me and a record made of the number in the table. I then doubted the correctness of the numbers and am now fully convinced that they are wrong. As the School Registers used were very imperfect, containing little information besides a record of class exercises, the boundaries of the three wards to some extent disregarded, it was not only difficult but impossible to keep a correct record of attendance. No doubt the same pupils were reported enrolled by different teachers, consequently this number would be too large. A complete record of all school statistics, is properly and carefully kept at the present time. The School Registers now in use enable the teachers to keep an accurate account of attendance, absence, tardiness, name and residence of visitors, and corporal punishments—giving the name of the party punished, offense and date. This record of school statistics is a great incentive and stimulus to teachers to be earnest in securing good attendance, preventing tardiness and preserving order by mild and gentle means.

The following table shows [This table is omitted.—Ed.] that the teachers are able to perform the work assigned them, and confirms the opinion of several of them that the work in some instances can be increased. The per cent. (shown by the first table) of promotions increasing rapidly, the pupils' high average standing, several of them doing a year's work in five months, indicate that it would not be well to abreviate the work of the grade. Truly gratifying and encouraging are the results of the last examination, which was, in the first, second and third grades, conducted in writing; in the lower grades the answers to questions were generally written on slates, thus expediting the work. It should not be expected that pupils make an advancement to written examinations would get as high an average standing as when examined orally, yet 62 per cent. or over 3-5 of the number promoted reached 80 per cent. and upwards as their average standing. A written examination is an expeditious and intelligent method of examining classes that can write legibly. It is readily seen by table 1 that the number of promotions at the last examination is only six less than the entire number promoted last year.

The marked improvement of several of the schools, resulting from a *change* of teachers, attests the wisdom of the Board. In some instances, teachers have promoted an entire class and nearly their whole school. This revolution in school work is thoroughly awakening an interest among teachers, keeping them from falling into grooves, and enlarging their ideas of what constitutes a live practical teacher. They are putting forth efforts to place our schools on a higher educational plane and make them truly merit the generous and substantial support given to them.

Rev. Geo. H. Atkinson spent a portion of his time during the examination in more thoroughly acquainting himself with our school system, noting the advancement made since the June examination, and in looking over our papers and making up the standing of pupils. His valuable and practical suggestions, assistance and earnestness in promoting the welfare of our schools, place the teachers under many obligations.

EXAMINATIONS.

Before the examinations just closed, the principals were called together and unanimously agreed to all plans, methods of examination, and changes that were made. There was a thorough understanding, in writing, as to examination and determination of uncertainty and promptly doing the work assigned to him. There was such a division of labor that 906 pupils were examined in nine days, yet no pupil was hurried but had ample time and the best hour in the day. In the three higher grades the examination was from 9 to 10:30 each morning. In no instance, in these grades, was a pupil examined over one and a half hours at a time. All the pupils of the sixth grade were examined in their respective rooms; those of the fourth and fifth grades were partially examined in their own rooms. While each principal was conducting the examination in the three higher grades of his own school, I was working in the other grades. The plan adopted by each principal was for the teacher of the third grade to examine the B class, first grade, while he took charge of the second grade—the teacher of the second grade taking charge of the third grade.

The questions, consisting of 31 different sets and covering 100 pages of closely written foolscap, and 25 pages of letter paper, were carefully prepared by the superintendent a month before the examination. These papers were all kept in a secure place, and [not] seen, even by the principals until they were issued to them on the evening prior to their being placed before the pupils. After the papers were written up by the pupils, the corresponding teachers would immediately meet after the close of the school for that day, make up the standing of the pupils in that particular study, certify to the same and send it to me. The results were recorded as fast as they were obtained, consequently when the examination closed, the average standing of each pupil was made up and ready to announce. The pupils of the corresponding classes were examined in the same study at the same hour; this required a great number of copies of questions. The examination was thorough; the questions covering the entire work of the grade, each pupil standing on his own merits and preserving his individuality throughout. The examinations closed on Thursday, February 11th, and on Friday the standing of each pupil in every study was announced, and those who reached 70 per cent. were promoted. On the following Monday each principal reported that his pupils were supplied with the new text books required by the change from lower to higher classes, and the entire school in complete working order. Attached to these papers are a page of questions, and a "circular to principals and assistants," which more particularly define the manner in which the examination was conducted. A copy of this "circular" was sent to each principal two weeks prior to the examination. Respectfully,

S. W. KING, City Sup't.

Report of Dr. Atkinson.

PORTLAND, Feb. 10, 1875.

Messrs. Glisan, Ainsworth, Morgan,—Directors School District No. 1, Multnomah County—GENTLEMEN: In accordance with your official request, communicated to me by your chairman, I attended the semi-annual examination of the public schools of Portland, as much as possible, during the last two weeks.

The change, requiring teachers to review the classes in other rooms than their own, furnishes a fair and impartial record of the standing of every scholar. Every pupil answered the questions orally or in writing without asking or receiving aid from another.

Improvement is manifest in the department of the scholars, in respect to neatness, order, good manners, cheerfulness, prompt and quiet obedience, and studious habits.

The primary grades show the benefit of increased attention, which the laborious superintendent and their faithful teachers have given them.

It is more difficult to train little children wisely and prepare them well for the higher grades, than to instruct them in the advanced studies. There is danger on the one side of letting them play too much, or, by severity, to make them listless and unhappy in school; and there is danger on the other hand of taxing them with too many hard words, such as are used even in the simplest list of miscellaneous questions upon local Geography or Botany or Physiology.

As a rule, there is danger of too many studies in a given class or grade. Two or three of four subjects can be studied with more success than six or ten in the same term. To distract the attention of pupils upon too many themes weakens. Instead of strengthening their mental power and renders them uncertain of any one thing. A child can learn to read better by frequent and varied trials during the day than by one trial daily continued through several terms. Some pupils will become masters of the mental or the practical arithmetic in a single term if they have only that one study. I knew a student who became a good grammarian in three months.

Exact spelling can be acquired by oral and written trials often repeated, better than by occasional lessons continued for many years.

Penmanship fails if the style or model of teacher is frequently changed.

Franklin learned the art of composition by attempting to express the thoughts found on a few pages of Addison's *Spectator*, and by comparing his own writing with the original until it became like that of the distinguished English essayist.

Successful manufacturers run one class of fabrics from their looms for successive weeks.

Students from the country will often enter our academies of high schools and surpass their fellow-students, though their previous drill and opportunities have been less. It is because their mental energy centers upon a few subjects.

It is just to say in conclusion that the public schools of the city work as a unit, every part co-operative with every other part.

The large proportion of the candidates are from the first grade. A class that passed to the high school—21 of 32—on a scale of 70 per cent. credits for about 100 questions, reflects honor upon their teachers as well as upon themselves.

The commendable desire on the part of pupils to be fitted for the high school tends to increase that department disproportionately, without raising its standard.

A higher scholarship on the part of candidates *tested by one annual examination* instead of two semi-annual for admission, would benefit those students and the department also, and react favorably upon all the lower grades.

If the benefits of the high school could be extended to the children of Multnomah county, on passing a similar examination, it would ennoble our school system, improve the quality of teaching and of scholarships in all our districts. Yours respectfully,

GEO. H. ATKINSON.

ARRESTED FOR FORGERY.

Late on Thursday night a young man aged about 17 years, named James S. Layfield, was arrested and placed in the city jail on a charge of having forged a note and by that means obtained a wagon from Messrs. Hawley, Dodd & Co., of this city. Last evening, we called at the jail and obtained the young man's story from his own lips, which is substantially as follows: Layfield was residing in Portland until some time last summer, when he left the city, and went up to work on the farm of his uncle, who lives in Yamhill county. His uncle's name is Broils. About the middle of last September, Layfield's uncle desired him to come to Portland and purchase a wagon from Hawley, Dodd & Co. Not having the means at hand to purchase the wagon, Broils told the young man to come down and give a note for the amount of the wagon, and to sign the name of J. S. Hess to the same—Hess being also an uncle of Layfield, and residing in Yamhill county. Broils, and a man named Bills, urged young Layfield to do this, assuring him that there would be nothing wrong in signing Hess' name to the note, and it would be a great accommodation to get a wagon to use during harvest. Layfield, thinking that there would be no harm, consented at length. He came down to Portland and negotiated for a wagon for the sum of $150, giving a note payable in five months, in the name of James S. Hess. The wagon was taken up to the farm of his uncle, and used during the fall and winter. A short time since, Messrs. Hawley, Dodd & Co., notified Mr. Hess, by letter that his note would soon fall due, and requested payment. Meantime, Jas. S. Hess, whose name was signed to the note without his knowledge or consent, had left the State and was residing somewhere in California. However, the letter fell into the hands of another man named Hess, whose surprise may well be imagined when he read the notification. He lost no time in hastening to Portland, and disclaimed all knowledge of the matter. Layfield, in the meantime, fearing that he might get himself into difficulty, obtained the wagon from his uncle and brought it down to Portland. Soon after sold it to a gentleman in this city, who, being ignorant of the circumstances, agreed to give $80 for the wagon, paying $40 down and obligating himself to pay the remainder soon. When Hess came down and denied having ever executed such a note, or authorized any one to do so, Layfield was found and arrested on a charge of forgery. The mother of the young man, finding out that he was involved in very serious trouble, went to the party who had purchased the wagon, and, paying him $40, took the same and delivered it over to Messrs. Hawley, Dodd & Co. The use to which the wagon has been subjected has damaged it to the extent of about $35. This sum, we understand, Layfield's mother has paid to the firm, thus making good all loss. This morning the case will be examined before the police court. The above statement is substantially what was given us by young Layfield.

IN MEMORIAM.

At a special meeting of Multnomah Engine Company No. 2, held this evening, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That it has pleased an All-wise Providence to remove from our midst our well beloved companion, Willard A. Holbrook; and

Whereas, This company feels desirous of expressing its profound sorrow upon our sad bereavement therefore be it

Resolved, That while we humbly bow to the Divine decree by which he was removed from among us, we express our most heartfelt sorrow at the loss of one so talented, kind and generous, and one to whom to know was but to love; that our sincerest condolence is offered to his afflicted family in their sorrow.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the records of this company; that a copy be forwarded to the family of the deceased, and that they be published in the daily papers of this city.

W. JACKSON,
J. D. WHITING,
B. L. NORDON,
Committee on Resolutions.

PORTLAND, Feb. 23, 1875.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

Buchtel & Stolte's first-class photograph gallery, *established in 1855*, possesses all the facilities to do better work than any other gallery in the State. All their new styles in the East are made in our rooms. We preserve ALL NEGATIVES, and have at present over 12,000 on hand, from which duplicate copies can be had at any time. We have engaged the services of M. Chas. Hasselman, late of Sarony's, in New York, and Bradley & Rulofson and C. D. Morse's, San Francisco. Oil paintings, photographs in water colors, or India ink, and also the beautiful crayon pictures, executed in a superior style. Call and examine specimens.

Spring style of fashionable silk hat received per *Oriflamme* introduced this day by Currier & Co., hatters and clothiers.

We challenge the world to produce a collar that will keep clean longer, without washing, than the Elmwood!

For a Saturday lunch try the viands at Fabre & Barbes', Central Market.

KOHN, the clothier, is at present in San Francisco purchasing new goods for the Spring trade, a portion of which will be shipped on the *Ajax* to arrive about the 15th proximo. During his absence the Oerkes in charge of the establishment will attend to the wants of old and new customers. For rare bargains go to Kohn's, opposite National Bank. They can provide you with anything in the clothing line. Do not delay but call while the opportunity to buy cheap is offered.

Although there is no immediate prospect of the building of the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad, the firm of BECK & WALDMAN are still prepared to give customers old and new, the very best bargains in clothing. Their spring stock is complete. New Goods arrive per every steamer, and their clothing constitutes a specialty at this house. Call to day, or at any time you happen to pass.

Every one should know that the panacea which has stood the test of nearly half a century, of trial in the cure of coughs, colds, bronchitis, influenza and whooping-cough, is Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. It maintains in the fullest degree its well-earned reputation. All sufferers should try it.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

Capt. Nicholson, Tk Mar... — J H Cook, Kalama
Fig... — M Jensen, Salmon
Chas Bandtton, France... — S Brogden, Albany
John Day, Dalles — O Gro...ger, San Fran...
J F Miller, Salem — A Kinney, Cathlamet
Rev J W Sellwood, Mil... — G F Grant, San Fran...
Winkle — J F Stanka, ...
F L Hinman, Albany — P Hindley, San Lorenzo
I B Dexter, Roseburg — C F Heath, Lawrence
C Moller, Columbia City — F G Hurt, Walla Walla W T
C W Sprague, Kalama — H M Stammer, San Fran...
A C Farnsworth, S F — A H Stone, Umatilla
J N Rupp, Knappton — J Soyer, Butteville
J D Miller, Harrisburg — Well Doran, Dalles

CLARENDON HOTEL.

H Bango, New York — Mrs Auntie Cotton, Dalles
Frank Fowler, Salem — John O Murphy, Yakima
A R McCall; — James Simpson, Salem
W Wren, Corvallis — H L Bowers, Albany
R R Harrison, Yamhill — W Lull, Olympia
Capt Rich, Astoria — J McCurdy, San Juan
W L Phillips, O C R R — J Cook, Clifton

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

Lyman Klein, Dalles — Mrs F E Fouts, Or City
J Shepherd, " — Mrs Dora, " "
A Whipple, " — B M Watts, Salt Works
Julius, San Francisco — T D Hosford & Son, Dalles
Geo Smith, Springfield — C A Wistimer, "
Mrs E R Cucadie, Albany — Mrs O Clark, Walla Walla
J Rodwald, " — J C Kinney, Or City
Mrs Merrymau, Hillsboro — Geo Harvey, Eugene
Miss Carter, " — Z W Burnham, Seattle
C A Warren, Dalles

ST. CHARLES HOTEL.

H Alger, Cathlamet — O H Gibson, Astoria
Geo A Harding, Or City — J Morsill,
O H Brooks & wf, N York — J R Buff, Silverton
Thos Tice, Cowlitz — James Wallace, Oakland
James Miller, Cathlamet — S Miner, Salem
J Brown, Vancouver

GEO. H. CHANCE, Dentist,

Office—First Street,
(Nearly over Express Office.)
PORTLAND.

Saxonian Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F. Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock in Odd Fellows' Temple, corner of First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

IMPORTANT.—Indorsed by the Medical profession. Dr. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Chest. DR. TOWNSLEY'S TOOTHACHE ANODYNE cures in one MINUTE.

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.

Save yourself many dollars in money and many pangs of pain by keeping PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL constantly on hand and using it for all lameness and pain. The great popularity of our ABOLITION OIL is owing to the fact that we spare neither labor nor expense in preparing it. *We always have and always shall keep it up to its original standard of unparalleled excellence.* ABOLITION OIL cures Rheumatism, gout, sprains, stiff and swollen joints, bruises, neuralgia, lame back, pleurisy, sciatica, sore throat, cramps, colic, cholera morbus, diarrhœa, nervous head-ache, tooth-ache, ear-ache and all internal and pains internal and external, sold by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

Strengthen and regulate your system. Renew your age. You can do it by using the Regulator and Purifier, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Stir up your torpid liver; stimulate your kidneys; regulate your bowels; cure nine-tenths of your fever and ague, piles, dyspepsia, jaundice, dropsy, heart disease, and all blood or complaints with the great vegetable remedy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. For sale by all druggists.

A. McKesson & Co., Druggists, 301 Washington street San Francisco, manufacturers and sole proprietors.

REMOVED.

C. H. MYERS,
PLUMBER, GAS AND STEAM FITTER,
HAS REMOVED TO
Corner Front and Taylor Streets.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

WANTS.

WANTED.

SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER, BY AN American Lady. Good reference given. Address "B," this office.

TO LET.

FOR RENT.

A SUIT OF ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UNfurnished, and one single room, furnished, in a private family, and Board, within five minutes walk of Front street. Inquire at THIS OFFICE.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WILLIAMS & KRUMBEIN,
Architects,
Office—Room 17 Dekum's Building.

R. DINSMORE, Broker,
73 First Street.

Money loaned on real estate and personal security. Legal Tenders bought and sold. GOLD DUST BOUGHT. Interest allowed on time deposits of coin. Exchange on U. S. [illegible]

E. M. BURTON,
ARCHITECT,
Over H. Boyd's Insurance Office, on First,
Bet. Washington and Stark Streets,
PORTLAND.

H. W. DILG,
Locksmith, Safe-Maker & Bell-Hanger,
Washington Street, between First and Front.

MY PATRONS AND CUSTOMERS WILL FIND me at the above place ready at a moment's notice to do any kind of work in my line.

Locks and Safes repaired on short notice and in No. 1 style. Bells hung in the latest style. Patent models made to order. d3l 4m.

CORBITT & MACLEAY

OFFER FOR SALE THE CARGO OF the "Mattie Maclay," now landing, and other recent arrivals from Honolulu, direct.

5464 kegs assorted grades Island Sugars;
100 bags Kona Coffee;
100 " Island Rice;
100 tons Funloa Salt;
100 bbls. Molasses,

In quantities to suit the Trade, at importing rates.

CORBITT & MACLEAY.
Portland, Feb. 12, 1875. feb15dtf

OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY

OFFICE & HACK STABLES,
S. W. Corner of Second and Stark Streets.

CARRIAGE RATES:

Calling $1 50 first hour; $1 00 for each additional hour.
Riding $1 50 per hour.
To or from Trains and Steamboats, 50 cents each person.
To and from Balls and Parties, $2 00 a couple.
Funerals, $5 00 a Hack.
☞ All orders given to the Drivers, or left at the office, will be promptly attended to, day or night.

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 27, 1875.

A SHADOWY LOVE.

AND HOW IT PROVED REAL.

[From Hearth and Home.]

I was much too early for the train, yet it occurred to me that there had been at least forty-eight hours in the day, and, as I neared the station, was sure that my watch was slow; and hurried at last. So it happened that now I found myself heated and out of breath, setting my valise down before the still closed ticket office, and the great round clock boldly asserting the hour to be 10. The train didn't leave till 12. I sat down on my valise opposite the clock, and, taking from my breast pocket a note, occupied myself with reading it and thinking it over. I will not be rash enough to say how many times I had read it before, nor how many interpretations I had put upon its simple words.

Your letter came to me yesterday. My only surprise was that it found me unable to give you an answer. What shall I say? Perhaps fate to face the difficulty would seem less. I do not understand myself. Can you have patience with me and forgive me if in the end I hurt one who has been my true friend?"

That was all. There was no beginning or end, no signature. There was a rush of people, and I was half conscious of being dragged and shouldered and pushed into a car, while I held a ticket in one hand and my valise in the other. There was an empty seat near a window, toward which a weighty old lady in spectacles and a green veil drove me and occupied it with me. The even beat of the moving cars seemed saying the words of the note over and over, chopping them up, changing the punctuation. The monotony of the whirr soothing effect on my excited nerves, and for the first time since the writing of the letter which had brought this note in answer to me I was able to look back upon the whole story of my love.

I quite as if it were a tale in a book. I began at the time when I accepted Mr. Delancey's invitation to his country seat for a fortnight's trout-fishing as a recreation and rest from my scientific studies before I went abroad. I don't know what relation Mr. Delancey's late wife had been to me. It was one of those distracting problems of genealogy chiefly concerning great-great-grandmothers; but she had always treated me as a cousin, which, as she was a very charming woman, was pleasing to me. It was a little dull without her there, for my host was not an intellectual man, and very worldly, and Julia, his only child, was but fifteen, innocent, ignorant, pretty, but too plump. She used to accompany me sometimes when I fished, but was too coy to talk. Her chief powers seemed to lie in walking, so that really I had thought very little about her till one day when I found her crying and inquired the cause of her misery.

"Papa is going to make me marry that ugly, ugly Mr. Norris, and go away with him to his big town-house?"

"What for?"

"I don't know."

"Does he love you?"

She looked at me, looked up at me, then blushing laughed and covered her face with her plump hands: "I suppose he does."

"And you don't like him in spite of his fine town-house?"

She didn't answer, but ran away. Poor child! It was evident that the going to the "great town-house" conveyed far more terror to her mind than marrying her rich suitor.

We had an interview an hour later with Mr. Delancey, and found that he was in some money difficulty, and this offer of marriage from Norris seemed to him too good an opportunity to be lost. He put it very delicately, as a gentleman of his breeding should, and after a moment of silence, during which I mastered my indignation enough to cover it, I offered him a loan, which should assist him at this trying moment more securely than the possible generosity of a future son-in-law.

"As we went in to dinner Julia whispered to me: "I'm all right. Papa's good!"

"I am very glad," I said, and was amused to see the virtuous complacency of papa during dinner.

Three years later, when I was living in my very loftily situated apartment in Paris, there came a letter to me from Julia. Her father was very ill. His papers having been put in order by a lawyer, she assisting in the filing, etc., she had for the first time discovered her obligation to me, and wrote to thank me. She said hardly a word of love. I was surprised and interested to find she letter charmingly written, and that of a cultivated woman. I begged in my answer that she would write again and tell me of her father's health. And so we entered into a correspondence they grew to be very intimate.

Mr. Delancey lingered in an invalid state, falling at last into imbecility; and it was a year after his death, when my student life was completed, and I was ready to return to my country, after an absence of eight years, that I found a strange excitement in the thought of seeing Julia; a strange dread, too, lest this might be the end of our friendship—a deep sense of the necessity that had grown in me for the companionship of this mind. The depth of her thought surprised me; her spirituality elevated me; I learned from her while she was unconscious of it. I consulted her on serious matters; her taste and intuition seemed to me infallible; and all the while she thought herself in my debt because I recommended to her the reading of a few books, whose names she could have easily found in any library catalogue.

When I landed in New York late in June, finding everybody out of town, I wandered discouragingly about the streets, given over to the vendors of old hats and strawberries, putting off the hour when I should take the train for B——.

I realized that there must be a change in my relation with Julia—that the purely intellectual companionship possible in a correspondence kept up at a distance must in the shock of meeting be either quite overthrown, or turn to an emotional affection. The first I could not face; the second possible. The image of Julia, too plump, with a white dress fastened at the back, her chestnut hair, wild and curly, falling on her neck and about her blushing round face, laughing, shielding her blushes with her plump hands—constantly rose to my mind. It was pretty enough. It was not all my ideal. I returned to my hotel and read half a dozen of her last letters. Yes, this was the woman who could be my companion and helpmeet, who would expect of me my highest self, and give me a tender and comprehensive love—if she gave me any. I paused. She was not a woman to be lightly won—this woman of the letters. Suppose she cast me off, and I went all my life missing what I had almost known. She might not like me when she saw me. I might have a dozen unknown rivals. She had never mentioned any one to me in this connection. Yet we had written of love abstractly, and friendship of marriage. Her ideal was a high one.

I would not go, I would write. It was easier to write than begin a new relation viva voce. I passed three more disconsolate days awaiting her answer, and the little note in my pocket was all that came.

The delays of the train I was in caused me much anxiety, as it was to connect with the last one that evening, to B——. The conductor reiterately assured me that it was "all right," and I found it all wrong by the space of three minutes, which I alighted at the station, and there was nothing to do but to put up at the hotel for the night. It was a hotel much frequented by summer visitors on account of its vicinity to many attractive places, easily reached by parties of pleasure, to which end the roads were sown with mile stones and sign-posts, which were an aggravation to behold, especially the one setting forth that it was forty miles to B——. Perhaps I could get a horse to take me there. I insinuated as much to the keeper of the hotel, but he insisted that there wasn't a horse left in the village, as a large party had taken advantage of the full moon to visit and keep within sound of a remarkable water-fall.

The pizza and a cigar proved no consolation in my friendless frame of mind. I took my newspaper into the parlor to read it by the usual kerosene lamp, which stood on the usual worsted mat and marble-topped table. The identical cheap engravings common to all country inns of my native land stared familiarly at me from the white walls, the horse-hair sofa stood uncomfortably in the corner, and certain ferrotypes and photographs of people with an undue proportion of hands adorned the mantel-piece.

The paper had nothing in it. I took out the note. The words had ceased to have any meaning to me. I went to the window and looked out upon the pizza, attracted by heavy foot steps. They were those of an old lady who tramped in the moonlight wearily, dragging her shadow behind her with a comic expression of futile hurry. Now she turned and retraced her steps, seeming to chase the unfortunate shadow with a conscientious, pondering haste, as if she was anxious lest in her unwieldiness it should get there before her. With that puerile interest that small things have for us in moments of excitement, I stood watching her till she turned the corner of the piazza and left my exterior world unpeopled.

I was pondering on the effect little things have upon us, how undoubtedly that old lady had set some seed in my mind to hear fruit of some kind, some day, when we had both forgotten this day and hour, when two other people came into my world—a lady and gentleman.

They had seated themselves before I noticed them. The lady, whose back was turned to me, threw off the black lace shawl that she had worn over her charming head, and tossed herself with a quaint fan made of black ostrich feathers. Her dress was of gaily black with many well-adjusted ruffles. I thought she seemed weary. Her companion wore a reckless, excited air. He had a boyish, slender figure, a mouth at once coarse and sensitive, not concealed by his full, light mustache. He might have been any age from twenty to forty, for his boyishness seemed rather a matter of constitution than years; and his fair silky hair, tossed and blown, might have belonged to a young child, and the marks about his heavy-lidded blue eyes one could as easily attribute to dissipation as to maturity. He kneeled with one knee in the seat of a chair, lying his exquisite delicate hands over the back of it, and, always seeming about to speak, said nothing, but drew his breath quickly through his parted lips.

"You promised me never to say anything more to you on the subject, and you have broken your promise," said the lady. Her voice, which was strangely sweet, seemed to qualify the severity of her words. The man seemed to answer the voice:

"You couldn't expect me to keep it. I didn't expect to meet you."

"No, I couldn't expect you to keep it, and I didn't mean to meet you. I shouldn't have come here had I known."

"What made you come?"

With a little, low, half-sad laugh the lady said: "I was afraid of a ghost."

"I should think you might, perhaps, be afraid of a ghost. You seem afraid of nothing real. You might perhaps like a ghost better than a flesh and blood man."

She laughed again; half embarrassed. I could fancy in the shadow that she blushed. "Perhaps I might."——

"You grow morbid shut up with books in a sick room!"

I was this the explanation of the slender white hand and wrist, the forehead and cheek, so pale in the bait light, contrasted with the dark hair and dress? She was an invalid. Her step, I remember, was full of a springing voice.

"No, I only learned some new things."

"And found that I didn't satisfy you. Before you half finished that I should, and the change seemed to come on the Friday that I found you writing letters by the window, when I brought you your ring I had found in the lily pond. You never explained it to me."

The lady turned gravely and said: "How can one explain one's own development? That day, I saw myself and you. You were playing yourself unhappy—that you cannot, girl that nerves you should be tested at other excitement the moment you had won me would be the moment in which you would be again adrift. It is not myself that you love. Forgive me for trying to make you see your own mistake."

As if to change the subject, she pointed with her fan to a humming-bird, at this moment poising above a cluster of honeysuckles, and, rising from her chair, stretched her arm up the dark vine and plucked a flower.

I forget the loveliness of a woman, with a slender throat and little waist. Her motion was exquisite, depending on a certain poise and balance. She drew my heart with every step. Her companion seemed half stupefied as he watched her. She stopped near him, fastening the honeysuckle in her dress. Now that I saw her face, it haunted me with a resemblance to I knew not whom. Somewhere I had seen it—yet surely not this face. It might have been that of an enthusiastic man. There was a holy fire in the eyes, and the simple young woman was strangely sad.

"I wish I don't know what you ask—what you would ignorantly take on your shoulders. Marriage would be to you a galling tie—an impossible responsibility. If I loved you I would not marry you. It is well that I do not. It would be harder for us both. There should be the sympathy that outlasts youth, and has its roots in the secret springs of the mind and soul."

"I don't know what you say," said the man, springing up and standing before her. "You don't know what it means to love. He paused as with a sudden fear. "Do you? Is it not I?"

"I don't know," she said softly.

A sound in the robin startled me to a realization of my position—eavesdropping! but the people were strangers whom I should never see again. The sound was from my host, the inhabitance in the hotel after the last—the quiet, old lady—who had entered the room without my observing her, and fallen asleep in the chair lately left. Of her cheerful rest she was giving audible evidence.

I went to my room with an uncomfortable sense of restlessness, pursued by the reminiscence of that strangely sweet voice and exquisite motion of the nameless lady, and her fairy-like figure came over between me and the vision of my intellectual, plump cousin. Her sympathy, that outlook upon youth, and has its easily found in any library catalogue.

I took from my bag a little pile of letters very precious to me, and counted them over by the light of my small lamp.

It must have been in the small hours of the night, or morning, that I fell asleep, and woke to find with the healthy daylight a healthy impatience to see my cousin, and the strange little lady in the gauzy black, with her strange contradictions, seemed to me creatures of a dream gone like the humming-bird and the moonlight.

The earliest train found me the earliest passenger, and the hot summer morning found me walking rapidly toward a high garden gate in B——. The keeper of the lodge came out as I lifted the latch, for two people used a quiet, assuming terrier—and to tell me that Miss Delancey and the aunt who had lived with her since her father's death had gone away.

"Gone away?" Mingled with intense disappointment and chagrin, I felt an obstinate determination to go to the ends of the earth, if need be, to find her. "Gone where?"

"Only to N——— for a few days."

"Why, I've just come from there!"

"I'm very sorry, sir," said the man apologetically, drawing back as if he expected a blow.

I gave him a small fee instead, and rushed back to the station to take the next train, which turned out to be something to later. I didn't half believe the man at the lodge, and asked the host with much doubt when I reached the hotel if Miss Delancey was staying there with her aunt.

"Since yesterday morning. Was she in the house?"

I left see.

I waited some time, remembering that I hadn't given my name, and presently he returned saying that Miss Delancey was asleep, having returned from a long walk. I gave the host my card, telling him to take it to Miss Delancey when she woke. It was late in the afternoon that a servant knocked at my door and handed me a note in the familiar hand-writing: "I am waiting for you on the piazza."

I went rather deliberately down stairs to convince myself of my utter presence of mind. As I stepped upon the piazza the slender vision of the past night in her gauzy black draperies stood, with her back toward me, apparently absorbed in the contemplation of the soft purple shadows on the surrounding hills. With a sense of impatience that she should come there at this moment, I turned to look for my cousin, saying, "Julia are you here?"

A soft sound of moving draperies and the little lady in black was shyly holding out her slender hand to me: "Don't you know me?"

A speechlessness possessed me. All the little hand with a fear that it would elude me, and gradually traced the young girl's face I remembered in the exquisite grace of the woman before me, whose eyes were filling with tears.

"Don't say anything about it yet," she said with a pathetic fear. And I did my mind.

NOTICE.

MR. JOHN SHAVER WILL ORGANIZE A Class in Plain Business Penmanship, Friday Evening, March 5, at the Portland Academy. Tuition, Six Dollars.—Terms 15 Lessons. Stationery, &c., furnished to pupils free of charge. Papers can be left with the firm of J. K. Gill & Co., First street. fe25d6t

Harmony Encampment No. 4, C. of H. C.—Meets Tuesday Evenings at Good Templars' Hall, corner Third and Alder streets, at 7½ o'clock.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

FRIDAY EVENING, February 26, 1875.

Gold in New York, 114½.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying, 87½; selling 88½.

Legal tenders in San Francisco, 87½ buying, 88 selling.

Sight exchange on San Francisco, coin ½ % discount; currency ½ of 1 per cent. prem.

Sight exchange on New York, coin ¼ of one per cent. prem., and currency ½ of one per cent.

Price of sterling exchange in New York, $4.84½@4.88.

Gold bars, 725@750.

Our latest advices from European markets do not indicate any material improvement in rates though average California wheat ex warehouse in Liverpool had advanced from 8s 10d to 9s per cental. The Continental markets were still depressed and with further prospects there was little hope of any permanent rise in prices.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship Oriflamme for San Francisco with a fair freight, sailed at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The British bark Spirit of the Dawn has nearly completed her cargo and will go down to Astoria in a day or two.

The barkentine Portland and schooner Superior are discharging at Flanders' wharf.

The bark Corsica will begin to load on Monday next.

The British ship Euterpe is delayed by the low water in the upper river, a master her cargo is at Harrisburg and cannot be got down to her.

The barkentine Portland reported a vessel outside the bar as she came in last Wednesday. Probably one of the grain fleet due.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 26.—Arrived—Ship Sovereign of the Seas, New York; bark Northwest, Liverpool; Madison, E. R. Bodfish, Seattle.

Sailed—Ship Polin, Liverpool; bark Gem of the Ocean, Port Ludlow.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 26.—Flour—Extra, 5@5 12½; Wheat—Common shipping to choice milling, $1 45@1 47½.

Barley—Brewing, $1 50; feed, $1 25; coast, $1 20.

Oats—Good feed, $1 75; extremes, $1 60@1 85.

Corn—Yellow, $1 42½@1 47½; choice white, $1 62½.

Rye—Good, $1 62½.

Potatoes—$1 65@1 90.

EXPORTS.

Per steamer Oriflamme for San Francisco, dispatched by the S. S. Co., Feb. 26th—1,901 bxs apples, 97 qs bacon, 1,925 sks oats, 1,100 sks flour, 221 sacks onions, 126 bxs eggs, 22 casks pickles, 300 bbls hops, 7 bbls hops, 2 bbls office, 31 carriages, 55 sks and 140 bales hops, 2 bbls dried fruit, 28 crates fruit, 4 in hides, 3 bdls sheep skins, 9 do deer, 2 do calf, 1 bale beaver, 23 elk hides, 11 bdls trees, 200 cs wines, 2 bbls salmon, 2 cs castings, 2 cs papers, 1 cs bacon, 1 cs boots, 1½ bbls leather, 2 trunks, 30 pigs mdse, 30 tons pig iron.

Per German bark Willy Rickmers, to Cork for orders, dispatched Feb. 26th, by Allen & Lewis—14,905 bushels wheat valued at $18,946 52.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No. 1605.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING A CONTRACT for the work and repairs on Lot 6, Block 50, City of Portland, as follows:

Section 1. The Committee on Fire and Water for the City of Portland does ordain as follows:

That the Committee on Fire and Water are hereby authorized to contract for the following work and repairs in front of Lot 6, Block No. 50, provided that the cost thereof shall not exceed seventy-five dollars.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 18, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1606.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the Fire Department Fund.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the Fire Department Fund to the several objects hereinafter mentioned, and for the purposes of Ordinance No. 1630, or in such other manner as the Common Council may by Ordinance direct:

For the construction of cisterns and connecting cisterns with water mains, twenty-five hundred dollars.

For repairs to cisterns and cisterns, five hundred dollars.

For repairs to engine houses, six hundred dollars.

For repairs to engines and fire apparatus, two hundred dollars.

For coupling supplies to the Fire Department, one thousand dollars.

For the purchase of hose and couplings, fifteen hundred dollars.

For the purchase of two hose carriages, fourteen hundred dollars.

Section 2. The unexpended balance of all appropriations made out of the Fire Department Fund by Ordinance number prior to January 1, 1875, are hereby cancelled and returned to said fund.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1610.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE PURchase and erection of an Automatic System of Telegraphic Fire Alarm.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That the Committee on Fire and Water be and are hereby authorized to purchase and erect an automatic system of Telegraphic Fire Signal Boxes, Engine House Gongs, Bell-Ringing Apparatus and such other appurtenances as shall be required to establish a system of Telegraphic Fire Alarm, as described in a pamphlet entitled "Proposals," Three Hundred dollars.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1607.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING A CONtract for certain work on B street.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized in order into contract for the completion of the planking of the sidewalk on B street, between Fourth (Couldecutt) and North Fifteenth streets in such manner as they may deem most advisable: *Provided*, The cost thereof shall not exceed eighty dollars.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1608.

AN ORDINANCE FIXING THE PAY OF Police Commissioners.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

That the pay of the Police Commissioners is hereby fixed at three dollars per day for each day they are employed.

Section 2. Before any bills of said Commissioners for services shall be presented, they shall be certified to be correct by the President of the Board of Police Commissioners.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

JUST RECEIVED

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF THE CELEBRATED "ANCHOR" BRAND

NAILS.

THE BEST NAIL IN MARKET.

Shelf and Builders' Hardware.

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

&c., &c., &c., at

67 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK.

JOHN R. FOSTER.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

Field, Flower & Garden Seeds.

NEW STOCK JUST RECEIVED.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, Of all descriptions.

WHALE OIL and CARBOLIC SOAP for destroying insects. Also Trellises, Flowerpots, stands, etc. Send for Catalogue.

HACHENEY & STEMBLE, Grocers, Saw Flour and Tayloe sts., Portland, Or.

SUGAR AND RICE!

ON FALKINBERG, NOW IN THE RIVER, 1,100 kegs SUGAR—"JAMES MAKEE" and "Wailuku brands No. 1—

The Best that Comes to this Market,

AND

150 Bags Choice Hawaiian Rice,

For sale by

J. McCRAKEN & CO.

February 3, 1875.

PAPER HANGINGS

WILSON & FENIMORE,

MANUFACTURERS,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Samples Furnished.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon. Notice of Assignee of his appointment. District of Oregon, ss. At the city of Portland, the 9th day of February, A. D. 1875, the undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of A. Friedman, of Portland, in the county of Multnomah and State of Oregon, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition.

JOSEPH BACHMAN,
Assignee.
fe23d3t

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN THE Portland Postoffice, Feb. 27, 1875. Persons calling for these letters must give the date on which they are advertised.

Ladies' List.

Aclo, Mrs
Aikin, Miss D
Cline, Mrs Mary
Dibard, Mrs A
Dally, Mrs Kate
Daniels, Miss J
Dolan, Mrs Mary
Galbrith, Mrs M E
Groon, Miss Jane
Harper, Mrs C
Hanniban, Miss A
Kolditz, Miss Annie
Lellinger, Mrs Dr
Markham, Miss L A
Mercer, Mrs Jas
McCrum, Miss Maggie
Myers, Mrs M M
Moody, Mrs A
Mitchell, Mrs Theresa
Ogle, Mrs Mary
Peters, Mrs Jane
Rion, Mary A
Reuen, Miss H
Richardson, Mrs A
Richardson, Mrs Julia
Smith, Mrs A W
Strand, Mrs Julia A
Thompson, Miss Mary
Vannora, Belle
Wemore, Mrs L
Walker, Miss S
Ward, Mrs Nancy
Whittiley, Mrs Mary
Watson, Mrs Ethel
Wetch, Miss A
Wiuel, Mrs M A
Wilcox, Mrs Effie A

Gentlemen's List.

Atkins, J A
Adamson, A M
Aiken, James
Addison, J A
Anderson, Alex
Barnes, L
Bacon, Rufus
Bates, John
Bohannon, Jeff
Bolter, Geo
Brewer, E D
Burmeister, W
Brown, Rob C
Calberg, C
Callahan, M
Cashon, E
Collier, J W
Crockett, Geo
Connor, Daniel
Cranston, E F
Cline, J W
Dobermeyer, E B
Chauvey, Pierre
Curran, J W
Curry, Geo
Davis, M W
Dodd & Co, W
Duvall, N
Durcumb, C
Dickson, John
Edwards, Wm
Ell, Moses
Eckhardt, T F
Foster, W H
Fowler, S O
Graves, J E
Green, James
Gillespie, D E
Harmon, Mr
Hall, J R
Hendricks, H
Hoyt, C H
Hopkins, Chas
Hogan, Pierce
Hilliard, Henry
Hauch, Jno
Hume, J
Hunter, J W
Heughs, J S
Irvin, Major J
Jackson, Kirk
James, J
Johnson, Mr
LaChapelle, Jno
Lamphear, Jas
Levy, L
Lee, C W
Marks, C
Marshall, B
Munsell, C
Marineveich, P
Morgan, D W
McCough, B
McGillis, Donald
McKenzie, Allen
Moser, John
Miller, Frank
Murray, Geo
Munkl, Jerome
Mullin, M J
Northwest Com Co
Norton, L
Norton, E
Newman, J W
O'Neil, J P
Peterson, O
Peschel, Wm
Portervait, Chas
Powell, Edward
GEO. E. COLE, P. M.

MARKETS.

EUREKA MARKET.

EDDY & DAVIS,

First Street, between Taylor and Salmon,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all kinds of

Puget Sound and Columbia River Fish,

Oysters, Clams, Poultry, Game,

GENERAL PRODUCE, &C.,

At reasonable prices.

In soliciting public patronage we feel assured that in giving strict attention to business will receive a liberal share in the same.

Hence our style will be
Cheap for cash and will sp
To friends and all
Please give us a call.

REID & VESTAL.

BUTCHERS & PACKERS,

Stalls 8, 9 and 10 Central Market.

SHIPS AND STEAMBOATS SUPPLIED.

HOME AGAIN!

J. S. KELLER,

Has returned to be

COR. MADISON AND FIRST STREETS,

Where he will be prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.

E. H. GARLING,

Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

CHRIS. SCLOTH

INVITES HIS OLD PATRONS AND the public generally to call at his

NEW BUTCHER SHOP,

Washington St., one door East of Third

LIST OF POST-OFFICES.

OREGON.

Baker Co.
Auburn,
Augusta,
Baker City,
Clarkesville,
Express Ranch,
Eldorado,
Humboldt Basin,
Jordan Valley,
Pritchards,
Rye Valley,
Susan,
Wingville,

Benton.
Alsea Valley,
Drift Creek,
Corvallis,
King's Valley,
Little Elk,
Monroe,
Newport,
Newton,
Philomath,
Summit,
Toledo,
Yaquina,

Clackamas.
Beaver,
Butte Creek,
Canby,
Clackamas,
Clear Creek,
Cuttingsville,
Damascus,
Eagle Creek,
Final Tidings,
Highland,
Holmes,
Milwaukie,
Needy,
Norton,
Oregon City,
Oswego,
Sandy,
Springwater,
Zion,
Mitla,

Clatsop.
*Astoria,
Clifton,
Jewell,
Knappa,
Nehalem,
Skipanon,
Seaside House,
Westport,

Coos.
Coos River,
Coquille,
Coos City,
Dora,
Empire City,
Enchant'd Prairie,
Fairview,
Henryville,
Hermansville,
Iowa Slough,
Marshfield,
Out,
Randolphin,
Salkis,
Sitkum,
Utter City,

Columbia.
Columbia City,
Clatskanie,
Marshland,
Rainier,
Riverside,
St. Helens,
Sauvies Island,
Scappoose,

Curry.
Chetco,
Ellensburg,
Port Orford,

Douglas.
Camas Valley,
Cleveland,
Cole's Valley,
Ft. Canyonville,
Drain,
Elkton,
Galesville,
Gardiner,
Lookingglass,
Myrtle Creek,
*Oakland,
Pass Creek,
Reedsburg,

Grant.
Alvord,
Canyon City,
Camp Watson,
Fayville,
John Day City,
Prairie City,
Parkersville,
Sumter,

Jackson.
Applegate,
Ashland Mills,
Brownsborough,
Central Point,
Drew's Valley,
Eagle Point,
Grants Pass,
Jacksonville,
Lakeport,
Table Rock,
Willow Springs,
Yoncalla,

Josephine.
Kirby,
Leland,
Lake Creek,
Waldo,
Murphy,

Lane.
Butte Disappointment,
Big Prairie,
College Grove,
Coast Fork,
Camp Creek,
Canwright,
Crow,
*Eugene City,
Franklin,
Goshen,
Junction,
Long Tom,
Mohawk,
Pleasant Hill,
Rattlesnake,
Siuslaw,
Spencer Creek,
Springfield,
Willamette Forks,

Lake.
Lost River,
Tule Lake,

Linn.
Albany,
Big Prairie,
Brownsville,
Crawfordsville,
Diamond Hill,
Fox Valley,
Grass Ridge,
Waterloo,
Harrisburg,
Halsey,
Jordan,
Lebanon,
Miller,
Mount Pleasant,
Newburn,
Peoria,
Pike,
Scio,
Soda Springs,
Shedds,
Sodaville,
Sweethome,
Tangent,

Marion.
Aurora,
Aumsville,
Brooks,
Gervais,
Hubbard's,
Jefferson,
Marion,
Monitor,
Newsberville,
Salem,
Silverton,
Stayton,
Ten Mile,
Umpqua City,
Wilbur,
Yoncalla,

Multnomah.
East Portland,
*Portland,
Powell's Valley,
Sandy,
William's Slough,

Polk.
Bethel,
Buena Vista,
Dalla,
Eola,
Elk Horn,
Grand Ronde,
Independence,
Lincoln,
Luckiamute,
Lewisville,
Monmouth,
Perrydale,
Richland,
Rickreall,
Zena,

Tillamook.
Garibaldi,
Jelchis,
Scharts,
Nestockton,
Tillamook,
Trask,

Umatilla.
Butter Creek,
Hepner,
Marshall,
Meadowville,
Lena,
Pilot Rock,
Pendleton,
Umatilla,
Weston,
Willow Forks,

Union.
Cove,
Island City,
*La Grande,
North Fowder,
Orodell,
Summerville,
Union,
Wallowa,

Wasco.
Spencer Creek,
Dufur,
Hood River,
Prineville,
Mitchell,
Mt. Hood,
Scotts,
Shellrock,
Spanish Hollow
The Dalles,
Warm Springs,
Wasco,
Willoughby,

Washington.
Beaverton,
Cedar Mill,
Cornelius,
Dilley,
*Forest Grove,
Glencoe,
Greenville,
Hillsboro,
Joppa,
Middleton,
Mountain Dale
Peake,
Shollsferry,
Taylor's Ferry,
Wapato,
West Union,

Yamhill.
Amity,
Bellevue,
Carleton,
Dayton,
Lafayette,
McMinnville,
North Yamhill,
Sheridan,
West Chemeketa,
Wheatland,
Newberg.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Clallam Co.
Neah Bay,
New Dungeness,
Port Angeles,

Clarke.
Battle Ground,
Bruns Prairie,
Fourth Plain,
Lewis River,
Pioneer,
Salmon Bridge,
Vancouver,
Washougal,

Chehalis.
Cedarville,
Chehalis Point,
Elma,
Hoquiam,
Montesano,
Oakville,
Satsop,
Sharon,

Cowlitz.
Castle Rock,
Carrolton,
Freeport,
Kalama,
Lower Cowlitz,
Martinshurst,
Monticello,
Mt. Coffin,
Oak Point,
Pekin,

Island.
Coupeville,
Cowland,
Useless,

Jefferson.
Port Discovery,
Port Ludlow,
*Port Townsend,

King.
Black River,
Dunnbelly,
Fall City,
*Seattle,
Slaughter,
Stanwoodale,
Squak,
White River

Kitsap.
Blakely,
Port Madison,
Port William,
Port Orchard,
Seabeck,

Klickitat.
Dilcell House,
Columbus,
Goldendale,
Klickitat City,
White Salmon,

Lewis.
Belshirt,
Chehalis,
Cowlitz,
Claquato,
Little Falls,
Skookumchuck,

Pacific.
Brookfield,
Bruespert,
Chinook,
Knappton,
Oysterville,
Riverside,
Tilly,
Walton,
Woodard's Landing,

Shahomish.
Lowell,
Millerton,
Snohomish,
Tulalip,

Skamania.
Cascades,

Stevens.
Chattaroy,
Cook Creek,
Fort Colville,
Four Lakes,
Owensburgh,

Thurston.
Beaver,
Miami Prairie,
Olympia,
Tenino,
Tumwater,
Yelm,

Whatcom.
Cheaville,
Ferndale,
La Conner,
Lehland,
Lopez,
Orcas Island,
Samish,
Semiahmoo,
Ship Harbor,
Whatcom,
Woodard's Landing,

Whitman.
Ewersville,
Palouse,

Yakima.
Attanum,
Ellensburg,
Fort Simcoe,
Konnewack,
Kittas,
Moxee,
Pleasant Grove,
Selah,
Yakima,

Walla Walla.
Alpowa,
Burkesville,
Dayton,
Pataha,
Touchet,
*Walla Walla,
Waitsburg,
Whitman,

*Money Order Offices.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE WILL BE a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Granger's Market Company at their office in the city of Portland, on Tuesday, March 2, 1875.

JAMES IMBRIE,
President.

J. J. IMBRIE, Secretary.
Portland, Feb. 17, 1875. fe19d2tw2t

LAW CARDS.

C. H. CARTER. JOHN B. WALDO.

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

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T. C. JOHNSON. F. C. MCCOWN. H. A. MACRUM.

JOHNSON, M'COWN & MACRUM,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

OFFICE IN MONNASTER'S BRICK, First Street, Above the Occidental Hotel, Portland, Oregon.

W. S. NEWBURY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Has Removed from Holmes' Building to Rooms 10 and 11 Monnastes's Building, FIRST, BET. MORRISON & YAMHILL.

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Attorney at Law—Oregon City, Oregon.

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RE-OPENED!

CLARENDON HOTEL!

Corner of F and First Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL, NEWLY FURnished throughout in a superb manner, is now open for the reception of guests.

The Finest Rooms and the Best Table in Oregon, at moderate prices.

Situated within two blocks of the Depots of the Oregon and California and Oregon Central Railroads, and within one block of the wharf of the Oregon Steamship Company.

Street Cars pass the door.

Free Coach to and from the House.

Street Car tickets furnished free to guests.

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THOMPSON HOUSE,

First and Jefferson Streets.

Board and Lodging, per week	$5 00
Board, without Lodging	4 00
Board and Lodging, per day	75

The House is now and best finished, and the board is as good as any first class house.

HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT.

Men with families will be charged moderately.

A Wagon attends the Steamers and Railroads.

Employers in want of help, please call.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

This compound of the vegetable alteratives, sarsaparilla, Dock, stillingia and Mandrake with the iodides of Potassium and Iron makes a most effectual cure of a series of complaints which are prevalent and afflicting. It purifies the blood, drives out the lurking humors in the system that undermine health and scatter the seeds of disease and death in the form of running sores, pimples, blotches, boils, tumors, tetter, erysipelas, scrofula, and all diseases that arise from impure blood. Internal derangements are the determination of these same humors from the blood. Which they may cause, they discover, and whose substance they disease and destroy. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA excels these humors from the blood. Which they may cause, they discover, and whose substance they disease and destroy. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA excels these humors from the blood. Which they may cause, they discover, and whose substance they disease and destroy. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA excels these humors from the blood. *Ulcers, Lungs, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tumors, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Humors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhœa and Uterine Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Dumpsies, Emaciation and General Debility.* With their departure health returns.

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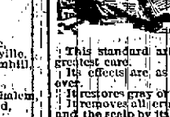

This standard article is compounded with the greatest care, and its effects are as wonderful and satisfactory as ever.

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color.

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 1, 1875.

CONGRESS EXCITED OVER NEGLECTED WORK.

It can not have escaped the observation of the reader that for the last two or three weeks Congress has been in constant excitement and commotion. The Civil Rights bill and the Force bill are the cause of all this ferment. In one way or another these two measures edge themselves into every debate and become active forces in determining most of the votes taken in either House.

These are important matters. Their operation will affect the destinies of the entire Republic. It is claimed, furthermore, that the enjoyment by a very numerous class of citizens, of the rights conferred upon them by the Constitution, depends upon the enactment of these measures into laws. It is difficult, therefore, to over-estimate their importance, and it is easy to understand how Congress gets worked up into such an excitement over the subject.

But considering the admitted importance of these measures, how does it happen that they are liable to fail for want of time? What has Congress been doing through all these months, that matters of such gravity must come in at the very heel of the session, to be passed through without proper discussion and deliberation, or to fail for want of time? If these are proper measures were they not proper to be introduced at the opening of the session, and pressed on with reasonable diligence to a final vote? There has not been a time within the last two years, when all the facts now known respecting the condition of society at the South, and even much more, have been alleged to be true by the majority in Congress. Indeed, the recent investigations conducted mainly by the Republicans themselves, have rather diminished than increased the amount and reliable character of the evidence on which these measures are deemed necessary. Why, then, have not these matters received attention sooner? All the long session of a year ago and all the present session until just now nothing was done except what Charles Sumner did; and he was crippled in his efforts by the fact that he was not at perfect understanding with "the party."

There are but three days more of the present Congress. It is scarcely possible for the Force bill to be acted on by both houses. The civil rights bill will probably get through, but the other is the more important, if we are to believe the Republican leaders. Certainly its influence on the relations between States and the Federal government will be greater. Why then was it not attended to earlier, when it might have been fully discussed, and have reached a final vote? The circumstances lend color to the suggestion that there has been an understanding all along to the effect that Congress was to shirk its duties and responsibilities in the premises, and leave the President to govern the South in accordance with the peculiar and exaggerated notions he entertains of his lawful powers over the local affairs of States.

RAILWAY EARNINGS.

The advocates of laws regulating freights and fares on the railways could have no better argument in support of their cause than is furnished by the annual report of the Pennsylvania Railway Company, a synopsis of which we present in this morning's telegrams. The earnings of the road during the past year, over and above expenses, reach the enormous sum of $23,500,000. And in the expense account are included the fixed and regular dividends on the capital stock. That is, the railways operated by the company have produced net profits enough to pay current expenses, enable the company to declare and pay the usual dividends on stock, and still have $23,500,000 for further dividends. That is a very handsome property, surely, especially when we take into consideration the fact that the roads of the company have been built upon the modern system, in which the stock cost either nothing at all, or at most not over ten or fifteen per cent. of its face, in money.

But the case becomes stronger, when it is stated a little further on that the roads operated by the company west of Pittsburgh have produced enough to pay all expenses, pay a dividend of 7 per cent.—good interest on the Atlantic coast—on the entire capital stock of the company and leave a margin of over $800,000 for contingencies. These Western lines are a separate system from the Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey and Maryland system. So the net earnings of the latter are to be added to this immense surplus, in order to come at the actual profits of the concern.

As we remarked, the roads of this company were built on the modern plan—one dollar of cash and ten, say, of bonds. But it has not been subjected to the further stock-jobbing processes that have made the name of the Erie Company odorous, and reduced the Pacific Mail to its present status. The Pennsylvania has been, in general, managed honestly, at least to the extent that it has not been used to rob its own people; and its report shows probably the exact truth as to its earnings. Can anybody look these figures in the face, and say there ought to be no laws to prevent the railway monopolies from charging extortionate rates?

The OREGONIAN, through its regular correspondent at Astoria, gave its readers last Saturday morning the full particulars of the accident to the steamer *Los Angeles*, as related by Captain Howell, who came ashore below Clatsop Beach and thence to Astoria to get a tug to go to the relief of his steamer. The *Bulletin*, behind hand as usual, had none of the particulars. But it made up for its want of enterprise by inserting the OREGONIAN'S letter as a telegraphic dispatch to the *Bulletin*, making such changes in the form of heading, date line, &c., as were necessary to make it look like a telegraphic report. The *Bulletin* has evidently come to the conclusion that by relying on the OREGONIAN altogether for its news it can run at less cost and make itself more reliable.

We observe in the *Penn Monthly* a very handsome article on "The Pioneer Government of Oregon," from the graceful pen of ex-Governor Geo. L. Curry.—The Governor, like all who have studied the history of the Provisional Government of Oregon, is an admirer of its simplicity and of the brave men and women who planted American civilization in this extreme northwest years before California ceased to be a part of Mexico.

THE GALAXY.—This magazine always excellent, presents a splendid table of contents in its March number. Besides the serials, which constitute a feature of the *Galaxy*, this number has quite the usual amount of sterling matter. The most attractive article is "A Leaf from Unwritten History," in which are exhibited the singular relations that existed between the great Napoleon and Canova, the Italian sculptor. This paper alone is worth a year's subscription to the *Galaxy*.

George Ticknor Curtis is out in another legal argument against the power of Congress to order a new election in Louisiana. This second letter is in reply to E. W. Stoughton's second letter on Louisiana affairs.

The estate of the late Congressman Hooper, of Massachusetts, is valued at $5,000,000.

THE BILL TO GOVERN THE SOUTH.

Following is the bill for governing the Southern States, which is under discussion in Congress:

SECTION 1. That if two or more persons within the jurisdiction of the United States or of any of the States of the Union shall forcibly overthrow a State government, or any of the constituted authorities of the same, or interfere in any forcible or unlawful manner with the due execution of the laws of a State, or of the United States, or conspire for such purposes with the intent to commit a crime, the person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a felony and punished with a fine not exceeding $10,000 and imprisonment at hard labor not exceeding ten years.

SEC. 2. If two or more persons shall conspire to usurp by force any such government, or any department thereof, or shall attempt to subvert or usurp such State government, or shall actually overthrow the government of any State, such person, upon conviction, shall be deemed guilty of a crime, and fined not less than $5,000 and imprisonment not exceeding two years.

SEC. 3. No citizen of the United States entitled to vote at an election for Representative in Congress, under the constitution of the United States, or under the fundamental conditions prescribed in any of the acts of Congress admitting any of the States lately in rebellion, shall be deprived of such right to vote by any action of such States, whether by act of the legislature or amendments to the several State constitutions. If any officer charged with conducting such election shall refuse at any election for Congress to receive the vote of any such citizen in consequence of any such action, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction be fined $500 to $1,000, and imprisonment not exceeding one year.

SEC. 4. Any person using firearms or other deadly weapons against any persons at any place on the day of registrations for the Congressional elections for the purpose of intimidating or injuring such persons while such elections in progress, and who shall do the same before any election, shall be guilty of a crime; penalty $500 to $2,000; imprisonment not exceeding three years: *Provided*, That if any person shall carry concealed firearms or other deadly weapons at such elections or place of registration this shall be taken as presumptive evidence of the attempt to intimidate under this act.

SEC. 5 provides that any registration officer or supervisor appointed under the laws of any State who shall refuse to permit citizens to vote or to register, or to allow them sufficient opportunities to register or to obtain proper information, shall also be deemed guilty of a crime; penalty $500 to $1,000; imprisonment six months to two years.

SEC. 6 relates to ballot-boxes, poll-lists, and other papers connected with elections. It declares the abduction or mutilation of any of these papers a crime, punishable by a fine of $500 to $3,000, and imprisonment two to five years.

SEC. 7 provides that if any person shall be killed while acting under this law, such killing shall be murder, punishable with the death penalty.

SEC. 8 confers civil and criminal jurisdiction under this act on United States Courts.

SEC. 9 provides for the appointment of general supervisors of elections in all Congressional districts, in the same manner as is now provided in any town from 10,000 to 20,000 inhabitants. The supervisors may be appointed from any part of the district, and are to be appointed by the Judges of the United States Circuit Courts thirty days before registration. There is to be a chief supervisor in every district.

SEC. 10 provides for the extension of the existing laws as to deputy United States marshals, so that marshals may be appointed in every county and parish in every congressional district.

SEC. 11 prescribes the duties of the officers in charge of the ballot-boxes, on the day of election; makes it their duty to count the votes before leaving the ballot-boxes, in the presence of the supervisors of election or deputy marshal, and to immediately send a certified copy of the returns to the chief supervisor of the district and to the clerk of the national House of Representatives.

SEC. 12 provides that no officer acting under this act shall receive compensation, and that the ballot-boxes, papers, etc., shall be retained by the custodian until the close of the first session of the Congress to which they relate; also prescribes means whereby contestants in Congress may obtain certified copies of the ballots.

SEC. 14 provides that whenever any such unlawful combinations, as defined in the revised statutes and under this act, shall be organized or attempted, and so numerous and powerful as to be able, by violence, to set at defiance and overturn any State authorities, in all such cases such combinations shall be deemed a rebellion against the United States, and during the continuance of such rebellion within the limits which shall be prescribed by the proclamation of the President of the United States, it may be lawful for the President of the United States, in his discretion, to suspend the privileges of the writ of habeas corpus; and it is provided also that all the provisions of the second section of the act of March 3, 1865, relating to habeas corpus, are hereby revived in full powers.

SPEAKER BLAINE IN CAUCUS.

The following is given by a Washington correspondent as an authentic outline of Speaker Blaine's remarks in the Republican Congressional caucus, on Friday, viz.:

The speaker confined his remarks wholly to the proposition for a general suspension of the writ of habeas corpus, and made no reference whatever to any other subject. He stated that he could see no possible reason for giving the President the power to suspend the great writ at his discretion in Maine and Michigan because there was a disturbed condition of affairs in Louisiana or Mississippi. If there is a condition of affairs there to warrant it let the suspension be confined to the disturbed districts. He could not see why Southern States like Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee, that were now trying to sustain good governments, should be menaced and excited by a suspension of the habeas corpus. Moreover, the pending proposition was unlimited as to territory and unlimited as to time. The bill, if it should become a law, would confer upon the President of the United States, for all time to come, whoever that President might be, the right and power to suspend the habeas corpus at his sole and absolute discretion, in any city, county, district or State within the Union. He felt great respect for President Grant and would trust him as far as he would any executive officer, but he would never vote to confer this autocratic power upon any President, now or hereafter. Even if no actual harm should come from it for a long period of years, the people would in the end become too much familiarized with the suspension, and would lose that intense jealousy of individual, personal liberty which is the great characteristic of the Anglo Saxon race, and which all our legislation should stimulate rather than repress.

A REMINISCENCE OF SENATOR BUCKINGHAM.

Gov. Buckingham's course at the time of Mr. Lincoln's assassination was fully illustrative of the man. From the date of his majority he had been an earnest advocate of the cause of temperance and, a few weeks prior to the assassination, had electrified the nation by one of those sword-like thrusts at cowardly and unmanly habits in high places for which he was noted. In proclamation of the annual fast day in Connecticut, issued March 15th, he had recited, among the causes for pain, that the "oath of fidelity to the Constitution and to high official duty has recently been taken with a stammering tongue, in the presence of and to the reproach of the American people." This keen rebuke to national shame was announced throughout the country. Under the circumstances, almost any other man except Governor Buckingham would have hesitated to go immediately to Washington as he did to convey to President Johnson the assurance of Connecticut's determination to yield him a loyal support. This, however, was what Gov. Buckingham did at once. He left Norwich by the afternoon train on Saturday for the National Capital. A party was formed to escort him, and also escort Senator Foster of Norwich, who, by Mr. Lincoln's death, became Vice-President of the United States. It was composed of Gen. Aiken, Cols. Osgood and Selden, Henry Bill, Major Day, Lorenzo Blackstone, Dr. Thurston, and Major J. B. Dennis. They reached Washington the following day, and immediately repaired to the presence of President Johnson, to whom Senator Foster introduced them. Gov. Buckingham grasped Mr. Johnson's hand warmly, and, with tears in his eyes, pledged to the President of the United States the unfaltering support of Connecticut, and was the first Governor in the crisis who did so. Mr. Johnson was greatly moved, and earnestly agreed the Governor that whatever the past, no one should surpass him in the future in purity of devotion to the Union.

The following brief sketch of H. A. Garland, Governor of Arkansas, is given by a *Herald* correspondent:

He is a tall and rather portly gentleman, of commanding appearance, a native of North Carolina, but resident in the State since boyhood. He is a lawyer by profession, and, as such, stands at the head of his profession. Before the war he was a Whig, and in 1861 was elected a delegate to the secession convention from his county as a Union man. The Union men had a majority in the convention, and it was not until Garland, the recognized leader of the party, went over, that the State seceded. As a reward for his change of front, he was sent to the Confederate States Senate, where he acquired some reputation. Since the war he has been steadily working for a seat in the United States Senate, and will probably be Clayton's successor should the present government stand. He is a man of unquestioned ability.

MARRIED:

At Silver City, I. T., Feb. 16, Thomas Jones and Mrs. Ramona Nunnally.

DIED:

At Newport, Benton county, Feb. 11, Mrs. Elizabeth T. Collins, aged 82 years.

On the Lower Yakima, Feb. 11, John B. Newton, aged 29 years.

NEW TO-DAY.

SASH-RIBBONS. Col'd Gro Grain Ribbons and Ladies' Silk-Ties, for sale by JOHN WILSON.

PROGRESS CLUB.

REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING THIS, MONday Evening, at 8 o'clock. ISAAC BEUM, Secretary.

PIANO FOR SALE.

ONE FINE STODART PIANO, IN GOOD order, for sale. Apply at the Auction Salesroom of A. B. RICHARDSON.

GRAND

Vocal and Instrumental

CONCERT!

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

Beth Israel Synagogue,

AT

MASONIC HALL!

Tuesday Evening, March 2, '75,

On which occasion several well known Amateurs have kindly volunteered, including the **Amateur Musical Society**, numbering 14 performers, under the direction of Mr. SIMON HARRIS.

PROGRAMME.

PART FIRST.

1. Orchestra.—Overture to "Italiana in Algieri"..... Rossini
Amateur Musical Society.
2. Vocal Solo—The "Lugger"..... N. J. Sporle
Mr. Townsend.
3. Violin Solo—"La Fille du Regiment"..... Donizetti
Mr. Brenner.
4. Vocal Solo—"Si Tu Savais"..... Balfe
Miss Clementine Meyer.
5. Instrumental Duet—Piano and Organ..... Faust
Messrs. Theilsen and DeLyons.
6. Vocal Solo—"La Primavera"..... Torry
Miss Emma Gilmer.
7. Orchestra—Waltz, "Romantic"..... Launer
Amateur Musical Society.

PART SECOND.

1. Orchestra—Selections from "La Favorita"..... Donizetti
Amateur Musical Society.
2. Instrumental Trio—2 Zithers and Guitar—"Lucia di Lammermoor"
Messrs. Frohman, Prant and Miller.
3. Vocal Trio—Bohemian Girl..... Balfe
Miss Mayer, Messrs. Franklin and Townsend.
4. Piano Solo—Fantasia "La Sonambula"..... Leybach
Miss Eugenie Rosenheim.
5. Vocal Solo—"O Mio Fernando" La Favorita..... Donizetti
Miss Clementine Meyer.
6. Orchestra—March, En Avant..... Gungl
Amateur Musical Society.

Concert will commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Tickets, One Dollar.

CITY POUND NOTICE.

TAKEN UP AT THE CITY POUND, 1 BLACK heifer Cow, white spots on her sides, white spot in her forehead. The above cow will be sold for charges on Wednesday, March 3d, at 12 o'clock M., at public sale, if not redeemed.

CHARLES LAWRENCE, City Pound Master.

mar1d2t

LOUNGES

Of every description covered in Leather, Hair-cloth, Terry, Rep, Carpet, Damask and Enamel cloth. Easy and Smoking Chairs of many patterns, made by the

OREGON FURNITURE MANUFACTURING COMP'Y, PORTLAND.

WHITE LEAD.

ATLANTIC, BARTLETT, JEWETT'S and COMMON BRANDS, in wood and tin—

At the Lowest Market Rates.

HODGE, CATEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

PAPER BAGS

ALL SIZES—A SPECIALTY

AT THE AGENCY OF

CLACKAMAS MILLS,

72 Front street.

Juvenile Singing Class.

MRS. HOLBROOK'S JUVENILE SINGING Class will be resumed, Saturday, March 6th, at 1 P. M.

NEW TO-DAY.

North British & Mercantile

INSURANCE COMPNY

OF

LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

Having complied with the Laws of Oregon, is prepared to conduct

Business.

The Company is without a rival in point of stability, having carried on Business for SEVENTY YEARS, with gradually increasing Capital and reputation.

CAPITAL:

Ten Million Dollars, Gold.

Policies Written in Portland.

Assets in the United States alone, over

ONE MILLION SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

THOS. O. GRANT,

General Agent for Pacific Const.

Office in Portland,

No. 106 Front Street,

In Maj. Cook's Building, bet. Washington and Alder sts., where Patrons can now receive attention.

GEO. F. GRANT,

Special Agent.

L. H. WAKEFIELD [JOHN BARROWS.

WAKEFIELD & CO.,

DEALERS IN

CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH,

And all Kinds of

COAL.

ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS OF Produce, and personal attention given to the purchase and shipment of Merchandise and the sale of Oregon Produce.

San Francisco, Oct. 1, 1874.

BOSCO & MEGLER

PHOTOGRAPHERS,

No. 127 and 129 First Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

THIS NEW AND

Magnificent Establishment

HAS

SUPERIOR FACILITIES,

AND

PRODUCES AS FINE WORK

As any on the Coast.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

ONLY ONE FLIGHT OF STAIRS.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

Field, Flower & Garden Seeds.

NEW STOCK JUST RECEIVED.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

Of all descriptions.

WHALE OIL and CARBOLIC SOAP for destroying insects. Also, Trellises, Flowerpots, stands, etc. Send for Catalogue.

HACHENEY & STEMME, Grocers, daw First and Taylor sts., Portland, Or.

NOTICE.

PARTIES HOLDING TICKETS FOR THE CONcert on Tuesday evening, March 2, 1875, who were unable to procure reserved seats will please take notice that EXTRA CHAIRS will be placed in the Hall on that evening. The **Sale of Tickets is Limited** to the number of persons that can be seated in Masonic Hall. **No Tickets will be sold at the door.**

By order of the Committee.

fd

REMOVED.

WAGNER BROS. HAVE REMOVED THE **Washington Baths** from the old stand, No. 9 Washington st., to their new quarters, **Front Street**, opposite American Exchange, and keep up the old prices. **Warm Baths 25c. Hair Cutting 25c. Shampooing 25c.**

fe7tnewst

REOPENING OF THE

MAISON DOREE RESTAURANT.

HAVING PURCHASED AND REFITTED THE above Maison Doree throughout, I will reopen it as a First Class Restaurant, on MONDAY, March 1st, 1875.

The well Known reputation of the Maison Doree will be kept up, and a liberal share of the public patronage is solicited.

C. OPITZ.

TO IMMIGRANTS.

PLEASE CALL AT STATE BOARD OF IMMIgration Rooms, Ankeny's Market, and procure tickets enabling you to travel by railroad and Steamers all over the State at half fares. Also, where employment is obtainable, farms for sale and to rent, and other information as to Oregon, free of charge. fe27tf

AMUSEMENTS.

FOURTH

ANNUAL BALL!

OF

Baker & Canby Post No. 1,

G. A. R.,

AT

MASONIC TEMPLE,

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 4, 1875.

Committee of Arrangements.

COMRADES

Geo. C. Sears, Theo. Barker, C. E. DuBois,
Geo. W. Johnson, C. P. Bates.

Reception Committee.

COMRADES

J. H. Woodward, W. S. Newberry, Wm. Kamm,
A. A. Franklin, W. Y. Spencer.

Floor Committee.

COMRADES

Geo. C. Sears, Theo. Barker, Frank Beardsley,
C. E. DuBois, Jos. LeGrande.

Tickets (admitting gentleman and ladies), $2 00

The proceeds to be devoted to defraying expenses of MEMORIAL DAY, 30th May, 1875.

NEW

Adelphi Vaudeville Theater,

Oro Fino Block.

BRIGGS & BLISS..... Sole Proprietors.
CAL. MANDEVILLE..... Stage and Flor Manager

Open Every Evening with a full

VAUDEVILLE COMPANY

Of Talented Lady and Gentlemen Artists.

SINGING, DANCING, NEGRO FARCES, FUNNY SAYINGS, &c., &c.

FUN! FUN! FUN! NIGHTLY.

Admission, 50 Cents.

SKATING RINK.

Grand Masquerade!

SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 13, 1875.

Admission 50c. Reserved seats 75c.

Hereafter the Rink will be open every afternoon from 2 to 4. Ladies will be furnished skates free. Gentlemen 25c.

Saturday night, from 8 to 10, MUSIC. Admission 25c. (Ladies free.) Use of skates 25c.

H. C. MORRICE, Lessee.

THE

German Aid Society

OF THIS CITY

WILL GIVE A

Bazar and Grand Ball!

ON

APRIL 5, 6, 7 and 8, 1875,

AT THE

SKATING RINK!

The Proceeds will be applied to the Erection of a German Hospital.

OYSTERS.

JUST ARRIVED:

Yaquina Bay Oysters

AT THE

OXFORD OYSTER SALOON.

ALISKY & HEGELE'S

PREMIUM CANDY FACTORY,

No. 107 FIRST STREET.

N. B.—The only place where the justly celebrated

Pan-Roasts and Oyster Patties

ARE SERVED.

Gem Oyster Saloon!

THE PROPRIETOR ANTICIPATING a freeze up, ordered a large supply of EASTERN OYSTERS by the last steamer; and also, SHOALWATER BAY'S by last steamer from Astoria.

If the blockade continues the "GEM" will have the Oyster Business "Cornered."

N.B.—Our Oysters are all in a collar, away from the frost, and will keep for months.

THE OXFORD OYSTER SALOON

KEPT BY OLD WALLER, WHO FOR THE LAST four years conducted the Gem Oyster Saloon, to the universal satisfaction of his employers and all who visited said place, is now prepared to attend to the wants of his numerous friends at his own place, which alone warrants will be kept only on First Class principles. He also would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made arrangements to get all the SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS, expressly selected for him twice a week, and A No. 1 EASTERN OYSTERS per every steamer.

A cordial invitation is extended to Ladies and Gentlemen to come and convince themselves as to the kind of a place he keeps.

WM. WALLER.

Oak st., 2d door west of Founders' Drug store.

MOON'S

Pacific Oyster & Chop House,

S. E. Cor. Second and Stark Sts.

FRESH SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS, Ridin Stews, Fried Oysters, Fancy Roasts and large plate raw Oysters, **20 cents a dish.** Per Hundred 50 cents.

Prices reduced on account of doing all the work myself.

Everything is kept in first class style. Ladies and gentlemen desiring to visit a first class Oyster and Chop House are respectfully invited to call and I will guarantee they will find such at my place.

JOHN MOON.

fe9d1m

OSCAR KILBOURN,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Corner First and Pine Streets,

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, Etc.

Regular Sale Days, Tuesdays and Fridays

for A general assortment of Merchandise at private sale.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

SUGAR AND RICE!

ON "FALKINBURG," NOW IN THE RIVER, 1,100 kegs SUGAR—"JAMES MAKEE" and Wailuku brands No. 1—

The Best that Comes to this Market,

AND

150 Bags Choice Hawaiian Rice,

For sale by

J. McCRAKEN & CO.

February 3, 1875.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer

AJAX,

FRED. KOLLES..... Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above port

FRIDAY, MARCH 5, 1875,

At 12 o'clock, Noon.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner Front and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, FORT WRANGLE and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA.

JOHN HAYES..... Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above ports,

MONDAY, MARCH 8, 1875,

At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of Front and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

From Coos Bay & San Francisco

REGULAR STEAMSHIP LINE.

THE FAVORITE STEAMERS

EASTPORT,

J. F. WHITNEY..... Master.

EMPIRE,

C. H. BUTLER..... Master.

Make regular trips. Stages from Roseburg connecting with Steamers at Coos Bay.

F. SCHETTER, Agent, Coos Bay. D. BEADLE, Agent, San Francisco. 306 Davis street, near California.

RIVER STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE the Str. SENATOR will leave her dock (foot of ... street) every day (Sunday excepted), at 2:30 P. M. for Oregon City.

Passengers for Dayton and intermediate points will take cars at 2:30 P. M. connecting at Carnahan on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.

Rates of Freight:

Corvallis to Portland	$2 50
Albany and Salem	2 00
Harrisburg	3 00

All freights delivered in Portland free of drayage.

Up Freight, $1 00 per Ton.

Freight forwarded to Astoria with dispatch.

J. D. HUIES, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DAILY:

FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted), at 6 A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A.M.

For Cathlamet Bay Ports and Skamokawa way—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A.M.

For Westport, Marshland and Clifton—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

For ENAPPA—Thursday at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

The Willamette River Transportation Co.'s Steamers

Will leave the Central Wharf between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR HARRISBURG and intermediate points on the Willamette River, on Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Steamer BEAVER—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6, A. M.

Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

OHIO!

INDEPENDENT LINE!

THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER, OHIO,

Leaves Pacific Wharf, foot of Salmon street, FRIDAY, Feb. 26, for Harrisburg and all intermediate points on the Willamette river.

U. B. SCOTT, Master.

M. O. LOWNSDALE, Agent, on the Wharf.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. W. TROUPE, Master,

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM FOOT OF Alder Street for Vancouver, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M. For freight or passage apply on board.

CITY TAXES.

The TAX ROLL for 1875 is now in my hands for collection, and all Taxes assessed thereon must be paid at my office, No. 87 First St., within Thirty Days from this date or the same will be returned as delinquent.

L. H. LEWIS,

Treasurer City of Portland.

Portland, Feb. 11, 1875.

Don't Overlook This!

FOR $7,000; ORIGINAL COST, $11,300

Title Perfect, Terms Easy.

MY ELEGANT RESIDENCE ON THE NORTHeast corner Taylor and Twelfth streets, Lot 1 and 2, Block 308, is for Sale.

J. M. G. KALLICH.

REMOVED.

DR. J. R. CARDWELL, Dentist,

Has removed to Room No. 9, Dekum's Building, cor. First and Washington streets. daw

FROM HONOLULU.

THE CARGO OF THE JANE A. FALKINBURG consisting of Assorted Grades of

SUGARS, COFFEE, PULU AND RICE,

is offered to the Trade at low rates by

ALLEN & LEWIS.

SINGING CLASS.

MRS. HOLBROOK'S JUVENILE CLASS in VOCAL MUSIC will be held at the Vestry of the Presbyterian Church, on SATURDAYS, at 1 P. M. Terms, 50 cents per lesson.

The Adult Class on Wednesday evenings at the same place, 7½ P. M. Terms, 50c.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER

COR. OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND INVENTORIES.

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

At Private Sale,

Large assortment of GROCERIES and Liberal advances made on Consignments. To parties declining Housekeeping I will purchase Second-hand Furniture.

A. B. RICHARDSON.

Regular and Peremptory

Furniture, Groceries, General Merchandise, Etc.,

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1875,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

GROCERIES.

50 bxs Navy TOBACCO.
8,000 La Matilda CIGARS.
256 bxs C. O. SOAP.
200 bxs Fancy SOAP.
50 chests Japan TEA.
50 bxs WASHING POWDER.

ALSO,

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING.

ALSO,

20 sets Steel FIRE IRONS.
8 doz GALVANIZED BUCKETS.
6 doz Eng. FRY PANS.

ALSO,

PICTURES and FRAMES, HAT RACKS, &c.

ALSO,

BEDROOM, DINING ROOM and TILE FURNITURE.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

INSURANCE.

THE STATE

Investment & Insurance

COMPANY,

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE

Incorporated in 1871.

Cash Assets, - $

OFFICERS:

PETER DONAHUE, President. A. BRIANT, Vice President.
CHARLES H. CUSHING, Secretary.

This Company has no connection with any insurance combination. Its business is the Lowest Paying Insurance Co. that can be found, according to its own merits.

The undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company are prepared to accept applications and issue Fire and Marine risks at equitable rates.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

Office—[illegible] Street.

General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory.

N. B.—Agents wanted throughout the Territory.

Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.

OF CALIFORNIA.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Assets Exceed - $627,000

OREGON BRANCH,

98 Front Street, corner of Alder,

EDWARD HALL, Agent.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

MADE TO ORDER.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF BOOTS, made to order, go to

J. BRODY,

No. 5 Washington st.

Repairing promptly attended to.

E. CORBETT,

Livery, Hack & Feed

STABLE,

(FIRE PROOF)

COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR STS.

Reasonable Charges for Hire. Particular Attention paid to Boarding Horses.

OBSERVE PRICES:

Riding, $1 50 per hour.
Calling, $1 50 first hour, $1 each subsequent hour.
To boats, 50 cents each pass.
Funerals, $5 per Hack.
To and from Balls and Parties [illegible] promptly attended to at any [illegible].

Orders left at STABLE or [illegible] promptly attended to at any [illegible].

PROPOSALS for BRICK

FOR THE

STATE CAPITOL BUILDING

AT SALEM.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED [illegible] bricks necessary [illegible] according to plans and [illegible] seen at the Architect's [illegible].

Said bids must be accompanied by [illegible] with two or more sureties [illegible] per cent. of the amount bid, conditioned that if the contract be awarded to the bidder he will enter into bonds for the performance of said contract.

The bids received by the Board of Commissioners will be opened by said Board in the City of Salem, on the 10th day of March, 1875, at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day. The Board reserve to themselves the right to reject any and all bids.

U. S. Coin will be paid as the work progresses.

By order of the Board,

H. ST. [illegible],
Secretary.

P. L. WILLIS, Secretary.

Salem, Feb. 10, 1875.

HALL, BRADLEY & CO.,

WAREHOUSE

WARRANTED

PURE WHITE LEAD

NEW YORK.

50 Tons White Lead Pipe

IN

Tin Pails of 25 pounds each.
Wood Kegs of 250 lbs and 100 lbs.
Wood Kegs of 50 lbs and 25 lbs.

FORFEITED IF ADULTERATED.

For Sale to the Trade in [illegible] lots by

A. HAYWARD, Sole Agent,

ja22d1m2p 234 CALIFORNIA STREET.

WM. PFUNDER,

APOTHECARY AND CHEMIST,

DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE,

Corner of First and Oak streets, Portland.

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

WANTED!

ALL KINDS OF RAW FURS FOR SHIPment. Also, choice qualities for Home Consumption, for which we will pay the HIGHEST PRICES.

RUMELIN & GUTMAN,

Manufacturing Furriers, 80 First street, between Stark and Oak.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY OF OREGON.

THE FIRST REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of this Society will be held in their Hall, Ankeny's Building, on Monday evening, March 1st, 1875.

A full attendance is requested.

fe27d2t J. KEITH WILSON, Secretary.

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 1, 1875.

CITY.

SAMUEL'S PORTLAND DIRECTORY.—The Portland Directory for the year 1875, compiled and published by L. Samuel, has just been issued and a copy placed on our table. After a careful examination of the new work, we feel warranted in saying that no one of a similar character has yet been issued in Portland which could truthfully lay claims to superiority, either in the matter of contents or style of getting up. This directory contains 352 pages, printed and bound in neat and attractive style, and is embellished with several handsome cuts of many of the prominent buildings of the city. It contains a large amount of statistical and general information, concerning the growth, wealth, prosperity, progress and social status of the city, thus rendering the work invaluable as a source for ready reference. Several new and attractive features are added to the directory never before introduced in former publications of a like character. Among other innovations we observe the photographs of the Mayor and members of the Common Council, arrayed in an attractive style on the front page of each copy of the directory. Mr. Samuel has spared neither pains, expense nor labor in the compilation of the new directory. He has sought to make it the superior in every essential requirement to its predecessors, and we think the results of his labors have been most successful. If a few days subscribers will be served with copies, as the work of distribution will soon commence.

WHAT A POLICEMAN SHOULD BE.—An exchange well says: "The members of a well-appointed police force should all be men of high physical culture, and entirely free of any species of disease. The San Francisco police commissioners have adopted the following standard, by which all applicants for position upon the force must be selected:

1. Age, not under 21 nor over 45.
2. Hight, not less than 5 feet 6 inches.
3. That his chest exceeds 31 inches.
4. That he has the free use of all his limbs.
5. That his hearing, vision and speech are perfect.
6. That he has no tumors, or ulcerated or relatively cicatrized legs, or rupture or cutaneous affection.
7. That he has received no contusion or wound in the head that may impair his faculties.
8. That he is not a drunkard.
9. That he is not subject to fits or convulsions, and has no infection or disorder that would unfit him for the duties of a soldier in the United States army.
10. That the applicant shall write a good hand, and possess a fair English education."

DRUNK BY MISTAKE.—A good joke is told on a North-end man: He had been quite ill for several days, from the effects of a severe cold. A few nights since he arose from his bed to take a dose of medicine—a cough preparation. Picking up in the darkness a bottle which he supposed contained the proper medicine, he took several swallows. Holy horrors! the bottle from which he drank contained some of Flint's Magic Oil. He discovered his mistake by the way it burned his throat, and went dancing about the room like a young colt with his neither garment fluttering in the breeze. His gyrations aroused his wife, who gazed in wonderment and pity on the antics of her husband, supposing him a fit subject for the insane asylum. After calling over half a dozen others, and a cradle, he waltzed up to a table, and began fumbling for the water pitcher. His hand rested on a glass tumbler, and hastily raising it to his burning lips quaffed off the contents. It proved to be full of corn whisk for the baby. The internal fluid neutralized the effects of the oil, but our hero has firmly resolved never to take any more medicine without first lighting a lamp.

GRAND CONCERT.—Elsewhere we publish in full the programme of the grand vocal and instrumental concert to be given on Tuesday evening March 2d. In addition to the Amateur Musical Society, numbering some fourteen persons, Miss Clementine Mayer, the talented and popular vocalist, Miss Jennie Rosenheim, the brilliant pianist, Miss Emma Gilmer, Messrs. Townsend, Brenner, Theilsen, DePuy and others have generously tendered their services on the occasion. The entire performance will be under the personal direction of Mr. Simon Harris, who will wield the *baton*. A programme of unusual excellence will be presented, and a rich and rare musical treat is promised.

DRAMATIC EN

ON AND COMMISSION.
B. RICHARDSON,
CTIONEER
OF FROST AND OAK STS.
Auction Sales
STATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MER
CHANDISE AND HORSES.
s—Wednesday and Saturday
At Private Sale,
ment of GROCERIES, and LIQUOR
advances made on Consignments.
ferlining Housekeeping, Lewis &
urchase Second-Hand Furniture.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.
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OF
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Merchandise, Etc.,
ESDAY, MARCH 3, 1875,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
GROCERIES,
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O, SOAP,
ney SOAP.
Japan TEA.
ASHING POWDER.
ALSO,
ODS AND CLOTHING.
ALSO,
el FIRE IRONS
LVANIZED BUCKETS.
FRY PANS.
ALSO,
S and FRAMES
CKS, &c.
ALSO,
M, DINING ROOM AND KITCHE
RE.
A. B. RICHARDSON,
INSURANCE.
THE STATE
blument & Insuranc
COMPANY.
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
E AND MARINE
corporated in 18
ssets, - - $129,0
OFFICERS:
ONAHUE, A. J. BRYANT
President.
TARLES H. CUSHING
pany has no connection
mbination; its busin
Paying Rates; can
to its own merits.
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rates at equitable
A. P. HOTALING & CO.,
Office—23 Front st
gents for Oregon and W
gents wanted throughou
an's Fund Insurance
OF CALIFORNIA
IRE AND MARINE
Exceed - $627,003
OREGON BRANCH
F. 74 Street, corner of Alder.
EDWARD HALL, Manag
BOOTS AND SHOES.
ADE TO ORDER
IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF
BOOTS, made to order, go to
J. RIGAUD,
No. 5 Wall
iring promptly attended to.
E. CORBETT'S
y, Hack & Feed Stable
(FIRE PROOF),
ECOND AND TAYLOR STREE
ble Charges for Hire.
ention paid to Boarding Horses.
OBSERVED PRICES:
$1.50 per hour;
$1.50 first hour, $1 each addi
50 cents each passenger.
$5 per Hack.
from Balls and Parties, $2 a
let at STABLE OF FISHEL
attended to at any hour.
OSALS for BRICK WO
FOR THE
ATE CAPITOL BUILDING
AT SALEM.
L. BRADLEY & CO.
WARRANTED
E WHITE LEAD
NEW YORK.
ns White Lead Works
IN
lbs. of 25 pounds each
Kegs of 250 lbs and 100 lbs
Kegs of 50 lbs and 25 lbs
ITED IF ADULTERATE
Sale to the Trade in Lots to Suit by
A. HAYWARD, Sole Agent,
224 CALIFORNIA STREET
M. PFUNDER,
EMICARY AND CHEMIS
EUTSCHE APOTHEKE,
of First and Oak streets, (Portlan
SCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY
WANTED!
NDS OF RAW FURS FOR SHIPPIN
choice qualities for Home Consumption
we will pay the HIGHEST PRICES.
HURWELLER & GUTMANN,
toring Furriers, 66 First street, between
Oak. feb28m3
REW'S SOCIETY OF OREGON
ST REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING
Society will be held in their Rooms
building, on Monday evening at 8 o'clock
1875.
ndance is requested.
J. KEITH WILSON, Secretary.

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 1, 1875.

CITY.

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2. Hight, not less than 5 feet 6 inches.
3. That his chest exceeds 31 inches.
4. That he has the free use of all his limbs.
5. That his hearing, vision and speech are perfect.
6. That he has no tumors, or ulcerated or diseased cicatrized legs, or rupture or cutaneous affection.
7. That he has received no contusion or wound in the head that may impair his faculties.
8. That he is not a drunkard.
9. That he is not subject to fits or convulsions, and has no infection or disorder that would unfit him for the duties of a soldier in the United States army.
10. That the applicant shall write a good hand, and possess a fair English education."

HARD ON MORMONS.—A good joke is told on a fourth-end man. He had been quite ill for several days, from the effects of a severe cold. A few nights since he arose from his bed to take a dose of medicine—a cough preparation. Picking up in the darkness a bottle which he supposed contained the proper medicine, he took several swallows. Holy horrors! the bottle from which he drank contained some of Fink's Magic Oil. He discovered his mistake by the way it burned his throat, and went prancing about the room like a young colt with his neither garment fluttering in the breeze. His gyrations aroused his wife, who gazed in wonderment and pity on the antics of her husband, supposing him a fit subject for the insane asylum. After stumbling over half a dozen chairs, and a cradle, he waltzed up to a table and began fumbling for the water pitcher. His hand rested on a glass tumbler, and hastily raising it to his burning lips quaffed off the contents. It proved to be full of *sour* salt for the baby. The *lacteal* fluid neutralized the effects of the oil, but our hero has firmly resolved never to take any more medicine without first lighting a lamp.

GRAND CONCERT.—Elsewhere we publish in full the programme of the grand vocal and instrumental concert to be given on Tuesday evening, March 23. In addition to the Arion Musical Society, numbering some fourteen persons, Miss Clementine Mayer, the talented and popular vocalist, Miss Jennie Rosenheim, the brilliant pianist, Miss Emma Giltner, Townsend, Brenner, Thielsen, DePratu, and ——— have generously tendered their services on the occasion. The entire performance will be under the personal direction of Mr. Ballou, who will wield the *baton*. A programme of unsurpassed excellence will be presented, and a rich and more musical treat cannot be enjoyed.

DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENT.—We understand that preparations are being made for the early production in this city of the old and favorite play of "Colleen Bawn," by a company of amateurs. The cast will include professional actors and actresses, with but one exception. The character of "Ann Chute" will be personated by a lady well known in social circles, the wife of a prominent merchant of Portland. All preliminaries have been arranged, and the play is in active course of preparation. Masonic Hall is the place, and last Saturday evening the time selected for the first production of "Colleen Bawn." Full particulars will be given in a few days.

LIST OF PASSENGERS.—Last Saturday the steamer *Ajax* sailed from San Francisco for Portland, with the following passengers: L. White, wife, children and servants, Mr. Goldsmith, lunch-and-wife, Nathan Mayer, Miss E. Winter, A. A. Timmons and wife, J. W. Kenny, G. H. Tabe, W. H. Watkinds, J. H. Ross, C. Ross, J. Curry, E. E. Wilbur, A. W. Hirons, G. H. Gray and wife, J. M. Mitchell, Miss Julia, Henry Rosenfeld, Geo. L. Story, A. S. Haygood and wife, W. K. Leveridge, E. Giddings, S. Lewis, Rev. J. J. Jonokin, Solo Bass, H. C. Kay, E. Voge, R. Hirschfield, Miss I. Fowler, J. W. Felt, N. Eaton and family, W. P. Bates and wife.

THE WRONG STREET.—An unsophisticated countryman was riding in a street car a few days since, and desiring to get off, he arose and grasping one of the leather bands which are used to support persons when standing up in the car, he jerked it furiously and then resumed his seat. The cry did not stop. He became uneasy, and then angry, and finding the cry did not stop, he arose and gave several forcible pulls. Still the cry went on, when our countryman, losing all patience, sprang out and landed flat on his back. He arose and brushing the dirt from his coat poured forth a volley of adjectives for the distance of several blocks.

NORTH BRITISH INSURANCE CO.—As will be seen by to-day's advertising column, the North British Insurance Company has complied with the law, and is ready for business. Its reputation, capital, standing and real merit can leave no doubt the North British is a declared success in Oregon already. The Company has acquired an enviable reputation in this State for all that is desirable in an Insurance Company, and its appearance in the field of experienced and skillful underwriters only adds to its prosperity. We wish the managers all possible prosperity.

RETIRED.—Capt. Jos. H. Wiley, who has been connected with the police force of Portland since the inauguration of the present system, has retired, his resignation taking effect to-day. Mr. B. P. Collins, who has also been connected with the force for some time, is appointed by the Board of Police Commissioners Capt. Wiley's successor. Capt. Wiley, since his connection with the force, has been a faithful, vigilant and competent officer. His many friends will regret to learn of his retirement.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland, Oregon, February 28, 1875:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Thermometer	40°	44°	40°
Wind, direction	S.W.	W.	N.W.
Wind, velocity	5	6	3
Weather	Cloudy	Cloudy	Rain
Minimum temperature			39
Rainfall			.27

LECTURE.—Mr. S. J. McCormick will deliver a lecture this evening at Museum Hall, under the auspices of the Catholic Social Union. His subject will be: "The Catholic Idea in the Discovery of America." Lecture will commence at 8 o'clock. Admission 25 cents.

REHEARSAL.—There will be a full rehearsal at Masonic Hall, this evening of those who propose to take part in the grand vocal and instrumental concert. Those who contemplate participating in the affair are requested to be in attendance.

WAIVED AN EXAMINATION.—Jas. S. Layfield, the young man who was arrested for forging a note, was arraigned in police court on Saturday morning, for examination. The young man waived an examination and was held to answer the charge in the sum of $300. He was sent to jail in default of necessary bonds.

MINISTERS' MEETING.—The monthly ministers' meeting will convene at the Methodist parsonage—next door to Taylor street church, on Monday, the 1st day of March, at 2 P. M. All resident and visiting clergymen are invited.

BOARD OF TRADE.—There will be a regular meeting of the Board of Trade on Wednesday evening in Aukeny's building, at 7:30 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

THE DISABLED STEAMER.

The following additional particulars concerning the disabled steamer *Los Angeles*, we obtain from an extra issued from the *Astorian* office under date of Feb. 23d. Says the extra:

The steamship *Los Angeles*, Capt. Scholl, of Goodall & Nelson's line, left San Francisco for Victoria under favorable circumstances, at noon on Saturday, February 20th. All went well until the following Tuesday evening about 7:30 o'clock, when the propeller ceased its revolutions, the helm refused to do its duty. Tossed about by the waves without a sign of release from their agonizing situation, they sighted the steamer from Astoria, but too far distant to be attracted. Capt. Jeff. Howell, a noble hearted and heroic gentleman, who was on board as a passenger, volunteered to take his chances of life or death in the effort to make the land and reach this port, where it was known aid would be rendered immediately. Accordingly Captain Howell, Horace Broughton, second officer of the *Los Angeles*, and four seamen, took to a small boat and pulled for Tillamook Head, landing on Wednesday afternoon near the mouth of Elk creek. Thursday morning they proceeded to Astoria, reaching here about 6 P. M., and within three hours from that time joyful shouts ascended from the dock of the *Los Angeles*. A steamer was coming! *They were saved!*

Capt. Howell applied to Captains Flavel and Wass immediately on reaching here, and steam was soon raised on the *Astoria* for their trip of mercy to drooping spirits, many of whom had given up the hope of rescue. The *Astoria* reached the disabled steamer at half past nine o'clock P. M., took her in tow, and proceeded to Astoria, lying off the bar until this morning, arriving here safely as above stated.

The passengers on the *Los Angeles*, mindful of the deep sense of gratitude they owe to Capt. Howell, for the heroism he has displayed in their behalf, tender him their heartfelt thankfulness in the following

RESOLUTIONS:

Resolved, That we return our thanks to the Giver of all good for sparing the life of our noble benefactor, thus enabling him to reach a haven wherein succor to ourselves was speedily rendered.

Resolved, That the action of Capt. Howell in this matter entitles him to our most sincere gratitude, and that we hereby pledge and express to him that thankfulness of human hearts which is more precious than gold, more enduring than diamonds, in the tender regard which we bear for him, and shall ever hold toward him so long as memory shall dwell within its sacred tabernacle.

Resolved, That we are thankful to Capt. Scholl, the officers, and all on board the steamer *Los Angeles*) for their various kind attentions and attempts to relieve us from our anxiety.

Resolved, That our thanks be returned to Capt. G. Flavel, managing owner, and Capt. A. D. Wass, master of the steam tug *Astoria*, for their promptness in responding to this call upon them for aid and assistance in our distress.

Resolved, That these resolutions be suitably transcribed, and a copy of the same presented to Capt. Howell and Capt. Scholl, and that they be published in the *Astorian*, the San Francisco and Victoria papers.

E. Smith, Kearney, U. S. Marshal, W. T.
John McClellan, British Columbia; James T. Wayson, U. S. Revenue service; Capt. Rich'd Nugent, James Burns, Matt Logan and family, Capt. Bruce, S. B. Guthrie, R. P. Rithet, Geo. W. Haynes, Andrew Rome, James Dean, Jas. Muirhead, Alexander Wilson, W. D. Moore, Victoria; S. P. Moody, Burrard Inlet; A. M. Shields, H. Morris, Aug. Lally, E. B. Shaw, C. C. Chapman, H. W. Marshton, Ira B. Sturgess, W. L. Bolte, A. Wolfe, H. E. Simmons, San Francisco; Captain John Irving, New Westminster; D. Monson, Toronto, Ontario, and others.

Since the arrival at Astoria of the disabled steamer she has been beached and the extent and character of the damage will be determined as soon as possible. Captain Scholl and Howell are now in the city, to look after the necessary repairs of the steamer, and to communicate by telegraph with proper persons at San Francisco, not being able to do so at Astoria.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The streets will soon be thronged with collectors.

Business meeting of the Progress Club this evening.

Scarlet fever is again abroad in the community.

Some of the skaters have not yet removed the heel plates off their boots.

There will be a meeting of the St. Andrew Society this evening at their rooms.

First day of March.—Prepare for bleak winds and cold rains—and the collector.

Frank Arnold, formerly at the postoffice, is connected with a coal mining company at Coos Bay.

The regular monthly *Kraemsten* will take place at Turners' hall this evening. An enjoyable affair is anticipated.

The Willamet Iron Works have been awarded the contract for furnishing the State Capitol with iron the present season.

The offices of the Firemen's Fund Insurance Company and Parrish & Cornell are being removed further northward.

A. F. Naher, for years connected with E. VanKridagh's dry goods store, has gone east and will locate in Minnesota in the same business.

A fiery steed which was not firmly tied, took fright and indulged in a little run from Sixth to Fourth street, yesterday, before being captured.

This afternoon at 4:30 o'clock there will be a children's meeting at the Taylor street M. E. church. In the evening there will be a meeting at the same church.

Mr. Levi Ankeny has gone to San Francisco in the interest of the new theater. During his absence he will consult leading managers about a company for this new dramatic temple.

In Saturday's issue, the name of Mr. Glisan occurs in connection with the report of Dr. G. H. Atkinson, by mistake. The name of Dr. J. G. Glenn should have appeared, that gentleman being one of the school directors.

What can be more trying to the nerves of a clerk than to have a customer come into the store and, after examining nearly every article in the building, choose a three-bit corry-comb and ask if he can get them any cheaper by taking two of them!

A mischievous clerk in a hardware store alarmed about twenty persons yesterday by pounding heavily on an anvil, thereby causing the belief that a fire alarm was sounding. A number of persons rushed down the street hatless and coatless, without noticing the cause, while the clerk stood behind the door and audibly smiled.

AMUSEMENTS.

Masonic Hall was filled on Saturday evening, the occasion being the second rendition of the play of "The Drunkard." The piece was produced in better style and with more pleasing effect than when first offered. As "Edward Middleton" Mr. Ball surpassed his previous effort, and acquitted himself with great credit in the difficult role allotted to him. Mr. T. W. Lockwood as "Cribbs," made a capital "hit" as the hypocritical pettifogger, and won rounds of applause. Mr. Bowes as "Bill Dowton," deserves much credit for his efforts to please. Miss Small, as "Julia Middleton," by her natural and artless manner of rendering the part assigned her, created a very favorable impression on the audience. Mrs. C. H. Kellogg, as "Agnes Dowton" the maiden is deserving of mention, also Miss Hayden, as "Miss Spindle," the confirmed old spinster. Miss Sutherland, as "Mrs. Wilson," rendered the part in an acceptable manner. Manly defects were very noticeable during the play, but considering all the circumstances, it was presented in a satisfactory manner to the large audience.

UP THE EAST SIDE TO SALEM.

Travel on the railroad is increasing.

Mr. D. Bogart is conductor during the absence of J. H. Bellinger from the State. This gentleman has had experience, and in time will become popular.

During the past few days Mr. J. B. Dexter has acted in place of Mr. Graden as mail agent. The train men and P. O. officials have a standing joke on him. He enjoys it as well as others.

Only three freight trains leave the east side depot each week.

Matters at the machine shops appear very quiet.

At Woodburn, one of the Mathoit Bros., of that place, is finishing a comfortable dwelling.

Cal. Scovill carries the mail and express to and from the Salem depot. He has transferred his interest in the Dallas-Salem mail route.

Considerable competition exists between the runners of the Chemeketa and Commercial hotels.

Salem streets are extremely muddy.

A number of Portland lawyers are in attendance at the circuit court now in session.

Willamette Woolen Mills are again in operation, employing over one hundred persons.

The editors of the local dailies are at sword's points. Mr. S. A. Clarke, of the *Record*, is doing all the writing for that paper.

The State printing will be finished within the next ten days. The printers enjoy their leisure hours with the ladies, who rank among the prettiest and most accomplished of their sex in the State.

Base ballists practice while the sun shines. The College club will organize, but they may anticipate trouble in arranging for a series with the Portland clubs.

The new postoffice is large, airy and convenient. Mr. Rickey having charge of it, there is nothing surprising in the previous remark. A more accommodating official it would be difficult to find. Frank E. Hodgkin, formerly of the Portland office, is in the harness again. The postmaster feels perfectly serene, notwithstanding the efforts of a few to dislodge him.

Mr. Ramsby, formerly mail carrier on the Portland-Silverton route, is now running between the latter place and Salem.

Mr. J. W. Crawford is agent for the OREGONIAN and promises to make a good one. He has recently purchased the tin store of L. Myers & Co.

Your regular correspondent will keep you well informed about matters that may transpire in and about the capital.

EAST PORTLAND ITEMS.

Sundry additions and improvements have recently been made to the Oriental hotel.

Barney Trainor who has been confined to his house for some time with illness, is again able to be out.

W. S. Gordon has erected two large water tanks near his tin and stove store, one of which has a capacity of 350 gallons and the other 300 gallons. They will prove valuable in case of fire.

Mr. Jackson Powell, while stepping off the porch in front of the City hotel this morning, slipped and fell. He struck upon his left side and was so severely injured that Dr. Raffety's assistance had to be secured.

Douglas Powell, a son of Mr. John Powell, while practicing on a horizontal bar, on Wednesday, fell to the ground and came near dislocating his neck. Medical attendance was called in, and the boy is all right.

The insane asylum is to be enlarged. An additional wing is to be added to the main building, and is to meet the requirements demanded by an increase in the number of insane people in the State, and add to the comfort and convenience of present inmates.

Says the *Weekly News*: This office is sadly in need of a fighting editor, and under this heading we are just now open to any number of proposals—the more the better. A candidate for the position must be six feet in hight, rounded after the style of old Hercules, weigh a ton, own a hungry bull-dog, and be generally one of them fellows "on wheels."

SOCIAL EVENTS.

On Tuesday evening the fourth annual ball will be given at Masonic temple, by Baker and Canby Post No. 1 G. A. R. Preparations of an extensive character are being made, and the affair promises to be one of the social triumphs of the season.

The Lecticonian Club invited the East Portland Club to visit them on Friday evening, which was accepted. At 8 o'clock the dancers began to arrive at the hall, and a pleasant time was enjoyed until 1 o'clock when the party broke up. The Lecticonian Club will meet no more this year, after next Friday evening.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

Buchtel & Stolte's first-class photograph gallery, *established in* 1853, possesses all the facilities to do better work than any other gallery in the State. All the new styles in the Eastlake made in our rooms. We preserve ALL OUR NEGATIVES, and have at present over 12,000 on hand, from which duplicate copies can be had at any time. We have engaged the services of Mr. Chas. Hasselman, late of Savony's, in New York, and Bradley & Rulofson and G. D. Morse's, San Francisco. Oil paintings, photographs in water colors, or India ink, and also the beautiful crayon pictures, executed in a superior style. Call and examine specimens.

Thousands have tested the coffee furnished by Pabre & Barnes, at Central Market.

Although there is no immediate prospect of the building of the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad, the firm of BECK & WALDMAN are still prepared to give customers, old and new, the very best bargains in clothing. They have a splendid stock and propose to keep it complete. New Goods arrive per every steamer. Youths' clothing constitutes a specialty at this house. Call to day, or at any time you happen to pass.

TEMPTING DEATH.

Every man or woman afflicted with a cough or cold, which he or she takes no measures to arrest, is tempting death. There is not a drug store in the land where HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR may not be procured, and there is no ailment of the lungs or throat tending to consumption, or bronchitis, which it is not competent to cure. Do not suffer cold to accumulate on cold, but arrest the first symptoms of pulmonary disease, and tone and invigorate the breathing organs with this wonderful remedy.

PIKE'S TOOTH-ACHE DROPS—Cure in one minute.

The Wrong Side of the Meridian.

On the down hill side of life, which an old medical writer quaintly terms "the wrong side of the meridian," when the functions decay and the frame gradually bends under the weight of years, the system requires to be sustained under the burden imposed upon it. Innumerable physical ailments and infirmities then press upon it to which it had been earlier life a stranger. The surest and pleasantest support and solace of declining years is found in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, long recognized as the most wholesome and agreeable of diffusible stimulants, the most potent of tonics and alteratives. The aged and infirm may place implicit confidence in this invigorating elixir, which not only checks those maladies to which elderly persons are peculiarly subject, but in a measure retards the encroachment of time upon the constitution.

IMPORTANT.—Indorsed by the Medical profession. Dr. Wm. HALLS BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Chest. DR. TOWNSLEY'S TOOTHACHE ANODYNE cures in one MINUTE.

Wild Cherry Balsam.—The memory of Dr. Wistar is embalmed in the hearts of thousands whom the BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY has cured of coughs, colds, consumption, or some other form of pulmonary disease. It is now over forty years since this preparation was brought before the public, and yet the demand for it is constantly increasing.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL—the world's great remedy for Colds, Coughs, Consumption, and all affections of the Lungs and Throat.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. } { E. C. LORD, Portland

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

Sole Agents for the J. H. Cutter

Old BOURBON WHISKY

And Importers of

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

421 Jackson St., San Francisco,

And 23 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

THE KING'S ENGLISH.

PORTLAND, Feb. 27, 1875.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

In your issue of to-day I find the report of the City Superintendent of Public Schools, Mr. S. W. King. He speaks extensively of the excellence of the school registers (gotten up by himself and now in use in our schools) and says that they give the name of the "party" punished. I am surprised that the Superintendent makes use of the word "party" in that sense. I suppose he means "pupil." He says "he doubted the correctness of the number of pupils enrolled last year, and is now convinced that the number is wrong." Does this mean that the number was wrong at that time?

In reference to examinations, he writes that the principals were called together and unanimously agreed in writing to all plans and changes that were made." What changes were these, when were they made and who made them?

It might be interesting to read the tripartite agreement, written by the Superintendent, which the respected principals were required to sign by the Superintendent. It may be model for its diplomacy, if not for its classic English.

The tax-payers of Portland must be gratified to learn that the questions for the examination covered one hundred pages of closely written foolscap and twenty-five pages of letter paper; but some of them would be better pleased if the Superintendent would write better and purer English than is to be found in his last report. The use of the infinitive active for the infinitive passive of a verb, is a blunder which should not be found in any composition; but our Superintendent uses "to announce" for "*to be announced*." I shall not call attention to any more of the mistakes and involved constructions with which this educational document bristles. I am surprised and sorry that they should be found in a report of the Public Schools of Portland, and published over the signature of Mr. S. W. King, who talks so freely about "live practical teachers." Let us have more culture and purity of diction in school reports, which will be read by our own children and the children and teachers of our sister States. TAXPAYER.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

The very finest photographs are now taken at the new firm of Shuster & Dennie, who have just refitted their rooms, corner of First and Yamhill.

KOHN, the Clothier, is at present, in San Francisco purchasing new goods for the Spring trade, a portion of which will be shipped on the *Ajax* to arrive about the 6th prox. the. During his absence the clerks in charge of the establishment will attend to the wants of old and new customers. For rare bargains go to Kohn's, opposite National Bank. They can provide you with anything in the clothing line. Do not delay, but call while the opportunity to buy cheap is offered.

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.

Save yourself many dollars in money and many pangs of pain by keeping BRATT'S ADOLITION OIL constantly on hand and using it for all lameness and pain. The great popularity of our ADOLITION OIL is owing to the fact that we spare neither labor nor expense in preparing it. *We always have and always shall keep it up to its original standard of unparalleled excellence.* ADOLITION OIL cures rheumatism, pains, sprains, stiff and swollen joints, bruises, neuralgia, lame back, pleurisy, sciatica, sore throat, cramps, colic, cholera morbus, diarrhœa, nervous head-ache, tooth-ache, ear-ache and all aches and pains internal and external. Sold by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD,

Strengthen and regulate your system. Renew your age. You can *do it* by using the Regulator and Purifier, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Stir up your torpid liver; stimulate your kidneys; regulate your bowels; cure and prevent fever and ague, piles, dyspepsia, jaundice, dropsy, heart disease, and all bilious complaints with the great vegetable remedy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBoyle & Co., Druggists, 504 Washington street San Francisco, manufacturers and sole proprietors.

REMOVED.

C. H. MYERS,

PLUMBER, GAS AND STEAM FITTER,

HAS REMOVED TO

Corner Front and Taylor Streets.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

WANTS.

WANTED.

SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER, BY AN AMERican Lady. Good reference given. Address "B," this office.

TO LET.

FOR RENT.

A SUIT OF ROOMS, UNFURNISHED OR UNfurnished, and one single room, furnished in a private family, and Board, within five minutes walk of Front street. Inquire at THIS OFFICE.

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Money loaned on real estate and personal security. Legal Tenders bought and sold. GOLD DUST BOUGHT. Interest allowed on time deposits of coin. Exchange on S. F.

E. M. BURTON,

ARCHITECT.

Over H. Boyd's Insurance Office, on First, Bet. Washington and Stark Streets,

PORTLAND.

H. W. DILG,

Locksmith, Safe-Maker & Bell-Hanger,

Washington Street, between First and Front.

MY PATRONS AND CUSTOMERS WILL FIND me at the above place ready at a moment's notice to do any kind of work in my line.

Locks and Safes repaired at short notice and in No. 1 style. Bells hung in the latest style. Patent models made to order. ds1-3m

CORBITT & MACLEAY

OFFER FOR SALE THE CARGO OF the "Battle Mackay," now landing, and other recent arrivals from Honolulu, direct:

5464 kegs assorted grades Island Sugars,

100 bags Kona Coffee,

100 " Island Rice;

100 tons Puuloa Salt;

100 bbls. Molasses,

In quantities to suit the Trade, at Importing rates.

CORBITT & MACLEAY.

Portland, Feb. 13, 1875. fe15d1m

OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY

OFFICE & HACK STABLES,

S. W. Corner of Second and Stark Streets.

CARRIAGE RATES!

Calling, $1 50 first hour; $1 00 for each additional hour.

Riding, $1 50 per hour.

To or from Trains and Steamboats, 50 cents each person.

To and from Balls and Parties, $2 00 a couple.

Funerals, $3 00 a Hack.

☞ All orders given to the Drivers, or left at the office, will be promptly attended to, day or night.

GEORGE MORROW. WILLIAM SCOTT.

GEO. MORROW & CO.

GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

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CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

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Refer by permission to R. C. KINNEY, Salem, Ogn

ja22d6m

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

CLARENDON HOTEL.

L D Morgan, Olympia
W Sullivan, Roseburg
J McDonald, "
C Rich, "
Miss M Smith, Seattle
Miss Sheppard, Salem
S Weatherby, Corvallis
A D Simpson, F C
C B Plummer, "
L Royden, Salem
T Phillip, "
A W Stowell, Eugene
G Thornton, "
J Goldberry, "
C L Smith, "
L B Kent, Jacksonville
C F Ferry, Tacoma
G H Greer, Tumwater
H Jackson, O C
J Matthew, Cal
C Fegg, Springfield.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

S Hoxie, Eugene
J Swift, Maine
T Barnett, O C
J K Bull, Ind
J J Hird, S F
J Plosky, Wheatcom
Mrs H N Patridge, Dalles
C A Smith, P T
J Swirlad, Victoria
N Welch, Astoria
S W Hayes, Halsey
Dr Nicklin, Amity
J S Jones, Oysterville
A H Baker, Yamhill

ST. CHARLES HOTEL.

Miss Delamun, F G
P A Spicer, Mich
F Bernier, St Paul
J Caldwell, Rossburg
J Gibson, Salem
R S Barnard, Cathlamet
J B Martin, Albany
S S Effey, Astoria
J Glidden, Oak Point
W Lee,
C A Smith, P T

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

A Malovitz, Clifton
Dr Copein, St John
E Patterson, Columbia river
D K Cook, S F
St D Ives, "
J L Reimerson, Rainier
S Mansfield, Weston
C Swan, S F
O S Savage, Dalles
J D Howell, S F
J W Moore, Eugene
W H Countiss, Iola
C W Hanson, Astoria
F C Sholl, Los Angeles
J Hutton, "
R D Ferris, Victoria
R Baker, "
J H D Gray, Astoria
G P Sampson, do

GEO. H. CHANCE, Dentist.

Office—First Street,

(Nearly over Express Office,)

PORTLAND.

Hesperian Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner of First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Harmony Encampment No. 4, C. of H. C.—Meets Tuesday Evenings at Good Templars' Hall, corner Third and Alder streets, at 7½ o'clock.

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Aug. 2d, 1874, at 4 A. M.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),

As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Roseburg	7:20 P. M.
Roseburg	5:00 A. M.	Portland	4:15 P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

As follows:

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	8:30 P. M.	Albany	8:55 P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	10:05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	5:15 A. M.	Junction	6:00 P. M.
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Pass trains connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at Roseburg with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

☞ Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office.

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing

PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 4 o'clock P. M.

E. P. ROGERS, J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.

To take effect Monday, November 23, 1874, at 9 A. M.

Daily Trains will run between

PORTLAND and ST. JOSEPH

AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	2:00 P. M.	St. Joseph	5:00 P. M.
St. Joseph	7:00 A. M.	Portland	10:00 A. M.

Connecting at Cornelius with Stages for Forest Grove; at St. Joseph for all points South and West—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

Passengers received at Fourth street, adding on giving signal to the train, but are prohibited from getting on or off the train at any other point on the street.

Passengers getting on the train at Ticket Stations without tickets will be charged twenty-five cents extra.

On and after Sunday, August 16, there will be no train run on Sunday.

Freight received at the Company's New Warehouse, and will not be received for shipment after 4 P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Kalama	7:20 A. M.	Tacoma	5:20 P. M.
Tacoma	6:30 A. M.	Kalama	4:40 P. M.

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamer for all points on Puget Sound daily, and on Thursdays and Saturdays with Steamer for Victoria and Sidney Mines.

Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE, General Superintendent.

H. W. FAIRWEATHER, General Ticket Agent.

Kalama, W. T., Feb. 1, 1875.

WINDOW GLASS.

350 BOXES,

AT COST OF IMPORTATION

FROM ENGLAND,

Sizes from 8x10 to 28x40,

IN LOTS TO SUIT.

FOR SALE BY

GEO. L. STORY,

PORTLAND.

Orders can be left with J. M. CRAWFORD, at KILDUFF'S AUCTION HOUSE.

WANTED!

WE WILL PAY THE HIGHEST PRICES for good lots of

Wheat, Barley, Oats, Potatoes,

&c., &c., &c.

EVERDING & FARRELL.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION

PUBLIC READING ROOM.

LOCAL AND EASTERN PAPERS, AND MAGazines—a warm, comfortable room where the citizen and stranger—especially young men—are always welcome.

Noon meetings daily, except Sundays, from 12:15 till 1 P. M.

Room No. 1, over Ladd & Tilton's Bank, corner of Stark and First streets.

W. C. CHATHAM, General Secretary.

CITY FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP

JOHN HUNEYM,

Corner Columbia and First Sts., Salem, Oregon.

HAVING recently enlarged my Works, I am now prepared to fill all orders for any Work in our line, viz:

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY ENGINES, GRIST AND SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, IRON FRONTS.

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS of every description furnished at short notice at lowest market rates.

Repairing promptly attended to. ja27d1y

WILLAMET IRON WORKS,

Incorporated September 14, 1865,

CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "E" STREETS.

P. FITTBOGEN, Secretary.....PETER TAYLOR, President

IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, BOILER MAKERS, GENERAL MACHINISTS AND ENGINE BUILDERS,

MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE

High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 1, 1875.

For the Oregonian.

TO EMMA.

The glowing beams of blushing morn
No brighter crystal can adorn,
Than bathes the rose at early dawn,
Upholding all its charms anew.

And thus I breathe, in love's pure flame,
The sweetest perfume ever known,
When Emma smiles and bids me claim
The little hand she calls my own.

My own, my darling, my dear friend,
Her lovely, little diamond hand,
Than others far more lovely seems,
Is matchless seen in fairy land.

By true Livar in loudest dreams.

And then from ruby lipshe sips
The purest joy that mortal can mar,
And still to sip those ruby sips
Is all the joy of her Livar.

The maidest lily bows her head,
The lovely rose is crimsoned over,
When dallying on their fragrant bed
Where dallied oft the morn before.

More modest is my darling child,
With sweeter grace and sweetness rare,
The tenderest love his heart beguiled,
As angels breathe a purer air.

LIVAR.

A WILD HORSE.

TAMING A WILD HORSE IN MEXICO—A GRAPHIC SKETCH.

Preparations began for saddling the wild horse; no easy task, for, in order to saddle him, it was necessary to keep him on his legs; and as if he guessed the object of the vaqueros, he began to kick up furiously. A lasso was passed under the fetlock of the left hind leg, and fastened tightly to the breast-leather of the horse, so as to press the thigh against the belly.

The right front leg was bent by the same means, and thus kept in equilibrium, the horse was condemned to immobility.

Benito seized his heavy saddle by the pummel and threw it over the back of the horse, who shook and trembled when his loins felt the burden, and the large wood-en stirrups rebounded against his side. The girth was violently tightened under the belly, and the vaquero seated himself on the ground to fasten the spurs on his feet.

At this moment, I glanced toward the stand. Maria Antonio was motionless, but her large black eyes, immoderately open, sparkled in her now pale face, and the agitation of her bosom betrayed her secret.

Don Ramon himself seemed frightened, and once or twice was about to recall the permission which exposed the intrepid young man to almost certain death. But he said nothing.

When Benito had fastened his spurs, the bonds which kept the horse's legs were loosened, and the leathern bandage tied over his eyes.

Yet, though held by the rope which twisted his lip, the furious leaps of the animal prevented his being mounted.

He was forced down on his knees, and two vaqueros, each lifting one of his ears, kept him thus a second. Benito sprang on the horse's back.

"Let him go," he exclaimed in a firm voice.

The two vaqueros quickly jumped back whilst the wild animal started up as if moved by some concealed mechanism.

Owing to the leathern bandages that blinded him, he at first stood on his legs, trembling with upturned nostrils.

Benito availed himself of this short respite to seat himself firmly in the saddle, leaned forward, and raised the bandage that covered the animal's eyes.

Then commenced a truly admirable struggle between the man and the beast.

Frightened at the sudden light which dazzled his bloodshot eyes, shaking his tangled mane, which stood erect with rage, the fiery animal neighed terribly, and bounded towards the four points of the compass, as if to scent the wind.

Benito, without seeming shaken by these impetuous bounds, still kept on the defensive, roughly kicking away at the beast's mouth, as it tried to bite his legs. The foiled animal reared suddenly on his haunches. In vain the spurs running into his groins made him rear. Instead of falling on his legs, he threw himself violently on his back.

The spectators all screamed; but the pummel of the saddle alone knocked against the earth with a lugubrious sound. Benito, foreseeing the shock, had sprung rapidly to the ground.

In the midst of a cloud of dust, the astonished spectators soon beheld the horse-tamer leap into the saddle by the outside, against equestrian rules, at the moment when the bewildered horse got up neighing. The vaquero, in turn, appeared mad with fury. For the first time in his life he had been unhorsed. Impatient to revenge this insult, his legs never ceased pressing the horse's flegs, but to trace bloody furrows with the spurs under his belly; his hands only left hold of the horse-hair snaffle but to shower down blows on the enraged animal's bruised skin!

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Either the vaquero was one of those whom danger and applause intoxicated, or he thought himself able to do still more, for he profited by this truce to draw a sharp knife out of the garter of his boots.

"Hallo!" exclaimed Don Ramon, a less impassive spectator of a struggle in which, apparently, the life of a horse was in question; "is the rascal going to cut the horse's throat?"

Indignation flashed from Maria Antonia's black eyes at the supposition that a man whom she had distinguished could be a coward, and a superb smile of pride lighted up her features at the sight of Benito, who, in a fit of wild temerity, intoxicated, no doubt, by the presence of his beloved, had cut the horse's snaffle, and thus placed himself, without bridle, at the mercy of an untameable animal.

Freed from the bozal which compressed his nostrils, the horse noisily breathed the air of the forests, shook the waves of his golden mane, and set off in the direction of the lopped tree.

Such was the impetuosity of his career, that it seemed impossible to prevent his dashing against the obstacle in his way. Nothing, therefore, could prevent the rider from the fate awaiting him.

The horse was only a few yards off the fatal trunk, when by a sudden and unexpected movement, Benito pulled off his broad-brimmed hat, and, at the moment when a final bound was about to end the struggle, the hat interposed between the tree and the horse, made the latter spring with terror in another direction. We then witnessed the singular spectacle of a rider without a bridle guiding his unmanageable horse, which sprang from side to side as the bugbear passed from one eye to the other.

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Corn—Large yellow, $1 45.

Hay—$10@12 50.

Potatoes—Choice Goodrich's trading $1 50; market dull at $1 65@1 85.

Onions—Silverskins, $2½@3; red, $1 75@2.

Dairy Products—Fresh roll butter, 32½@; best northern dairies cheese, 15@17½.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—There are quite a number of lots offered in the market, but it is only in rare instances that holders are willing to accept the rates ruling. When they do, it is at about $1 37½ per central, at which price several of the usual buyers are out of the market. The very depressed condition of the foreign markets tends to repress any activity, unless, except on part of those who have vessels at hand and must make purchases to load them. The cargoes for all the vessels under engagement and at hand, unsecured, are about filled, or nearly so, at present. We regret that rates are not higher, but are forced to the conclusion that the rates of freight and the prices abroad justify no more than shippers are now doing. The Pioneer, in its turn, appeared mad with fury. For the first time in his life he had been unhorsed. Impatient to revenge this insult, his legs never ceased pressing the horse's flegs, but to trace bloody furrows with the spurs under his belly; his hands only left hold of the horse-hair snaffle but to shower down blows on the enraged animal's bruised skin!

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The barks Wetterhorn and Corsica, both have their cargoes in sight, and will be loaded the ensuing week.

The schooner Superior and barkentine Portland have their cargoes nearly all out, and will receive return freights in a day or two.

The bark Midas has cargoes and lies disengaged at Pacific wharf.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 27.—Arrived—Bark Clara R Sutil, Kapsuka; bark Clara Bell, Mangle; German bark Brittania, Glasgow; Br. ship Vancouver, Sydney; Br. ship Cormorant, Liverpool; Br. ship Loch Ryan, Sydney; Fr. bark Augusta, Noselevich; N. S. W.

Sailed—Ship Roswell Sprague, Fort Townsend; bark Oakland, Port Townsend; str. Alex. Portland; Br. ship McCallum Moore, Liverpool; Br. ship Benfield Hall, Liverpool; Br. ship Lizzie Hall, Liverpool; bark Coloma, Honolulu Island; str Montauk, Panama.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 28.—Arrived—Bark Rival, Honolulu; str. Montauk, Panama.

Sailed—Ship Revere, Port Discovery; bark Buena Vista, Fort Gamble; bark Isaac Jeanes, Seabeck; Br. ship Colombo, Queenstown.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 27, 1 P. M.—Flour—Extra, $5@5 12½.

Wheat—Choice, $1 55.

Barley—Good to choice cons. brewing, $1 30@1 40; extra, $1 50@1 55.

Oats—Common, $1 65; choice feed, $2 50@2 60.

Rye—Good, $1 20@.

Corn—Large yellow, $1 45.

Hay—$10@12 50.

Potatoes—Choice Goodrich's trading $1 50; market dull at $1 65@1 85.

Onions—Silverskins, $2½@3; red, $1 75@2.

Dairy Products—Fresh roll butter, 32½@; best northern dairies cheese, 15@17½.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—There are quite a number of lots offered in the market, but it is only in rare instances that holders are willing to accept the rates ruling. When they do, it is at about $1 37½ per central, at which price several of the usual buyers are out of the market. The very depressed condition of the foreign markets tends to repress any activity, unless, except on part of those who have vessels at hand and must make purchases to load them. The cargoes for all the vessels under engagement and at hand, unsecured, are about filled, or nearly so, at present. We regret that rates are not higher, but are forced to the conclusion that the rates of freight and the prices abroad justify no more than shippers are now doing. The Pioneer, in its turn, appeared mad with fury. For the first time in his life he had been unhorsed. Impatient to revenge this insult, his legs never ceased pressing the horse's flegs, but to trace bloody furrows with the spurs under his belly; his hands only left hold of the horse-hair snaffle but to shower down blows on the enraged animal's bruised skin!

But, as yet, neither had the advantage; and, after a few minutes of furious struggle, the two antagonists stood still for a moment.

Applause resounded on all sides; and certainly, to meet the admiration of those centuries, it was necessary to have accomplished more than it is usually given man to accomplish.

Either the vaquero was one of those whom danger and applause intoxicated, or he thought himself able to do still more, for he profited by this truce to draw a sharp knife out of the garter of his boots.

"Hallo!" exclaimed Don Ramon, a less impassive spectator of a struggle in which, apparently, the life of a horse was in question; "is the rascal going to cut the horse's throat?"

Indignation flashed from Maria Antonia's black eyes at the supposition that a man whom she had distinguished could be a coward, and a superb smile of pride lighted up her features at the sight of Benito, who, in a fit of wild temerity, intoxicated, no doubt, by the presence of his beloved, had cut the horse's snaffle, and thus placed himself, without bridle, at the mercy of an untameable animal.

Freed from the bozal which compressed his nostrils, the horse noisily breathed the air of the forests, shook the waves of his golden mane, and set off, in the direction of the lopped tree.

Such was the impetuosity of his career, that it seemed impossible to prevent his dashing against the obstacle in his way. Nothing, therefore, could prevent the rider from the fate awaiting him.

The horse was only a few yards off the fatal trunk, when by a sudden and unexpected movement, Benito pulled off his broad-brimmed hat, and, at the moment when a final bound was about to end the struggle, the hat interposed between the tree and the horse, made the latter spring with terror in another direction. We then witnessed the singular spectacle of a rider without a bridle guiding his unmanageable horse, which sprang from side to side as the bugbear passed from one eye to the other.

The horse, shuddering with rage, passed thus beneath the stand where Maria Antonio rewarded Benito's fortunate temerity with a glance.

The pride of triumph, which brought out the energetic and masculine beauty of the horseman, and lighted up his brow, over which the wind waved his floating hair, wonderfully justified the young girl's choice.

Giving a fresh impulse to the horse, which was panting and disconcerted by this unexpected resistance, Benito allowed him to take the direction of the forest. We beheld him for a few seconds shaken like a reed by the furious bounds of the animal, but we soon lost sight of him.

A few horsemen followed him; but his course was so rapid that they soon returned to the stand, giving up the pursuit as useless.

He returned in less than an hour, bringing back the hitherto unmanageable horse completely mastered.

JUST RECEIVED

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF THE CELEBRATED "ANCHOR" BRAND

NAILS.

THE BEST NAIL IN MARKET.

Shelf and Builders' Hardware.

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

&c., &c., &c.

67 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK.

JOHN R. FOSTER.

Redemption of Canal and Lock Bonds.

Am't Applicable for Redemption, $43,000.

TREASURER'S OFFICE.

SALEM, Feb. 11, 1875.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned, at his office at Salem until Saturday, March 15th 1875, for the surrender of Bonds issued under provisions of an act of the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon, entitled "An act appropriate funds for the construction of a steamboat canal at the Willamette Falls," approved October 21, 1870, in amount equal to the cash on hand for the purchase thereof, at a rate not to exceed ninety-five per cent of the par value of said bonds, as provided by an act of the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon, entitled "An act to authorize the State Treasurer to convert currency funds into coin in certain cases, and also to pay off the Lock Bonds," approved October 26, 1871.

All proposals must be sealed and addressed to the State Treasurer, Salem, Oregon.

A. H. BROWN
State Treasurer.

fe13d1w

JAS. L. KING
Notary Public.

EDW'D CHATTIN
Commissioner for Oregon

KING & CHATTIN,

(Successors to F. J. Thibault, deceased,)

Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds

For all the States and Territories,

CONVEYANCERS,

REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENTS

Office—413 California St., San Francisco, California.

☞ Particular attention given to the taking of Depositions.

d10d6m1pwcm

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No. 1606.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING A CONTRACT for a sidewalk and apron at Lot 6, Block 50.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to contract for a suitable sidewalk and apron in front of Lot 6, Block No. 50, provided that the cost thereof shall not exceed seventy-five dollars.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875:

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1607.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the Fire Department Fund.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums be and hereby appropriated out of the Fire Department Fund to the several objects hereinafter named, to be expended under the provisions of Ordinance No. 134, or in such other manner as the Common Council may by Ordinance direct, to-wit:

For the construction of cisterns and connecting cisterns with water mains, twenty-five hundred dollars.

For the erection and repairs of fire hydrants, five hundred dollars.

For the erection and repairs of fire engine houses, six hundred dollars.

For repairs to engines and fire apparatus and for furnishing supplies to the Fire Department, one thousand dollars.

For the purchase of hose and couplings, fifteen hundred dollars.

For the purchase of two hose carriages, fourteen hundred dollars.

Section 2. The unexpended balances of all appropriations made out of the Fire Department Fund by Ordinances dated prior to January 1, 1875, are hereby cancelled and returned to said Fund.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1608.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE PURchase and erection of an Automatic System of Telegraphic Fire Alarm.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That the Committee on Fire and Water be and are hereby authorized to contract for the purchase and erection of Telegraph Wires, Signal Boxes, Engine House Gongs, Bell-ringing Apparatus and such other appurtenances as shall be required to establish a system of Automatic Telegraphic Fire Alarm: *Provided*, That there shall be not less than ten Signal Boxes, four Engine House Gongs and one Bell-Ringing Apparatus for large alarm bell; and that the proportional cost of erecting the same shall not exceed the sum of seventy-five hundred dollars.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1609.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING A CONtract for certain work on Block 31.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to contract for the completion of the planking of the south side of B street, between North Fourteenth and North Fifteenth streets, in such manner as they may deem most advisable: *Provided*, That the cost thereof shall not exceed eighty dollars.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1602.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING A CONtract for the erection of a bridge over Public Property are hereby authorized to contract for the completion of the planking of the south side of B street, between North Fourteenth and North Fifteenth streets, in such manner as they may deem most advisable: *Provided*, That the cost thereof shall not exceed eighty dollars.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1603.

AN ORDINANCE FIXING THE PAY OF POlice Commissioners.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The pay of the Police Commissioners is hereby fixed at three dollars per day for each day they are employed.

Section 2. Before any bills of said commissioners for services shall be presented, they shall be certified to be correct by the President of the Board of Police Commissioners.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1604.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING AN APPROPRIAtion out of the "Fund for Interest on Bonds."

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That out of the Special Fund known as the "Fund for Interest on Bonds," there be and is hereby appropriated the sum of seven thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars, for payment of Interest to become due during the year 1875, on certain Bonds issued under the provisions of Ordinances Nos. 626 and 1358.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1605.

AN ORDINANCE EXTENDING THE TIME IN which interments in the Hebrew Cemetery may be made.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Cemetery in the southern portion of the city known as the Hebrew Cemetery, is hereby exempted from the operation of Ordinance No. 94, entitled "An Ordinance to prohibit interments within the city limits," until the 17th day of February, 1876.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1606.

AN ORDINANCE TO REPEAL ORDINANCE No. 1446, entitled "An Ordinance fixing the pay of Police Commissioners."

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That Ordinance No. 1446, entitled "An Ordinance fixing the pay of Police Commissioners," be and is hereby repealed.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1607.

AN ORDINANCE TRANSFERRING A PORTION of the tax levied by Ordinance No. 1597, entitled "An Ordinance levying a tax for General Municipal Purposes," to certain Special Funds.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. In order that the accounts of expenditures for Municipal purposes may be classified and kept under their appropriate heads, and that such expenditures be as nearly as practicable limited to the several objects and amounts heretofore estimated, a portion of the tax levied by Ordinance No. 1597, entitled "An Ordinance levying a tax for General Municipal purposes," be and is hereby transferred and set apart to the certain special funds in the Treasury as follows:

To the Fund for Interest on Bonds, fifteen per cent;

To the Street Fund, thirty-one per cent; and

To the Police Fund, twenty-four per cent.

Such transfer to be made from time to time as the tax is collected.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved, February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Chief of Police Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRtue of a Warrant issued by the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland, dated Feb. 20th, 1875, commanding me to levy upon lots Number 3 and 5 in Block 223 in the city of Portland, and collect assessment thereon, amounting to seventy-eight 56-100 dollars ($78 56) for the improvement of Jefferson street, between Fifth and Eighth streets, I have this day levied upon said lots 3 and 5 in Block 223 in said city of Portland, and on MONDAY, the 22d day of March, 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, in front of the court house door in said city of Portland, Multnomah county, State of Oregon, will sell said lots to the highest bidder therefor, to pay said assessment, costs and expenses of sale. Said sale to be for U. S. gold and silver coin.

J. H. LAPPEUS Chief of Police.

Portland, Feb. 26, 1875. fe27tw4t